

CPPCLO2001A Maintain hard floor surfaces

Release: 1



CPPCLO2001A Maintain hard floor surfaces

Modification History

Revised unit

Unit updated and equivalent to PRMCL01B Maintain a hard floor surface

Unit Descriptor

This unit of competency specifies the outcomes required to clean hard floor surfaces. The unit applies to both manual and mechanical methods of cleaning hard floor surfaces. It requires the ability to assess the extent of a cleaning task through understanding client requirements and applying company policies and procedures. Selecting the appropriate equipment, chemicals and methods is essential to performing the task safely and efficiently.

Application of the Unit

This unit of competency supports employees without managerial or supervisory responsibilities. Performance would usually be carried out under routine supervision and within company guidelines.

Licensing/Regulatory Information

No licensing, legislative, regulatory or certification requirements apply to this unit at the time of endorsement.

Pre-Requisites

Not applicable.

Employability Skills Information

This unit contains employability skills.

Approved Page 2 of 17

Elements and Performance Criteria Pre-Content

Elements describe the essential outcomes of a unit of competency.

Performance criteria describe the performance needed to demonstrate achievement of the element. Where bold italicised text is used, further information is detailed in the required skills and knowledge section and the range statement. Assessment of performance is to be consistent with the evidence guide.

Elements and Performance Criteria

- 1 Assess area to be cleaned.
- 1.1 Area to be cleaned is assessed, *work order* is reviewed according to *company requirements* and issues are clarified with *appropriate persons*.
- 1.2 *Hazards* in work area are identified and associated risks assessed according to *legislative*, *occupational health* and safety (OHS) and company requirements.
- 1.3 Type and condition of surface on *hard floor* are identified by observation according to work order and company requirements.
- 1.4 **Soil type** is identified by observation according to work order and company requirements.
- 1.5 *Cleaning techniques* for surface of hard floor are selected according to work order and company requirements.
- 1.6 Size and usage pattern of work site are determined to ensure safety of *personnel* and efficient use of *equipment* and *chemicals*.
- 1.7 Pre-existing damage is identified and reported to appropriate persons according to company requirements.
- 2 Select equipment and chemicals.
- 2.1 Suitable *personal protective equipment* (PPE) is selected and used according to *manufacturer specifications*, and OHS and company requirements.
- 2.2 Equipment and chemicals are selected for work order according to OHS and company requirements.
- 2.3 Operational effectiveness of equipment is checked according to manufacturer specifications and company

Approved Page 3 of 17

requirements.

- 2.4 Equipment is adjusted to suit operator's requirements according to manufacturer specifications and OHS requirements.
- 2.5 Chemicals are prepared according to manufacturer specifications, and OHS and company requirements.
- 3 Prepare work site.
- 3.1 Hazards in work site are confirmed and risks are controlled and reassessed according to legislative, OHS and company requirements.
- 3.2 Furniture and fittings that impede cleaning operation are removed according to work order, and OHS and company requirements.
- 3.3 **Signage and barriers** are installed as required to maximise public safety during cleaning operation according to work order, and OHS and company requirements.
- 3.4 *Work restrictions* affecting completion of work order are identified and appropriate persons are promptly notified.
- 4 Clean work site.
- 4.1 Hard floor is cleaned using equipment, PPE, chemicals and cleaning techniques according to manufacturer specifications and legislative, OHS and company requirements.
- 4.2 Work is performed according to work order, manufacturer specifications and legislative, OHS and company requirements.
- 5 Tidy work site.
- 5.1 Collected soil and *waste* are disposed of according to client specifications, work order, manufacturer specifications and legislative, OHS, company and *environmental requirements*.
- Furniture and fittings are replaced according to client requests, work order and OHS requirements.
- 5.3 Signage and barriers are removed according to work order, and OHS and company requirements.

Approved Page 4 of 17

- 6 Clean and safety check equipment and store equipment and chemicals.
- 6.1 Equipment and PPE are cleaned according to manufacturer specifications and environmental, OHS and company requirements.
- 6.2 Equipment and PPE are safety checked according to manufacturer specifications and OHS requirements, and required maintenance is recorded according to company requirements.
- 6.3 Equipment and PPE are stored and maintained to allow ready access according to manufacturer specifications, and OHS and company requirements.
- 6.4 Chemicals are stored according to manufacturer specifications, and OHS and company requirements.

