

Australian Government

Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations

CPPWMT5058A Develop emergency response plans

Release: 1



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Modification History

Revised unit Unit updated and equivalent to PRMWM58A Develop emergency response plan

Unit Descriptor

This unit of competency specifies the outcomes required to develop an emergency response plan in a waste management environment. It requires the ability to analyse occupational health and safety (OHS) requirements and practices relevant to the plan.

Application of the Unit

This unit of competency supports individuals responsible for planning emergency responses in a waste management environment. It includes developing operational procedures, with the assistance of expert advice.

Licensing/Regulatory Information

No licensing, legislative, regulatory or certification requirements apply to this unit at the time of endorsement.

Pre-Requisites

Not applicable.

Employability Skills Information

This unit contains employability skills.

Elements and Performance Criteria Pre-Content

Elements describe the essential outcomes of a unit of competency.

Performance criteria describe the performance needed to demonstrate achievement of the element. Where bold italicised text is used, further information is detailed in the required skills and knowledge section and the range statement. Assessment of performance is to be consistent with the evidence guide.

Elements and Performance Criteria

1	Review internal and external emergency response requirements.	1.1	Details of the nature, type and severity of <i>emergency</i> , including existing and <i>potential hazards and risks</i> and <i>contamination</i> , are identified.
		1.2	Appropriate personnel, including emergency service specialists, are assigned to undertake workplace hazard and risk audit.
		1.3	Emergency requirements are identified according to <i>organisational requirements</i> , <i>OHS requirements</i> and <i>legislation and codes</i> .
		1.4	Emergency response requirements are determined following consideration of existing site safety plan, <i>emergency response systems and equipment</i> and <i>emergency and personal protective equipment</i> (PPE).
2	Formulate emergency response plan.	2.1	<i>Emergency response plan</i> is formulated in consultation with appropriate personnel and emergency service specialists.
		2.2	Information ensuring safety of <i>stakeholders</i> is included in emergency response plan.
		2.3	<i>Emergency escape details, containment and isolation</i> of emergency situation, <i>regulated waste identification signage</i> and <i>clean-up</i> are included in the emergency response plan.
		2.4	Response procedures for vehicle contact with overhead <i>wires</i> are included in plan.
		2.5	Precise information relating to chain of command, emergency response teams, and emergency communication system is clearly identified in plan.
		2.6	<i>Personnel training</i> in emergency response procedures is provided for in plan.
		2.7	Actions necessary to <i>protect organisational interests</i> are specified, according to organisational and legislative requirements.
		2.8	Reporting <i>documentation</i> to be completed after emergency response is incorporated into emergency response plan.

3 Communicate emergency	3.1	Emergency response plan is communicated clearly to all personnel according to organisational policy.	
	response plan to personnel and emergency services.	3.2	Initial training is provided, and personnel training plans on all aspects of the emergency response plan are reviewed.
		3.3	Personnel's understanding of emergency response plan is confirmed through questioning and observation.
		3.4	Feedback from personnel is obtained and integrated into emergency response plan.
		3.5	Complete emergency response plan is supplied to emergency service specialists.
4	Document and review emergency	4.1	Emergency response plan is documented in a clear format that complies with organisational requirements.
respo	response plan.	4.2	Emergency response plan is displayed and housed in personnel work areas to ensure availability for immediate referral.
		4.3	Emergency response plan is monitored and evaluated and modifications are made to plan where appropriate to reduce impact of emergency and ensure compliance with organisational requirements, OHS requirements and legislation and codes.

Required Skills and Knowledge

This section describes the skills and knowledge required for this unit.

Required skills

- interpersonal skills to:
 - manage consultation processes
 - present emergency response plan
- management skills to:
 - apply change management techniques
 - organise work practices safely and efficiently
 - conduct strategic problem solving
 - identify and minimise hazards and risks
 - prioritise duties
 - interpret ground conditions
 - use information technology to complete tasks
 - use emergency and personal protective equipment
- reading skills to interpret:
 - work or material requirements
 - materials safety data sheets (MSDS)
- written communication skills to:
 - write reports
 - prepare complex strategic documentation
- critical thinking skills to develop emergency response plan, identifying:
 - resource needs
 - hazards and risks
- oral communication skills to:
 - ask and answer questions
 - explain emergency response plan to personnel
 - present information
 - give instructions
 - seek feedback
 - listen actively

Required knowledge

- emergency response plan requirements, including:
 - components, features and layout of an emergency response plan
 - confined space procedures

