

DEFDV017B Employ thermal cutting and welding tools (non-load bearing) in an underwater environment

Release: 2



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Modification History

Release	TP Version	Comments
2	DEF12 V2	Layout adjusted. No changes to content.
1	DEF12 V1	Primary release.

Unit Descriptor

This unit covers the competency required to employ thermal cutting and welding tools in an underwater environment. This includes the operation (from the surface) of the generator. The unit also includes selecting the appropriate tools for the work task and inspecting them for serviceability. The diver must ensure the tools are secured on own body throughout the dive, and correctly operate the tools with particular attention to safety.

Competence will need to be demonstrated in the surface operation of the electrical generator or gas cylinders supplying the tools.

The diver will be responsible for the recovery of any waste arising from the work task to ensure the preservation of the environment. Finally, the tools, generator and gas cylinders must be de-serviced and stored appropriately for ongoing use.

Note: This Unit of Competency relates, in part, to the existing standards of the Australian Diver Accreditation Scheme (ADAS). All information was correct at the time of development of this Unit of Competency; however, any diver seeking ADAS accreditation should consult ADAS and not rely on the information contained in this unit.

Application of the Unit

As agreed in the creation of this Training Package, applications for units transferred from the PUA00 Public Safety Training Package will be developed as part of continuous improvement plans, and taking into account the change in Unit of Competency format as detailed in templates for Streamlined Training Packages.

Licensing/Regulatory Information

Not applicable.

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Pre-Requisites

DEFDV001B Dive using self contained underwater breathing apparatus in open water to 30 metres.

DEFDV008B Employ hand tools in an underwater environment.

Employability Skills Information

This unit contains employability skills.

Elements and Performance Criteria Pre-Content

Elements describe the essential outcomes of a Unit of Competency.

Performance Criteria describe the required performance needed to demonstrate achievement of the element. Where *bold italicised* text is used, further information is detailed in the Range Statement. Assessment of performance is to be consistent with the Evidence Guide.

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Elements and Performance Criteria

ELEMENT		PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
1.	Prepare for cutting and welding underwater	1.1 Work task, worksite data and work object (including composition and condition) are determined and analysed to determine the specific requirements for thermal cutting and welding tools.
		1.2 Work plan is developed consistent with the dive plan.
		1.3 Thermal cutting and welding tools, and protective equipment appropriate to the task are selected, inspected and prepared.
		1.4 Electrical <i>generator</i> and associated leads are <i>selected</i> , <i>inspected and prepared</i> .
		1.5 Oxy-acetylene gas cylinders and associated hoses are selected, inspected and prepared.
		1.6 Thermal cutting and welding tools, the generator, oxy-acetylene gas cylinders, and associated leads and hoses are secured safely to/from the dive site.
		1.7 Access obstructions and other <i>hazards</i> are assessed and <i>action is taken to remove/reduce risk</i> .
2.	Operate thermal cutting and welding tools underwater	2.1 Thermal cutting and welding tools are secured on self during the dive for ease of accessibility and lack of interference with mobility and dive equipment.
		2.2 Safe routes for leads and hoses to the worksite are established.
		2.3 Work-safe area is established and location and safety of divers is confirmed prior to commencing work tasks.
		2.4 Surface of the work object is prepared for the cut or weld.
		2.5 Voltage and amperage of arc-welding equipment is controlled.
		2.6 Gas supplies are turned on and ratios of oxygen and acetylene are set and adjusted.
		2.7 Pressure of oxy-acetylene torch is controlled.
		2.8 Cuts and welds are made ensuring minimal
		distortion to the object. 2.9 Employment hazards of cutting and welding tools are managed.
		2.10Thermal cutting and welding tools are temporarily disconnected and rendered safe to evaluate the work task.

