



Australian Government

PMBPROD249 Apply liquid surface coatings

Release: 1

PMBPROD249 Apply liquid surface coatings

Modification History

Release 1. Supersedes and is equivalent to PMBPROD249B Apply liquid surface coatings

Application

This unit of competency covers the skills and knowledge required to apply liquid surface coatings to products by hand, spray gun or immersion.

This unit of competency applies to operators who are required to select and prepare materials and equipment, apply surface coatings, check conformity to specifications and recognise routine and non-routine problems and take appropriate action.

This unit of competency applies to an individual working alone or as part of a team or group and working in liaison with other shift team members, team leader and supervisor, as appropriate.

No licensing, legislative or certification requirements apply to this unit at the time of publication.

Pre-requisite Unit

Nil

Competency Field

Production

Unit Sector

Not applicable

Elements and Performance Criteria

Elements describe the essential outcomes.

Performance criteria describe the performance needed to demonstrate achievement of the element.

1	Check work requirements	1.1	Identify work requirements from production plan or request
		1.2	Select and check appropriate equipment or tool/s, techniques and materials to be used
		1.3	Recognise requirements which may not be in accordance with usual practice

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| | | 1.4 | Ask questions of appropriate person to confirm non standard job specifications |
| | | 1.5 | Ensure housekeeping is to requirements |
| | | 1.6 | Identify hazards associated with the job and take appropriate action |
| | | 1.7 | Perform other pre-operational checks in accordance with procedures |
| 2 | Start up surface coating equipment to procedures | 2.1 | Conduct pre-start check on equipment |
| | | 2.2 | Start coating equipment to procedures |
| 3 | Apply surface coating | 3.1 | Check process is operating within required limits |
| | | 3.2 | Check coating is in specification and to required quality standard |
| | | 3.3 | Maintain supply of materials as required |
| | | 3.4 | Collect and segregate scrap, waste and other materials as required |
| | | 3.5 | Complete logs and records as required |
| | | 3.6 | Keep equipment and work area clean |
| | | 3.7 | Shut down equipment as required |
| 4 | Respond to routine problems in accordance with procedures | 4.1 | Recognise known faults that occur during the operation |
| | | 4.2 | Identify and take action on causes of routine faults |
| | | 4.3 | Log problems as required |
| | | 4.4 | Identify non-routine problems and report to designated person |

Foundation Skills

This section describes those required skills (language, literacy and numeracy) that are essential to performance.

Foundation skills essential to performance are explicit in the performance criteria of this unit of competency.

Range of Conditions

This field allows for different work environments and conditions that may affect performance. Essential operating conditions that may be present (depending on the work situation, needs of the candidate, accessibility of the item, and local industry and regional contexts) are included.

Regulatory framework The latest version of all legislation, regulations, industry codes of practice and Australian/international standards, or the version specified by the local regulatory authority, must be used.

Applicable legislation, regulations, standards and codes of practice include:

- health, safety and environmental (HSE) legislation, regulations and codes of practice relevant to the workplace and hazardous materials
- Australian/international standards relevant to the materials being used and products being made
- any relevant licence and certification requirements

All operations to which this unit applies are subject to stringent HSE requirements, which may be imposed through state/territory or federal legislation, and these must not be compromised at any time. Where there is an apparent conflict between performance criteria and such requirements the legislative requirements take precedence.

Procedures All operations must be performed in accordance with relevant procedures.

Procedures are written, verbal, visual, computer-based or in some other form, and include one or any combination of:

- emergency procedures
- work instructions
- standard operating procedures (SOPs)
- safe work method statements (SWMS)
- formulae/recipes
- batch sheets
- temporary instructions
- any similar instructions provided for the smooth running of the plant.

Tools and equipment

Tools and equipment include one or more of:

- coating equipment
- brushes
- spray guns
- film coaters
- immersion equipment.

Additional tools and equipment will be selected as required from:

- vapour extraction
- application booths
- hand tools
- hoists/lifting equipment not requiring any special permits or licences
- manual handling aids, such as hand carts and trolleys
- relevant personal protective equipment (PPE).

Hazards

Hazards must be identified and controlled. Identifying hazards requires consideration of:

- weight, shape, volume of materials to be handled
- hazardous products and materials
- sharp edges, protrusions or obstructions
- slippery surfaces, spills or leaks
- rotational equipment or vibration
- smoke, dust, vapours or other atmospheric hazards
- electricity
- gas
- gases and liquids under pressure
- structural hazards
- equipment failures
- machinery, equipment and product mass
- other hazards that might arise.

Routine problems

Routine problems must be resolved by applying known solutions.

Routine problems are predictable and include one or more of:

- incorrect selection of materials
- variations in materials

- contamination of materials or product surface
- inappropriate application of coatings
- dust and other contamination
- drying rates
- film thickness variation
- film application rates
- coverage and opacity
- products with surface or other faults.

Known solutions are drawn from one or more of:

- procedures
- training
- remembered experience.

Non-routine problems must be reported according to according to relevant procedures.