Approved

- duty of care in provision of service
- HAZCHEM identification systems
- methods of containment and isolation of emergencies
- site management plan and identification of work areas, including location of:
 - alarms
 - emergency equipment
 - communications equipment
- coding systems
- environmental agencies' roles
- environmental regulations
- organisational policy and procedures in relation to emergency response
- reporting requirements
- standard emergency procedures
- waste management hierarchy
- waste containment methods and isolation of emergencies
- identification of:
 - waste types, streams and characteristics and implications in an emergency situation
 - waste non-conformances
 - waste non-conformance procedures
 - waste containment
 - waste disposal and recovery routes
- identification of needs in an emergency situation, including:
 - identification and operation of plant and equipment
 - cleaning and maintenance of plant and equipment
- OHS requirements relating to:
 - chemical storage and decanting
 - dangerous goods and hazardous substances
 - OHS hierarchy of control
 - first aid appropriate to likely hazards and risks in work environment
- potential hazards and risks relating to:
 - dangerous goods
 - potential incidents
 - waste containment and segregation techniques
 - emergency response procedures
 - training techniques that enhance learning and diversity, including:
 - instructions and explanations
 - asking questions
 - providing opportunities to practice
 - written information

- group or team activities
- individual activities
- demonstrations
- service requirements for emergency response plan, including:
 - client requirements
 - organisational requirements
 - reporting requirements
 - waste management options
 - waste management hierarchy

Evidence Guide

The evidence guide provides advice on assessment and must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and knowledge, range statement and the Assessment Guidelines for the Training Package.

Overview of assessment	This unit of competency could be assessed by demonstration of the emergency response plans developed.
Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit	 A person who demonstrates competency in this unit must be able to provide evidence of the required skills and knowledge specified in this unit. In particular the person should demonstrate the ability to: plan for emergency response processes consult effectively with stakeholders, such as emergency service
	specialists, to develop emergency response plansconduct training for emergency response procedures.
Context of and specific resources for assessment	Assessment of essential underpinning knowledge may be conducted in an off-site context. It is to comply with relevant regulatory or Australian standards' requirements.
	Resource implications for assessment include:
	work plans and approved specificationsforms and procedures manuals.
Method of assessment	An emergency response plan must be developed in line with industry expectations in the particular client environment. If the environment is narrowly defined or is not representative of industry needs, it may be necessary to refer to portfolio case studies to assess competency in the development of an emergency response plan.
	Assessment methods must:
	 satisfy the endorsed Assessment Guidelines of the Property Services Training Package
	• include direct observation of tasks in real or simulated work conditions, with questioning to confirm the ability to consistently identify and correctly interpret the essential underpinning knowledge required for practical application
	• reinforce the integration of employability skills with workplace tasks and job roles
	• confirm that competency is verified and able to be transferred to other circumstances and environments.
Guidance information for assessment	Reasonable adjustments for people with disabilities must be made to assessment processes where required. This could include access to modified equipment and other physical resources, and the provision of appropriate assessment support.

Assessment processes and techniques should as far as is practical take into account the language, literacy and numeracy capacity of the candidate in relation to the competency being assessed.	
This unit could be assessed on its own or in combination with other units of competency relevant to the job function, for example:	
 CPPCMN4001B Develop workplace policies and procedures for sustainability CPPCMN4007A Manage workplace safety arrangements. 	

Range Statement

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance. Bold italicised wording, if used in the performance criteria, is detailed below. Essential operating conditions that may be present with training and assessment (depending on the work situation, needs of the candidate, accessibility of the item, and local industry and regional contexts) may also be included.

<i>Emergency</i> may include:	 external: airplane crash bushfires civil disturbance explosion
	bushfirescivil disturbanceexplosion
	civil disturbanceexplosion
	• explosion
	-
	flood
	• flood
	hazardous material
	• motor vehicle accident
	fallen powerlines
	• storm
	toxic emission
	• terrorism
•	
	• bomb threat
	civil disturbance
	contamination
	equipment malfunction
	• fire
	• gas leak
	machinery malfunction
	medical emergency
	security breach
	• spill.
Potential hazards and	• damage to plant, vehicle or property
<i>risks</i> are those identified	
by the organisation that	illness or injury to employees, contractors or the public
may lead to:	
Potential bazards and	1 1 1
Potential hazards and risks may include:	
risks may menude.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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	• gases and fumes
	overhanging signs
	• projectiles
	spark-producing equipment
	unguarded conveyor belts
	• weather.
<i>Contamination</i> may	exposure to sunlight
include:	• infestation
	mixing with other waste types
	• rot or mould
	• waterlogging.
Appropriate personnel	department head
may include:	emergency response team
	employee safety representative
	health and safety committee
	• manager
	responsible officer
	• supervisor
	• team leader
	• team member.
Emergency service	ambulance service
<i>specialists</i> may include:	• fire brigade
	medical service
	police department
	organisational personnel
	environmental protection agencies.
Organisational	briefing papers
<i>requirements</i> may include	• job sheets
information found in:	• letters
	• memos
	• operations manuals
	quality assurance documents
	tender and contract documents
	• verbal or written instructions
	• work procedures.
OHS requirements may	organisational OHS reporting and audit systems
include:	 organisational policy
	 duty of care

