



Australian Government

Assessment Requirements for SISOPLN004

Identify hazards, assess and control risks for outdoor recreation activities

Release: 1

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Modification History

Not applicable.

Performance Evidence

Evidence of the ability to complete tasks outlined in elements and performance criteria of this unit in the context of the job role, and:

- complete three risk assessments for different activity sessions
- incorporate risk control methods into documented plans and safety procedures for the above three sessions
- complete three risk assessments for particular participant groups, and develop and document risk management strategies for potential participant responses and behaviour.

Knowledge Evidence

Demonstrated knowledge required to complete the tasks outlined in elements and performance criteria of this unit:

- requirements under the local state or territory work health and safety law for:
 - organisational and worker responsibility to ensure safety of self, other workers and other people in the workplace
 - when, where and how hazards must be identified
 - when, where and how risk assessments must be conducted
 - consultation in the hazard identification and risk assessment process
 - record keeping
- for outdoor recreation organisations:
 - what constitutes the workplace including environments where activities occur
 - what constitutes a worker including paid and volunteer workers
 - what constitutes other people present in the workplace including participants and spectators
- organisational work health and safety procedures for:
 - identifying hazards and assessing risks
 - assessing risks associated with participants
- a range of methods that can be used to identify hazards for recreational activities to include:
 - inspecting the activity site or venue and all equipment used for the activity, and completing safety checklists
 - gathering and evaluating weather and environmental information including terrain when relevant

- identifying participant characteristics and level of recreational skill
- reviewing accidents and near miss incidents
- evaluating the complexity of activities
- features of commonly used risk assessment methods which can include:
 - identifying potential injuries, illness and consequences
 - determining the exposure
 - estimating probability
 - determining overall risk level
- features of commonly used methods for controlling risks which can include:
 - substituting systems or equipment with something safer
 - isolating the hazard
 - introducing engineering or administrative or procedural controls
 - using personal protective equipment
 - implementing combined controlled measures to minimise risks
- factors that affect the development and use of risk management strategies to manage potential participant responses and behaviour:
 - participant characteristics:
 - age, size and weight
 - current experience in the recreational activity and skill level
 - fitness level and physical capabilities
 - injuries and medical conditions
 - emotional, behavioural and intellectual ability or disability
 - reasons why people engage in outdoor activities that involve risk
 - participant perceptions of own competence and risk from low to high and how this can be a match or mismatch to actual competence and risk
 - how optimal arousal and flow state during recreational activities can affect how personal risk is managed
- risk management strategies for potential participant responses and behaviour:
 - setting ground rules
 - role modelling safe behaviours
 - closely monitoring, supervising and correcting behaviour of confident and influential participants
 - closely monitoring, supervising less confident participants
 - removing participants from activities
 - postponing, modifying or ceasing activities
- specific to the particular type of outdoor recreation activity:
 - industry association safety standards or codes or practice
 - safety standards or codes of practice issued by national, state or territory work health and safety authorities
- format, inclusions and use of templates to:
 - identify and record hazards

- identify and record safety issues associated with potential participant behaviour
- assess and record associated risks and control methods.

Assessment Conditions

In order to demonstrate the physical hazard identification components of this unit, access to the following is required:

- the environment where the recreational activities are conducted
- all equipment used for the activity.

Assessment must ensure use of:

- hazard identification and risk assessment templates specific to recreational activities
- weather and environmental information including terrain when relevant
- participant profiles to include:
 - age, size and weight
 - current experience in the recreational activity and skill level
 - fitness level and physical capabilities
 - injuries and medical conditions
 - emotional, behavioural and intellectual ability or disability
- organisational work health and safety procedures for:
 - identifying hazards and assessing risks
 - assessing risks associated with participants
- specific to the particular type of outdoor recreation activity:
 - industry association safety standards or codes of practice
 - safety standards or codes of practice issued by national, state or territory work health and safety authorities.

Assessors must satisfy the Standards for Registered Training Organisations requirements for assessors, and:

- have a collective period of at least three years' experience with an organisation providing recreational programs where they have applied the skills and knowledge covered in this unit of competency; the three years' experience can incorporate full and or part time experience.

Links

Companion Volume Implementation Guides -

<https://vetnet.gov.au/Pages/TrainingDocs.aspx?q=1ca50016-24d2-4161-a044-d3faa200268b>