



Australian Government

PMAOPS329 Operate liquid extraction unit

Release: 1

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Modification History

Release 1. Supersedes and is equivalent to PMAOPS329B Produce product using liquid extraction

Application

This unit of competency covers the skills and knowledge required to operate and monitor a liquid extraction system and ancillary equipment.

Liquid extraction typically applies to the process of extracting higher molecular weight hydrocarbons from lower molecular weight hydrocarbons (e.g. condensate from gas).

This unit of competency includes all such items of equipment and unit operations which form part of the liquid extraction system. A unit/system comprises two or more components of plant/equipment that are operated together to produce product, including as appropriate to the facility:

- absorber tower
- expanders/compressors
- lube oil system
- instrumentation
- cold separator
- pumps
- fans
- refrigeration systems or cryogenic systems
- trays
- columns
- heat exchangers.

This unit of competency applies to operations technicians who are required to demonstrate a significant understanding of the process and the equipment operation in order to identify and rectify operational problems, perform isolations, start-up and shutdown procedures, and operate, monitor and maintain equipment.

A typical example of liquid extraction occurs in a natural gas processing plant and contains an absorber, de-ethaniser tower, turbo expander compressor, cold separator vessel and various plate fin type heat exchangers.

This unit of competency applies to an individual operating independently in a plant with local control or in liaison with the control room operator in a plant with a centralised control panel, such as distributed control system (DCS) type controls. In the case of large complex plant, the operations technician would be part of a team during start-up and shutdown procedures.

This unit of competency applies to an individual working alone or as part of a team or group and working in liaison with other shift team members and the control room operator, as appropriate.

This unit of competency does not require the operation of a central control panel.

No licensing, legislative or certification requirements apply to this unit at the time of publication.

Pre-requisite Unit

Nil

Competency Field

Operations

Unit Sector

Elements and Performance Criteria

Elements describe the essential outcomes.

Performance criteria describe the performance needed to demonstrate achievement of the element.

1	Prepare for work	1.1	Receive and give shift handover
		1.2	Identify work requirements
		1.3	Identify and control hazards
		1.4	Coordinate with appropriate personnel
		1.5	Check for recent work undertaken on liquid extraction system
		1.6	Note any outstanding/incomplete work
		1.7	Check operational status of liquid extraction system
2	Operate liquid extraction system	2.1	Describe the type of liquid extraction system, the component plant items and their duties
		2.2	Complete routine checks, logs and paperwork taking action on unexpected readings
		2.3	Adjust liquid extraction system and its component plant items to their type and duty to maximise performance
3	Diagnose and take action on abnormal situations in accordance with	3.1	Monitor liquid extraction system and its component plant items frequently and critically throughout shift using measured/indicated data and senses
		3.2	Describe impacts of any changes upstream and

procedures		downstream	
		3.3	Recognise actual and developing situations which may require action
		3.4	Apply operational knowledge to resolve problems
		3.5	Take other actions on abnormal situations which cannot be resolved during the shift to ensure safety and the resolution of the situation
		3.6	Follow through items initiated until final resolution has occurred
4	Isolate and de-isolate liquid extraction system and its component plant items	4.1	Complete any required pre-start checks
		4.2	Start up/shut down liquid extraction system according to the liquid extraction system type and duty in liaison with other personnel
		4.3	Start up/shut down/changeover component plant items within unit according to their type and duty in liaison with other personnel
		4.4	Isolate entire liquid extraction system and/or any component plant item.
		4.5	Make safe for required work
		4.6	Check liquid extraction system/plant item is ready to be returned to service
		4.7	De-isolate and prepare liquid extraction system/plant item for return to service

Foundation Skills

This section describes those language, literacy, numeracy and employment skills that are essential to performance.

Foundation skills essential to performance are explicit in the performance criteria of this unit of competency.

Range of Conditions

This field allows for different work environments and conditions that may affect performance. Essential operating conditions that may be present (depending on the work situation, needs of the candidate, accessibility of the item, and local industry and regional contexts) are included.

Regulatory framework The latest version of all legislation, regulations, industry codes of practice and Australian/international standards, or the version specified by the local regulatory authority, must be used, and include one or more of the following:

- legislative requirements, including work health and safety (WHS)
- industry codes of practice and guidelines
- environmental regulations and guidelines
- Australian and other standards
- licence and certification requirements

All operations to which this unit applies are subject to stringent health, safety and environment (HSE) requirements, which may be imposed through state/territory or federal legislation, and these must not be compromised at any time. Where there is an apparent conflict between performance criteria and HSE requirements, the HSE requirements take precedence.

Hazards Hazards include one or more of the following:

- electricity
- gas
- gases and liquids under pressure
- structural hazards
- structural collapse
- equipment failures
- industrial (machinery, equipment and product)
- equipment or product mass
- noise, rotational equipment or vibration
- plant services (steam, condensate and cooling water)
- working at heights, in restricted or confined spaces, or in environments subjected to heat, dusts or vapours
- flammability and explosivity
- hazardous products and materials
- unauthorised personnel
- sharp edges, protrusions or obstructions
- slippery surfaces, spills or leaks
- extreme weather
- other hazards that might arise

Routine problems Situations requiring action include both routine and non-routine problems.

Routine problems include one or more of the following:

- design temperature constraints
- CO₂ freezing
- flooding
- variation in feed quality/rate

Non-routine problems Non-routine problems are unexpected problems, or variations of previous problems and must be resolved by applying operational knowledge to develop new solutions, either individually or in collaboration with relevant experts, to:

- determine problems needing action
- determine possible fault causes
- develop solutions to problems which do not have a known solution
- follow through items initiated until final resolution has occurred
- report problems outside area of responsibility to designated person

Operational knowledge includes one or more of the following:

- procedures
- training
- technical information, such as journals and engineering specifications
- remembered experience
- relevant knowledge obtained from appropriate people

Start up/shut down Start up/shut down includes the following:

- start up and shut down to/from normal operating conditions
- start up and shut down to/from isolated, cold or empty
- start up and shut down to/from other conditions/situations experienced on the plant

Procedures All operations must be performed in accordance with relevant procedures.

Procedures are written, verbal, visual, computer-based or in some other form, include one or more of the following:

- emergency procedures
- work instructions
- standard operating procedures (SOPs)
- safe work method statements (SWMS)
- formulas/recipes
- batch sheets
- temporary instructions
- any similar instructions provided for the smooth running of the plant.

Operate Operate is to monitor, adjust/make change to the production unit and/or its component items to meet specifications, by one or both of the following:

- manually in the plant
- using local controller in the plant

Product Product includes anything produced by a process step and so includes:

- intermediate products, such as the product from one process step, which then becomes the feed for another

Unit Mapping Information

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Links

MSA Training Package Implementation Guides - <http://mskills.org.au/training-packages/info/>