Approved Page 5 of 17

Required Skills and Knowledge

This section describes the skills and knowledge required for this unit.

Required skills

- customer service skills to:
 - establish rapport with clients
 - gain clients' trust
 - identify client expectations

interpersonal skills to relate to people from a range of backgrounds

- language, literacy and numeracy skills to:
 - communicate clearly and concisely verbally and in writing
 - perform mathematical calculations required for:
 - diluting and mixing chemicals as specified on product labels
 - measuring area
 - read and interpret directions and safety instructions, including:
 - chemical labels
 - equipment manuals
 - material safety data sheets (MSDS)
 - request advice or further information
 - seek and receive feedback
 - source, organise and record information
- planning and organising skills to:
 - manage time
 - sequence tasks
- problem-solving skills to manage contingencies
- skills to work safely when:
 - buffing, mopping, scrubbing and sweeping
 - handling and disposing of chemicals
 - handling and disposing of contaminated and toxic waste
 - identifying hazards and controlling risks
 - manual handling
- self-management skills to work alone and in a team

Required knowledge

- cleaning chemicals and equipment and their applications for hard floor surfaces
- company management structure and procedures, including:

Approved Page 6 of 17

- biological and viral control
- emergency response and evacuation procedures
- environmental protection procedures
- injury, dangerous occurrence and incident reporting
- OHS procedures
- quality systems
- legislation, regulations, codes of practice and industry advisory standards that apply to maintaining hard floor surfaces, including OHS legislation
- routes of entry and potential symptoms of exposure to chemicals
- safe work practices for using:
 - chemicals
 - equipment, including PPE
- types of hard floor surfaces, including:
 - characteristic of surfaces
 - · relevant cleaning methods

Approved Page 7 of 17

Evidence Guide

The evidence guide provides advice on assessment and must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and knowledge, range statement and the Assessment Guidelines for the Training Package.

Overview of assessment	This unit of competency could be assessed by observing practical demonstrations of maintaining hard floor surfaces involving at least two different surfaces and two different work site environments.			
Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit	A person who demonstrates competency in this unit must be able to provide evidence of the required skills and knowledge specified in this unit. In particular the person should demonstrate the ability to: identify type and condition of hard floor surface select cleaning equipment and chemicals comply with company, legislative and regulatory requirements use safe and efficient cleaning methods achieve outcomes in relation to customer work order and company requirements.			
Context of and specific resources for assessment	Assessment of essential underpinning knowledge may be conducted in an off-site context. It is to comply with relevant regulatory or Australian standards' requirements access to. Resource implications for assessment include: • suitable work site or venue • suitable equipment and chemicals			
	 PPE equipment operating manuals and MSDS work order instructions, work plans and schedules assessment instruments, including personal planner and assessment record book. 			
Method of assessment	 Assessment methods must: satisfy the endorsed Assessment Guidelines of the Property Services Training Package include direct observation of tasks in real or simulated work conditions, with questioning to confirm the ability to consistently identify and correctly interpret the essential underpinning knowledge required for practical application reinforce the integration of employability skills with workplace tasks and job roles confirm that competency is verified and able to be transferred to other circumstances and environments. 			
Guidance information for	Reasonable adjustments for people with disabilities must be made to			

Approved Page 8 of 17

assessment assessment processes where required. This could include access to modified equipment and other physical resources, and the provision of appropriate assessment support. Assessment processes and techniques should as far as is practical take into account the language, literacy and numeracy capacity of the candidate in relation to the competency being assessed. This unit could be assessed on its own or in combination with other

units relevant to the job function, such as:

• CPPCLO3002A Restore hard floor surfaces.