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		2.11Cuts and welds are inspected and cleaned.
3.	Operate the generator	3.1 Pre-start checks are performed and leads are connected.
		3.2 Power is developed gradually without surging and generator is stabilised and trimmed to required work output.
		3.3 <i>Routine operational checks</i> are conducted and <i>warning signs</i> are diagnosed and addressed.
		3.4 Generator is shut down.
		3.5 Emergency shut-down drills are conducted
4.	Conclude underwater cutting and welding operations	4.1 <i>Environmental impact</i> arising from use of thermal cutting and welding tools is minimised and waste products are recovered.
		4.2 Thermal cutting and welding tools, the generator, gas cylinders and associated leads and hoses, and protective equipment are <i>de-serviced</i> after use.

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Required Skills and Knowledge

This describes the essential skills and knowledge and their level, required for this unit.

Required Skills

- ability to dive
- cut steel plates
- diagnose equipment faults
- operate a generator
- take remedial actions
- undertake general operator maintenance
- weld

Required Knowledge

- control of output
- · dangers of trapped gas and its avoidance
- dive equipment
- dive physics
- equipment (generator, thermal cutting and welding, tools, hoses and leads)
- general occupational/diving safety awareness
- · methods of resolving problems
- oceanography
- physics of operation
- principles of operation
- · relevant references and Australian Standards
- · thermal cutting and welding on land
- work hazards

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Evidence Guide

Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit Assessment must confirm the ability to:

- cut a12 mm steel plate using a thermal arc or oxy arc cutting torch
- weld together two pieces of approximately 12 mm steel plate underwater using electric welding equipment to produce a fillet weld
- attend to personal and collective safety
- consider the environmental impact as part of the dive plan.

Consistency in performance

Competency should be demonstrated during a number of work tasks where:

- the depth is between 5 metres and 20 metres
- at least one night work task is undertaken.

pecific Context of assessment

Competency should be assessed in the ocean.

When practicable, assessment should relate to the diver's vocational focus.

Specific resources for assessment

Access to a dive location, and thermal cutting and welding equipment.

Context of and specific resources for assessment

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Range Statement

The Range Statement relates to the Unit of Competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance. *Bold italicised* wording in the Performance Criteria is detailed below.

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Work tasks may include:	• cutting			
	• gouging			
	 heating 			
	• welding			
Worksite data may include:	• current			
	• depth			
	• gradient			
	• hazards			
	• obstacles			
Work object may include:	anchorage			
	• pipe			
	• sheet (hull)			
	• support/strut			
Composition may include:	• aluminium			
	high and low alloy steels			
	 high and low carbon steels 			
	• mild steel			
	• stainless steel			
Thermal cutting and welding	• oxy-torch			
tools may include:	• arc-welder			
Protective equipment may	• boots			
include:	• eye protection			
	• gloves			
	 hood/helmet 			
Selecting, inspecting and	1			
preparing thermal cutting	 neck/mouth of oxy-torch 			
and welding tools may include:	 regulation of amperage and voltage 			
include.	• security of earth (bull-dog) lead			
Selecting, inspecting and	checking fluids			
preparing the generator may	• fuelling			
include:	• pre-start checks			
Selecting, inspecting and	checking gas lines			
preparing the oxy-acetylene	checking gas pressures and mixing ratios			
gas cylinders may include:	 physical security of bottles 			
Hazards may include:	danger zone of objects being worked on			
	• impact on dive equipment (e.g. hoses, gauges,			

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	communications)
	release of fuels and associated chemical
	contaminants resident at the worksite
	retinal damage
	shock and burn
	trapped air explosions
Action to remove/reduce the	erecting signage
risk may include:	using patrol/sentry craft
Routine operational checks	• fuel
may include:	• fluids
	• pressure
	temperature
Warning signs may include:	feed variations
	rise/fall in temperature
	• smoke
	• surging (rise/fall in power)
	unusual noise
	• unusual smell (e.g. oil)
Environmental impact	• contamination of surrounding water (e.g. leaking oil)
includes:	physical damage to reef and associated floor
	eco-systems (e.g. coral)
	• visual pollution of waste material (e.g. concrete and
	metal parts)
De-servicing may include:	• drying
	logging work details into equipment logs
	oiling/greasing
	• refilling
	re-fuelling
	washing in fresh water
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Unit Sector(s)

Not applicable.

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