



Australian Government

SIFEMWK016 Treat complex ante mortem cases

Release: 1

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Modification History

Not applicable.

Application

This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to treat a variety of complex cases of ante mortem complications using radical techniques, where such action is required and likely to be successful, prior to a viewing of the deceased person by the family. The ante mortem cases requiring specialised embalming skills include bariatric deceased persons, deceased persons with emaciation, jaundice and oedema. It applies to embalming staff who work autonomously with a high level of responsibility and according to work health and safety, relevant legislation and workplace policies and procedures.

No licensing, legislative or certification requirements apply to this unit at the time of publication.

Competency Field

Mortuary Work and Embalming

Unit Sector

Embalming

Elements and Performance Criteria

ELEMENTS

Elements describe the essential outcomes.

1. Prepare to treat complex cases of ante mortem complications.
2. Treat bariatric deceased person.

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

Performance criteria describe the performance needed to demonstrate achievement of the element.

- 1.1 Prepare and use personal protective equipment.
- 1.2 Prepare mortuary area and appropriate mortuary instruments and equipment.
- 1.3 Conduct case analysis to identify type of condition through physical examination of the deceased person.
- 1.4 Liaise with funeral staff and family, where appropriate, about the possible outcome of the treatment for viewing purposes.
- 2.1 Determine if assistance is required to move deceased.
- 2.2 Establish best positioning for the embalming

- procedure.
- 2.3 Confirm appropriate primary injection site.
 - 2.4 Determine specific chemicals required including strength and volume.
 - 2.5 Recognise and manage hazards, complications and problems.
3. Treat deceased persons with emaciation.
 - 3.1 Cleanse and disinfect the body.
 - 3.2 Check skin for skin slip and durability.
 - 3.3 Identify extent of emaciation.
 - 3.4 Confirm appropriate primary injection site.
 - 3.5 Determine specific chemicals required including strength and volume.
 - 3.6 Identify hypodermic injection sites for areas requiring feature building.
 - 3.7 Recognise and manage hazards, complications and problems.
 4. Treat deceased persons with jaundice.
 - 4.1 Check whites of eyes for jaundice.
 - 4.2 Cleanse and disinfect the body.
 - 4.3 Check skin for skin slip and durability.
 - 4.4 Identify extent of jaundice condition in relation to bilirubin/biliverdin conversion.
 - 4.5 Confirm appropriate primary injection site.
 - 4.6 Determine specific chemicals required including strength and volume.
 - 4.7 Recognise and manage hazards, complications and problems.
 5. Treat deceased persons with oedema.
 - 5.1 Cleanse and disinfect the body.
 - 5.2 Check skin for skin slip and durability.
 - 5.3 Identify type, location and extent of oedema through physical examination of the deceased person's skin.
 - 5.4 Confirm appropriate primary injection site.
 - 5.5 Determine specific chemicals required including strength and volume.
 - 5.6 Use elevation or other techniques to reduce swelling.
 - 5.7 Check for leakage areas.
 - 5.8 Identify and manage hazards, complications and problems.
 6. Complete documentation and clean instruments, equipment and mortuary area.
 - 6.1 Complete case analysis report including reference to any complications that occurred during treatment and corrective actions taken.
 - 6.2 Clean, disinfect or sterilise instruments and

equipment.

6.3 Dispose of waste materials as appropriate.

6.4 Store instruments and equipment and report faults.

6.5 Clean and disinfect mortuary area.

Foundation Skills

This section describes those language, literacy, numeracy and employment skills that are essential to performance.

Foundation skills essential to performance in this unit, but not explicit in the performance criteria are listed below:

- Learning skills to identify and assess a variety of complex cases of ante mortem complications.
- Reading skills to interpret work health and safety and infection control legislation.
- Numeracy skills to calculate ratio for disinfecting instruments and equipment.

Unit Mapping Information

No equivalent unit.

Links

Companion Volume implementation guides are found in VETNet -

<https://vetnet.gov.au/Pages/TrainingDocs.aspx?q=c2c3131e-4418-4aa3-8ff1-a855c95f7fd6>

Assessment Requirements for SIFEMWK016 Treat complex ante mortem cases

Modification History

Not applicable.

Performance Evidence

Evidence of the ability to:

- identify treatment requirements through a pre-embalming case analysis and treat complex cases of ante mortem complications using correct techniques and following work health and safety/occupational health and safety and infection control practices
- prepare mortuary area and select and use the required instruments and equipment
- clean, disinfect and sterilise the mortuary area, instruments and equipment at conclusion of the treatment
- complete the case analysis report.

Evidence of performance of treating two or more complex ante mortem cases is required to demonstrate consistency of performance and ability to respond to different situations.

Knowledge Evidence

Demonstrated knowledge of:

- requirements for preparing the mortuary facility
- mortuary equipment, instruments and materials and associated uses
- cause and effect of people who have died of infectious and other diseases or complications and the embalming implications of these conditions
- specific body examination techniques for oedema
- case specific chemicals, strengths and volume
- properties of cauterising agents
- anatomical and linear guides for selected arteries raised
- hypodermic insertion procedures for emaciated cases
- hazards, complications and problems that may be associated with treating complex cases of ante mortem complications, including but not restricted to:
 - sharps injuries
 - needle stick injuries
 - blood splash
 - infection
 - chemical spill
 - wet area
- application of standard precautions, including

- use of personal protective equipment
- presumption that all blood and body fluids are infectious
- covering exposed cuts and abrasions, particularly on workers' hands, with waterproof coverings prior to commencement of work
- immediate treatment of puncture wounds or abrasions
- funeral services industry parameters and protocols for dealing with the deceased, including social, cultural and religious considerations
- federal, state or territory, and local government legislation and regulations in relevant to work health and safety/occupational health and safety, infection control and handling human remains
- environmental impacts regarding embalming procedures and minimal impact practices to reduce these
- correct and environmentally sound disposal methods for all types of waste and in particular for hazardous substances
- workplace policies and procedures in relation to treating tissue gas
- funeral services industry parameters and protocols for dealing with the deceased, including social cultural and religious considerations.

Assessment Conditions

Skills must be demonstrated in a mortuary workplace:

- using suitable equipment and resources, including:
 - deceased bodies exhibiting a variety of complex ante mortem cases
 - mortuary instruments and equipment including personal protective equipment, chemicals and cleansing and disinfecting products
- under industry operating conditions where there is:
 - integration of tasks with possible interruptions to work typical of the job role
 - speed and timing requirements that reflect commercial operating conditions
 - interaction with team members

As well as satisfying the NVR/AQTF mandatory competency requirements, assessors must also hold formal qualifications as an embalmer.

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