Approved Page 9 of 17

Range Statement

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance. Bold italicised wording, if used in the performance criteria, is detailed below. Essential operating conditions that may be present with training and assessment (depending on the work situation, needs of the candidate, accessibility of the item, and local industry and regional contexts) may also be included.

access to work site, including: Work order information access and egress points may include: timing of access budget allocations completion times and dates human resource requirements to complete the work tasks job requirements and tasks legislative and local government requirements OHS requirements and emergency response procedures requirements for working in isolated and remote locations resource requirements, such as equipment and materials specific client requirements, such as: dress and presentation requirements relationships with other activities use of signage and barriers work schedules work site contact persons work site requirements for specific industries, such as: hospitals and medical centres nursing homes retail food courts schools tourism and hospitality. business and performance plans Company requirements client communication procedures may include: client confidentiality procedures client service standards communication channels and reporting procedures company goals, objectives, plans, systems and processes company issued identification badge, card or pass company policies and procedures, including: access and equity policy, principles and practice OHS policies and procedures, including control procedures maintenance procedures for equipment and PPE

Approved Page 10 of 17

	 policies and procedures relating to own role, responsibility and delegation
	 work site access security clearance procedures
	 company service standards
	 dress and presentation requirements
	 duty of care, code of conduct, and code of ethics
	 emergency response and evacuation procedures
	 employer and employee rights and responsibilities
	 environmental protection requirements
	 personnel practices and guidelines
	 quality and continuous improvement processes and standards
	 records and information systems and processes
	 training materials (induction, refresher and new skills)
	• use of contractors.
Appropriate persons may	• clients
include:	• colleagues
	• managers
	 persons in control of work sites
	• supervisors.
Hazards may include:	allergic reactions to chemicals or equipment, including latex allergies
	biological and animal waste
	 bites and stings
	 blood and blood-stained products
	 confined or restricted spaces
	 contaminated clothing, materials or equipment
	 damaged or inappropriate equipment
	 dust and fibres
	 electrical hazards arising from:
	• cables
	• electrical fittings:
	• switches
	• lights
	untested electrical equipment
	• fatigue
	• fire
	• gas
	• heights
	 inadequate lighting and ventilation
	• infectious and zoonotic diseases, such as:
	• Q fever

Approved Page 11 of 17

- scabies
- mobile equipment and vehicle hazards around plant and vehicles
- moving or unguarded parts
- noise
- · occupational violence and bullying
- poor personal hygiene practices
- spill, splash and spray
- release of substances with negative environmental impact
- synergistic chemical reactions, such as:
 - hazardous incompatibility
 - reactivity
- syringes or other sharps
- temperature extremes
- ultraviolet light
- unsafe manual-handling techniques, including awkward and repetitive postures
- unsafe underfoot conditions, such as slippery, uneven and rough surfaces
- work in unfamiliar isolated or remote environments.

Legislative requirements may include:

- Australian standards, quality assurance and certification requirements
- award and enterprise agreements
- industry advisory standards and codes, such as:
 - building codes
 - dangerous goods codes
- relevant commonwealth, state and territory legislation and local government regulations affecting company operation, including:
 - anti-discrimination and diversity policies
 - chemical controls
 - chemical registers and manifests
 - consumer protection
 - energy conservation
 - environmental protection
 - equal employment opportunity
 - freedom of information
 - industrial equipment certificates of competency or licences
 - industrial relations
 - OHS Acts and regulations
 - privacy

Approved Page 12 of 17

public health trade practices water conservation workplace consultative arrangements. allergic reactions, such as contact dermatitis Occupational health and communication devices for remote and isolated locations, such safety (also known as as: workplace health and safety) requirements may mobile phone relate to: two-way radio dermatoxicological control and prevention measures emergency procedures for eye and skin contact, and inhalation and ingestion of toxic substances hazard identification and risk assessment mechanisms health surveillance and monitoring, such as regular blood testing hierarchy of hazard control procedures maintaining clear access national and industry standards and codes of practice OHS control procedures, such as: health and safety plans job plans job safety analyses risk assessments safe operating practices and procedures safe system of work statements safe work instructions work method statements reporting injury and dangerous occurrences routes of entry and potential symptoms of exposure to chemicals safe work practices for equipment, PPE and chemical storage, including interpretation of: **MSDS** hazardous substance information, such as long latency periods safety training, induction and refresher training selection and use of PPE and clothing appropriate to the hazard ultraviolet light up-to-date electrical test and tag compliance

