



Australian Government

Assessment Requirements for PMBPROD368 Repair conveyor belt carcass

Release: 1

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Modification History

Release 1. Supersedes and is equivalent to PMBPROD368B Repair conveyor belt carcass

Performance Evidence

Evidence required to demonstrate competence in this unit must be relevant to and satisfy the requirements of the elements and performance criteria and demonstrate the ability to:

- read and interpret procedures, job specifications, instruments/control panels, material labels and safety data sheets (SDS)
- select repair method and plan and sequence the work
- prepare belt carcass and reinforcements for repairs
- monitor key variables, including:
 - belt cover condition
 - belt location
 - degree of damage
 - forces acting on the conveyor belt
 - environmental conditions
 - lock-out of equipment
- check carcass repair
- make further repairs to remedy faults and non-conformity or tag for further treatment
- identify hazards and apply relevant hazard controls
- apply safety procedures
- apply housekeeping procedures
- apply waste management procedures
- recognise early warning signs of equipment/processes needing attention or with potential problems
- distinguish between causes of problems, including:
 - abrasion
 - impact
 - tearing
 - operational problems
 - materials properties/failure
 - process variables
 - mechanical problems
 - procedural errors
- recognise and prioritise problems requiring action
- resolve non-routine problems
- communicate effectively with team/work group and supervisors
- complete workplace records
- determine the angle and dimensions of the repair
- do basic arithmetical manipulations, including additions, subtractions, divisions, fractions and percentages.

Knowledge Evidence

Must provide evidence that demonstrates knowledge relevant to their job sufficient to operate independently and to solve routine and non-routine problems, including knowledge of:

- function of conveyor systems and relevant isolation procedures
- stresses and tensions on working belts and common causes of failure
- types of belt reinforcement and related repair methods
- requirements for cable lay up and ply replacement in forming a satisfactory repair
- products, materials and material characteristics for carcass repairs
- impact of incorrect or faulty repair processes or materials
- effects of temperature, pressure and time on the curing process
- changes in conveyor and repair materials during the repair process
- impact of variations in raw materials and equipment operation in relation to final product
- factors which may affect product quality or production output and appropriate remedies
- non-routine problems that may arise, the range of possible causes and appropriate actions
- organisation procedures relevant to the work environment/job role
- hierarchy of control
- hazards that may arise in the job/work environment and:
 - their possible causes
 - potential consequences
 - appropriate risk controls.

Assessment Conditions

- The unit should be assessed holistically and the judgement of competence shall be based on a holistic assessment of the evidence.
- In all plants it may be appropriate to assess this unit concurrently with units such as:
 - *MSAPMOPS363 Organise on site work*
 - *PMBPROD369 Repair conveyor belt covers*
- Where the assessee does not currently possess evidence of competency in *PMBPROD265 Operate portable vulcanising equipment* it may be co-assessed with this unit.
- The collection of performance evidence is best done from a report and/or folio of evidence drawn from:
 - a single project which provides sufficient evidence of the requirements of all the elements and performance criteria
 - multiple smaller projects which together provide sufficient evidence of the requirements of all the elements and performance criteria.
- A third-party report, or similar, may be needed to testify to the work done by the individual, particularly when the project has been done as part of a project team.
- Assessment should use a real project in an operational workplace. Where this is not possible or where personal safety or environmental damage are limiting factors assessment must occur using a sufficiently rigorous simulated environment that reflects realistic operational workplace conditions. This must cover all aspects of workplace performance, including environment, task skills, task management skills, contingency management skills and job role environment skills.
- Assessment in a simulated environment should use evidence collected from demonstration of skills and one or more of:
 - walk-throughs
 - pilot plant operation
 - industry-based case studies/scenarios
 - 'what ifs'.
- Knowledge evidence may be collected concurrently with performance evidence or through an independent process, such as workbooks, written assessments or interviews.
- Assessment processes and techniques must be appropriate to the language, literacy and numeracy requirements of the work being performed and the needs of the candidate.
- Conditions for assessment must include access to all tools, equipment, materials and documentation required, including relevant workplace procedures, product and manufacturing specifications associated with this unit.
- The regulatory framework will be reflected in workplace policies and procedures and is not required to be independently assessed.
- Foundation skills are integral to competent performance of the unit and should not be assessed separately.
- Assessors must satisfy the assessor competency requirements that are in place at the time of the assessment as set by the VET regulator.
- In addition the assessor or anyone acting in subject matter expert role in assessment shall demonstrate both technical competency and currency. If the assessor cannot demonstrate technical competency and currency they shall assess with a subject matter expert who does meet these requirements.
- Technical competence can be demonstrated through one or more of:

- relevant VET or other qualification/Statement of Attainment
- appropriate workplace experience undertaking the type of work being assessed under routine and non-routine conditions
- appropriate workplace experience supervising/evaluating the type of work being assessed under routine and non-routine conditions
- Currency can be demonstrated through one or more of:
 - being currently employed undertaking the type of work being assessed
 - being employed by the organisation undertaking the type of work being assessed and having maintained currency in accordance with that organisation's policies and procedures
 - having consulted/had contact with an organisation undertaking the type of work being assessed within the last twelve months, the consultation/contact being related to assessment
 - conducting on the job training/assessments of the type of work being assessed
 - being an active member of a relevant professional body and participating in activities relevant to the assessment of this type of work.

Links

MSA Training Package Implementation Guides - <http://mskills.org.au/training-packages/info/>