	• PPE
	• safe work procedures.
Legislation and codes	codes, including:
may include:	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
	• industry
	• commonwealth, state and territory legislation, including:
	anti-discrimination
	environmental protection
	equal employment opportunity
	freedom of information
	 industrial
	• OHS
	trade practices
	• road laws.
Emergency response	communication systems
systems and equipment	• emergency lighting
may include:	• fire protection equipment.
Emergency and personal	 communications equipment eye protection, such as goggles and protective glasses
<i>protective equipment</i> must include:	 eyewash kit
mast morado.	 fire extinguishers
	first aid kit
	• footwear
	hearing protection
	• MSDS
	• spill kit
	• overalls and protective clothing.
Emergency and personal	breathing apparatus
protective equipment	emergency procedure guides
could also include:	face shield or mask
	• gloves
	hard hats.
<i>Personal protective equipment</i> must be:	• cleaned and fitted according to organisational requirements, manufacturer specifications and OHS requirements
-ywpmon mast be.	• worn when required according to organisational requirements
	• stored according to organisational requirements.
Emergency response plan	chain of command or supervision in an emergency
may include:	• clean up
,	containing emergency

	- amergency communication system and control control
	• emergency communication system and central control
	 emergency evacuation procedures, including emergency escape route
	emergency response teams
	• equipment or plant isolation or shut-down
	• evacuation
	• first aid
	making site safe
	• names or regular job titles of person or department to be contacted for further information or explanation of duties under the plan
	notification of authorities
	• preferred means for reporting fires and other emergencies
	 procedures for accounting for all employees after emergency evacuation has been completed
	• procedures to be followed by personnel who remain to perform or shut down critical plant operation before site is evacuated
	• rescue and medical duties for relevant employees
	security measures
	• training
	vehicle contact with overhead wires
	• use of PPE.
<i>Stakeholders</i> may	• clients
include:	emergency services
	• general public
	government agencies
	local governments
	neighbouring people or businesses
	organisational personnel
	other affected parties
	• ratepayers
	environmental protection agency
	• residents.
Emergency escape details	all-clear procedures
may include:	clean-up procedures
-	• procedures for all critical plant operator personnel
	• procedures to account for all personnel after emergency
	evacuation is completed.
Containment and	evacuation is completed.bunding area
<i>Containment and isolation</i> may include:	
Containment and isolation may include:	bunding area

	transferring waste
	 turning off electricity and gas
Regulated waste	classification of dangerous goods
identification signage	communications equipment
may include:	• first aid
	hazardous class
	HAZCHEM codes
	packaging group number.
Clean-up may include:	• removing equipment, plant and vehicle from site
F J	• removing and disposing of contaminated soil and liquid
	• shovelling
	• seeping out
	using cleaning products
	• using high pressure water or air-hosing
	• vacuuming.
Despanse procedures for	ensure vehicle involved in incident has been thoroughly
Response procedures for vehicle contact with	inspected prior to reintroduction to service
overhead wires may	liaise with relevant parties to ensure remedial action is
include:	implemented
	notify relevant statutory authorities
	• notify wire owner and other parties who may be affected by incident
	• response team attending incident scene and conducting preliminary investigation of the incident according to organisational procedures
	• review incident report form completed by operator
	• review response team investigation findings and propose remedial and preventative actions with parties involved.
Personnel training may	alarm systems
include:	containment and isolation procedures
	• evacuation plans
	• readiness for various types of potential emergencies
	• reporting and shut-down procedures
	• selecting and using PPE
	• storage requirements.
Ductor to the t	collecting details from witnesses
Protect organisational	 not commenting or admitting liability
interests may include:	not commenting of admitting habilitynot talking to media.
Documentation includes:	authorities notified
	cause or suspected cause of emergency

•	damage incurred to:
	general public
	• equipment
	• personnel
	• vehicle
•	emergency and personal protective equipment used
•	emergency response procedures undertaken
•	nature of clean-up
•	nature, type, source and severity of emergency
•	recommendations for preventing future emergencies
•	regulatory authority documents.

Unit Sector(s)

Waste management

Custom Content Section

Not applicable.