Unit Mapping Information

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Links

Companion Volume implementation guides are found in VETNet -

<https://vetnet.gov.au/Pages/TrainingDocs.aspx?q=932aacef-7947-4c80-acc6-593719fe4090>

Assessment Requirements for PMBPROD249 Apply liquid surface coatings

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Performance Evidence

Evidence required to demonstrate competence in this unit must be relevant to and satisfy the requirements of the elements and performance criteria and demonstrate the ability to:

- read and interpret procedures, job specifications, basic machine control panels, material labels and safety data sheets (SDS)
- select and prepare materials, tools and equipment to meet job specifications
- apply surface coatings to meet product quality and production output specifications
- monitor key variables, including:
 - spray patterns
 - materials consistency
 - finished colour
 - surface finish
 - product integrity and general conformance to specifications
 - coating viscosity
 - solvent/thinner blend ratios
- identify hazards and apply relevant hazard controls
- apply safety procedures
- apply housekeeping procedures
- apply waste management procedures
- recognise early warning signs of equipment/processes needing attention or with potential problems
- recognise routine and non-routine problems
- identify when the operator is able to rectify faults, when assistance is required and who is the appropriate source for assistance
- take action to resolve faults or report faults to appropriate personnel
- distinguish between possible causes of routine faults, including:
 - raw material variations/contamination
 - process abnormalities
 - procedural errors
 - mechanical abnormalities
 - atmospheric conditions
- communicate effectively with team/work group and supervisors
- complete workplace records

- do basic arithmetical manipulations, including additions, subtractions, divisions, fractions and percentages.

Knowledge Evidence

Must provide evidence that demonstrates knowledge relevant to their job sufficient to operate under routine only supervision and to solve routine problems, including knowledge of:

- common types of coatings, their differences and range of applications
- methods of application of common coatings
- the potential effects of variations in raw materials, conditions and equipment in relation to quality of product
- reasons for checking conditions and taking action when they are outside of normal range of process variability
- processing behaviour of polymers and the role of additives
- production workflow sequences and materials demand
- factors which may affect the quality and reliability of joins
- routine problems, their probable causes and relevant corrective actions
- organisation procedures relevant to the work environment/job role
- hierarchy of control
- hazards that may arise in the job/work environment and:
 - their possible causes
 - potential consequences
 - appropriate risk controls.

Assessment Conditions

- The unit should be assessed holistically and the judgement of competence shall be based on a holistic assessment of the evidence.
- In all plants it may be appropriate to assess this unit concurrently with units such as:
 - teamwork
 - communication.
- The collection of performance evidence:
 - should occur over a range of situations which include typical disruptions to normal, smooth operations and provide for demonstration of responding to problems
 - will typically include a supervisor/third-party report or other evidence, focusing on consistent performance and problem recognition and solving. A supervisor/third-party report must be prepared by someone who has a direct, relevant, current relationship with the person being assessed and who is in a position to form a judgement on workplace performance relevant to the unit of competency
 - must include the use of industry appropriate materials, tools, equipment, data and documentation
 - may use industry-based simulation for all or part of the unit particularly where safety, lack of opportunity or significant cost is an issue.

- Assessment should occur in operational workplace situations. Where this is not possible or where personal safety or environmental damage are limiting factors assessment must occur in a sufficiently rigorous simulated environment that reflects realistic operational workplace conditions. This must cover all aspects of workplace performance, including environment, task skills, task management skills, contingency management skills and job role environment skills.
- Assessment in a simulated environment should use evidence collected from demonstration of skills and one or more of:
 - walk-throughs
 - pilot plant operation
 - industry-based case studies/scenarios
 - 'what ifs'.
- Knowledge evidence may be collected concurrently with performance evidence or through an independent process, such as workbooks, written assessments or interviews.
- Assessment processes and techniques must be appropriate to the language, literacy and numeracy requirements of the work being performed and the needs of the candidate.
- Conditions for assessment must include access to all tools, equipment, materials and documentation required, including relevant workplace procedures, product and manufacturing specifications associated with this unit.
- The regulatory framework will be reflected in workplace policies and procedures and is not required to be independently assessed.
- Foundation skills are integral to competent performance of the unit and should not be assessed separately.
- Assessors must satisfy the assessor competency requirements that are in place at the time of the assessment as set by the VET regulator.
- In addition the assessor or anyone acting in subject matter expert role in assessment shall demonstrate both technical competency and currency. If the assessor cannot demonstrate technical competency and currency they shall assess with a subject matter expert who does meet these requirements.
- Technical competence can be demonstrated through one or more of:
 - relevant VET or other qualification/Statement of Attainment
 - appropriate workplace experience undertaking the type of work being assessed under routine and non-routine conditions
 - appropriate workplace experience supervising/evaluating the type of work being assessed under routine and non-routine conditions
- Currency can be demonstrated through one or more of:
 - being currently employed undertaking the type of work being assessed
 - being employed by the organisation undertaking the type of work being assessed and having maintained currency in accordance with that organisation's policies and procedures
 - having consulted/had contact with an organisation undertaking the type of work being assessed within the last twelve months, the consultation/contact being related to assessment
 - conducting on the job training/assessments of the type of work being assessed

- being an active member of a relevant professional body and participating in activities relevant to the assessment of this type of work.

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