



Australian Government

Assessment Requirements for SITTVAF010 Fill LPG gas cylinders

Release: 1

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Modification History

Not applicable.

Performance Evidence

Evidence of the ability to complete tasks outlined in elements and performance criteria of this unit in the context of the job role, and:

- safely decant liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) for at least three LPG cylinders following organisational policies and procedures for:
 - storage of tools, equipment and cylinders
 - correct positioning of LPG decanting cylinder
 - handling and transportation of full and empty LPG cylinders
 - filling cylinders
 - testing newly filled cylinders for leaks
- identify a hazardous cylinder and apply organisational policies and procedures for:
 - notifying customers of hazards and offering alternatives
 - retention and safe storage of hazardous cylinders
 - emptying hazardous cylinders as required
 - making cylinders safe
 - reporting and recording the identified hazard or potential hazard
- respond to each of the following emergency situations:
 - leaking decanting cylinder
 - leaking customer cylinder
 - LPG cylinder on fire
 - fire in location of LPG cylinders
 - vehicle driving into decanting cylinder
 - naked flame in proximity of decanting process
 - decanting cylinder leak into drainage system
 - LPG explosion
- complete incident reports for three of the emergency situations listed above.

Knowledge Evidence

Demonstrated knowledge required to complete the tasks outlined in elements and performance criteria of this unit:

- properties of LPG and its potentially highly volatile and dangerous nature
- potential hazards associated with LPG gas and methods of control

- unsafe conditions or environment when working with LPG:
 - damage to plant equipment
 - breaches in procedures
- required warning notices and their correct positioning
- HAZCHEM/HAZMAT symbols associated with LPG
- key aspects of current legislation and standards relating to filling LPG cylinders:
 - Australian New Zealand Standards AS/NZS1596 The storage and handling of LP gas
 - Dangerous Goods Act
 - Work Health and Safety Act
- employer responsibilities under the WHS Act to provide a safe workplace
- safe location of LPG decanting cylinder
- regulatory firefighting equipment for LPG and audit timeframe
- tools and equipment required to fill LPG cylinders
- appropriate safe environment to decant LPG
- safe standards for LPG cylinders:
 - capacity greater than 10kg
 - test pressure greater than 3.3 MPa
 - test date less than 10 years old
 - bleed valve fitted that can be easily operated
 - no rust or other damage
 - no leaking fittings
- personal protective equipment (PPE) for decanting LPG and the reason for wearing each:
 - heavy duty gloves
 - eye protection
 - work boots
- safety procedures for controlling static electricity:
 - earthing of cylinders
 - discharging body build-up of static electricity
- manual handling techniques
- operation and purpose of 'dead man's handle'
- safe capacity of LPG cylinders and how to identify when cylinders are at capacity
- outcomes of over filling cylinders
- how a 'cold burn' occurs and appropriate first aid
- emergency procedures for:
 - leaking decanting or customer cylinder
 - LPG cylinder on fire
 - fire in location of LPG cylinders
 - vehicle driving into the LPG decanting cylinder
 - naked flame in proximity of decanting process
 - decanting cylinder leak into drainage system

- LPG explosion
- environmental standards and safe release procedures for emptying LPG cylinders
- potential impact of LPG leaks to environment, workplace, customers and personnel
- alternative options for customers in the event their LPG gas cylinder must be retained
- organisational policies and procedures for:
 - preparing for decanting LPG
 - decanting LPG
 - finalizing cylinders
 - testing filled cylinders for leaks
 - risk management and workplace safety
 - safe storage and delivery of LPG
 - retention of hazardous cylinders
 - 'making safe' a hazardous cylinder
 - reporting of hazards and incidents or potential hazards and incidents
- reportable unsafe practices:
 - being asked to participate in unsafe work practices
 - failing to replace unsafe damaged property or fittings
 - ignoring direction of safety signage, supervisors, or managers
 - lack of required safety signage
 - lack of training in health and safety procedures and safe work practices
 - seeing others using unsafe work practices
 - broken or malfunctioning equipment.

Assessment Conditions

Skills must be demonstrated in an operational business or activity where LPG cylinder filling is required. This can be:

- an industry workplace; or
- a simulated environment set up for the purpose of assessment.

Assessment must ensure access to:

- relevant documentation:
 - current plain English regulatory documents distributed by the LPG supplier and local work health and safety government regulator
 - policies, procedures, codes of practice and standards issued by government regulators or industry groups
 - LPG safe handling and decanting manuals and signage
 - current organisational policies, procedures and template documents
- safety equipment for decanting LPG
- tools and equipment for decanting LPG
- LPG gas cylinders requiring filling

- LPG decanting cylinder
- customers and colleagues with whom the individual can interact. These can be:
 - customers or colleagues in an industry workplace; or
 - individuals who participate in role plays or simulated activities, set up for the purpose of assessment, in a simulated industry environment operated within a training organisation.

Assessors must satisfy the Standards for Registered Training Organisations' requirements for assessors and have worked in industry for at least three years where they have applied the skills and knowledge of this unit of competency.

Links

Companion Volume implementation guides are found in VETNet -

<https://vetnet.gov.au/Pages/TrainingDocs.aspx?q=68c40a93-e51d-4e0f-bc06-899dff092694>