



Australian Government

Assessment Requirements for HLTAHPR007 Promote lifestyle change

Release: 1

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Modification History

Not applicable.

Performance Evidence

Evidence of the ability to complete tasks outlined in elements and performance criteria of this unit in the context of the job role, and:

- provide information about lifestyle disease and making lifestyle changes to Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander clients including:
 - two individual clients
 - one group of a minimum of three people
- on each occasion:
 - provide information covering:
 - the incidence of lifestyle disease in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander communities
 - lifestyle risk factors, particularly those relevant to the client/s, and their potential short and long term impacts on health
 - recommendations for healthy eating and healthy ways to prepare and cook food using the Australian national dietary guidelines
 - recommendations for physical activity based on the Australian national physical activity guidelines
 - common barriers to initiation of lifestyle change, particularly those relevant to the client, and how these might be overcome
 - techniques for making lifestyle change including ways to set goals and monitor progress towards achievement
 - seek and evaluate feedback from clients and provide to relevant people within the health service
- discuss lifestyle concerns with two clients and respond by providing referrals to relevant health professionals or support services.

Knowledge Evidence

Demonstrated knowledge required to complete the tasks outlined in elements and performance criteria of this unit:

- organisational procedures for referral
- role and limitations of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander health care workers and practitioners in providing healthy lifestyle education to clients and types of situations when referral is indicated

- roles of medical, allied health professionals and others in providing healthy lifestyle advice and change practices, and their expertise in addressing different needs:
 - medical practitioners and registered nurses
 - accredited practising dietitians
 - exercise physiologists
 - alcohol and other drug counsellors
- nutritional, physical activity and drug and alcohol support services available in the community, state or territory
- physical activity groups operating in the local community
- how to access current and credible:
 - consumer based education resources about lifestyle risk factors and healthy lifestyle practices
 - statistics for lifestyle disease in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander and other Australian populations
 - visual aids for lifestyle education
- meaning of lifestyle disease and modifiable behavioural risk factors
- types of lifestyle disease and their prevalence and statistical incidence in Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander populations compared to non-Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander populations:
 - cardiovascular disease
 - diabetes
 - obesity
 - chronic respiratory disease
 - alcoholic liver disease and cirrhosis
 - drug related infectious disease
- lifestyle risk factors and their short and long term impacts on health:
 - smoking
 - physical inactivity
 - unhealthy nutrition and body weight
 - consumption of alcohol at unsafe levels
 - use of illicit drugs
- key recommendations and healthy eating guidance contained in current Australian national dietary guidelines and associated resources:
 - the principal recommendations and guidelines
 - characteristics of the five food groups and the nutrients they contribute to the diet
 - daily patterns of healthy eating and recommended proportions of the five food groups
 - types of discretionary foods to be limited and why
 - recommended daily intake of alcohol
 - nutritional needs of people at different stages in the lifecycle
- daily living skills, informed by national dietary guidelines, that support clients with healthy eating:

- how to interpret food labels, including health star rating labelling systems to support healthier food choices
- healthy ways to prepare and cook food
- safe food preparation and storage
- key contents of current Australian national physical activity guidelines including guidelines for frequency, intensity and types of exercises:
 - movement guidelines for the early years, children and young people
 - physical activity guidelines for adults
 - physical activity guidelines for older people
- the benefits to health and emotional wellbeing of combining healthy eating and physical activity
- the role of sleep and rest as part of a healthy lifestyle
- common barriers to initiation of lifestyle change and how these can be overcome:
 - dietary:
 - perceived or actual cost of healthy foods
 - easy access to unhealthy foods
 - time to prepare and cook healthy meals and motivation
 - shortage of healthy food options in the local area
 - physical activity:
 - low importance placed on exercise
 - lack of time
 - access to appropriate facilities and costs
 - initial low fitness levels and low confidence
 - alcohol and drug use:
 - fear of withdrawal
 - access to support services
 - influences including environmental triggers and other people
- stages in the behaviour change process and how these apply to lifestyle change:
 - pre-contemplation
 - contemplation
 - preparation
 - action
 - maintenance
 - relapse, and how it can be managed
- approaches to goal setting and achievement:
 - setting short, medium and long term goals
 - importance of goals that are specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time based (SMART):
 - different types of goals:
 - outcome

- process
- performance
- recording goals and monitoring progress, and types of technology that can assist
- methods used to evaluate health education activities:
 - client evaluation questionnaires
 - informal conversations with clients
 - self-reflection on client responses to information including any difficulties in understanding
- ways that Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander health workers and practitioners can:
 - provide feedback on healthy lifestyle education activities
 - contribute to the evaluation and planning of overall education and prevention programs.

Assessment Conditions

Skills can be demonstrated through:

- work activities completed within an Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander health service, or
- simulations and case studies completed within a training organisation, based on comprehensive information about client needs.

Assessment must ensure the use of:

- interaction with Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander clients either through actual work activities or simulations
- current consumer-based education resources from credible sources about lifestyle risk factors and healthy practices
- current Australian national dietary guidelines and associated resources:
 - full guideline and summary documents
 - consumer brochures
 - teaching tools
- current Australian national physical activity guidelines:
 - movement guidelines for the early years, children and young people
 - physical activity guidelines for adults
 - physical activity guidelines for older people
- visual aids for lifestyle education
- organisational procedures for referral.

Assessors must satisfy the Standards for Registered Training Organisations requirements for assessors, and:

- be an Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander person who has applied the skills and knowledge covered in this unit of competency through experience working as an Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander health worker or practitioner, or

- be a registered health practitioner or a health educator with experience relevant to this unit of competency and be accompanied by, or have assessments validated by, an Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander person.

Links

Companion Volume implementation guides are found in VETNet -

<https://vetnet.gov.au/Pages/TrainingDocs.aspx?q=ced1390f-48d9-4ab0-bd50-b015e5485705>