Approved Page 13 of 17

use of residual current devices

use of chemicals according to MSDS

	• use, storage and maintenance of equipment according to manufacturer specifications and equipment operating manuals.
Hard floors may include:	• brick
Hard floors may include:	ceramic tiles
	• concrete
	• cork
	• marble
	• parquetry
	• pavers
	polished wood
	 proprietary flooring encompassing new technologies
	• quarry tiles
	• rubber
	• slate
	• terrazzo
	• vinyl
	• wood.
G 11.	• beverages
Soil types may be wet or dry and include:	• cigarette butts
dry and include.	• dust
	• food
	• gravel
	heavy dirt build-up
	hospital waste
	industrial and chemical
	• liquids
	• oil
	• paint
	• paper
	rainwater
	• stones
	• syringes
	• tar.
Cleaning techniques may	air blowing automatic floor corrubbing
include:	automatic floor scrubbing dry buffing
	dry buffing dust manning and sweeping
	dust mopping and sweeping low water cleaning methods, such as using microfibre cleaning.
	• low-water cleaning methods, such as using microfibre cleaning products
	a amylahin a
	scrubbingspray buffing
	wet mopping.

Approved Page 14 of 17

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Personnel may include:	client's staff members
	• colleagues
	• general public
	venue, facility, building, shopping centre staff and
	management.
Equipment may include:	• air blowers
	• brooms, such as:
	• bassine
	banister set
	deck fibre
	 household
	• millet
	• nylon
	• PVC
	 union fibre
	• yard
	cleaning trolleys
	• cloths
	damp mops, such as:
	 ragged or fixed shape
	cotton or polycotton
	doodle bag holder
	• dust mops, such as:
	straight or scissored
	anti-static or cotton
	 dust pans and brushes
	• floor squeegees
	hospital mops
	mechanical sweepers
	microfibre products
	 mop buckets, including ergonomic and split systems
	mopping system
	• scouring pads
	• split mops
	• water hoses.
Chamiaala may in alada.	acid cleaners
Chemicals may include:	alkaline cleaners
	low environmental-impact chemicals
	neutral cleaners
	solvent cleaners.

Approved Page 15 of 17

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Personal protective	ear muffs and plugs
equipment may include:	• gloves, such as non-permeable
	• goggles
	high-visibility vests and clothing
	overalls and other protective clothing
	• respirators
	safety glasses
	• safety shoes
	splash-proof face masks
	• sun protection
	• tongs
	ultraviolet protection
	wet-work clothing.
Manufacturer	equipment operating manuals
specifications may include:	instructional guides
	• MSDS
	• other resources supplied by the manufacturer, such as:
	laminated cards
	• notices
	• wall posters
	product labels
	• safety instructions pre-printed on equipment.
Signago and havrious mov	 physical barriers and restraints erected to restrict access to a site
Signage and barriers may include:	• signs complying with legislative requirements and Australian
merade.	standards warning of danger or adverse conditions, including:
	cleaning in progress
	 hazardous chemicals in use or present in work area.
Work restrictions may	amount of cleaning anticipated
include:	• client activity
merade.	employee level of literacy and communication skills
	• faulty or inappropriate equipment
	• site accessibility
	• site hazards
	skills of work unit or team
	staffing resources
	• time limitations.
Wasta may be sither solid	chemicals past expiry date
Waste may be either solid or liquid and include:	• litter
or riquid and include.	obsolete equipment
	packaging
	• soil
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Approved Page 16 of 17

	•	sweeping detritus
	•	used containers
	•	used or contaminated PPE
	•	used or unused chemicals.
Environmental	•	clean-up, containment and isolation
requirements may include:	•	company policies and guidelines
	•	emergency chemical spill control measures
	•	environmental protection agency and requirements of
		government departments, such as:
		agriculture
		emergency services
	•	hazardous materials handling
	•	local government regulations and by-laws
	•	low-energy cleaning methods
	•	low environmental-impact chemicals
	•	low-moisture cleaning methods
	•	low water-use equipment and water-efficient cleaning methods
	•	non-chemical cleaning methods.

Unit Sector(s)

Cleaning operations

Custom Content Section

Not applicable.

Approved Page 17 of 17