

Australian Government

Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations

CPCPPS5000A Design gas bulk storage systems

Release: 1



CPCPPS5000A Design gas bulk storage systems

Modification History

Not Applicable

Unit Descriptor

Unit descriptor This unit of competency specifies the outcomes required to design gas bulk storage systems, determine relevant installation details and prepare system specifications for a range of residential, commercial and industrial buildings.

Application of the Unit

Application of the unit This unit of competency supports the development of skills and knowledge required for competent workplace performance in a consultancy or supervisory capacity in relation to plumbing services and hydraulics.

Licensing/Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

Pre-Requisites

Prerequisite units Nil

Employability Skills Information

Employability skills

This unit contains employability skills.

Elements and Performance Criteria Pre-Content

Elements describe the essential outcomes of a unit of competency.

Performance criteria describe the performance needed to demonstrate achievement of the element. Where bold italicised text is used, further information is detailed in the required skills and knowledge section and the range statement. Assessment of performance is to be consistent with the evidence guide.

Elements and Performance Criteria

ELEMENT		PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	
1.	Evaluate design parameters.	1.1. <i>Scope of work</i> is established for gas bulk storage systems for a range of projects.	
		1.2. <i>Design requirements</i> are determined from plans, specifications and client briefs.	
		1.3. <i>Cost-benefit analysis</i> is conducted comparing a range of pipe materials and system designs.	
		1.4. Statutory and regulatory requirements and Australian and New Zealand standards for the design of gas bulk storage systems are analysed and applied.	
		1.5. <i>Manufacturer requirements</i> and trade and technical manuals are interpreted.	
		1.6. Additional research, including a <i>desktop study</i> , is conducted to outline design parameters.	
		1.7. Performance requirements are established.	
2.	Plan and detail system components.	2.1.Layout of a liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) bulk storage installation is determined in accordance with regulatory authorities.	
		2.2. Site plans for bulk installations are prepared, including <i>layout of pipework systems</i> .	
		2.3. Fire protection systems are specified in accordance with Australian and New Zealand standards and deluge systems are detailed.	
		2.4. <i>Control valves and fittings</i> are designed and detailed.	
		2.5. Content gauges are analysed and located in accordance with code requirements, and <i>meters</i> and regulators are specified.	
		2.6. Vaporisers are evaluated and specified and vaporisation rates are calculated.	
		2.7. <i>System calculations</i> are performed for a range of applications in accordance with regulations and manufacturer requirements.	
		2.8. <i>Pipe fixings</i> are designed for a range of applications.	
		2.9. Approved <i>materials</i> , <i>jointing methods</i> and <i>installation requirements</i> for gas bulk storage systems are specified.	
3.	Design and size systems.	3.1.Gas bulk storage systems and circuits are designed for a range of applications.	
		3.2. Deluge systems are designed.	

ELEMENT	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	
	3.3.Gas bulk storage systems are designed and sized using computer software packages.	
4. Prepare documentation.	4.1. <i>Plans</i> are prepared for a range of gas bulk storage systems.	
	4.2. <i>Specification</i> for a gas bulk storage system is prepared.	
	4.3. <i>Testing</i> and <i>commissioning schedule</i> is prepared.	
	4.4. Operation and maintenance manual is produced.	

Required Skills and Knowledge

REQUIRED SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE

This section describes the skills and knowledge required for this unit.

Required skills

Required skills for this unit are:

- communication skills to:
 - communicate with others to ensure safe and effective work practices
 - confirm job specifications and client requirements
 - enable clear and direct communication, using questioning to identify and confirm requirements, share information, listen and understand
 - read and interpret:
 - documentation from a variety of sources
 - standards and manufacturer requirements and manuals
 - plans, specifications, drawings and design briefs
 - statutory and regulatory requirements
 - use language and concepts appropriate to cultural differences
 - use and interpret non-verbal communication, such as hand signals
- written skills to prepare documentation, including:
 - operation and maintenance manual
 - plans, specifications and schedules
- determining relevant gas storage installation details
- innovation skills to develop creative and responsive approaches
- numeracy skills to apply measurements and calculations
- planning and organisational skills to:
 - research, collect, organise and understand information relating to the design of

REQUIRED SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE

gas bulk storage systems

- take initiative and make decisions
- preparing gas storage system specifications
- problem solving skills to analyse requirements, consider options and design an appropriate system
- teamwork skills to work with others to action tasks and relate to people from a range of cultural and ethnic backgrounds and with varying physical and mental abilities.

Required knowledge

Required knowledge for this unit is:

- common terminology and definitions used in design of gas bulk storage systems for all classes of building
- drafting principles
- nature of materials used and effects of performance under various conditions
- principles of technology in the design of gas bulk storage systems
- requirements of state regulatory authorities, Australian standards and manufacturer specifications, including hazards identified in relation to devices and systems used
- workplace safety requirements, including relevant statutory regulations, codes and standards.

Evidence Guide

EVIDENCE GUIDE

The evidence guide provides advice on assessment and must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and knowledge, range statement and the Assessment Guidelines for the Training Package.

Overview of assessment	This unit of competency could be assessed in the workplace or a close simulation of the workplace environment providing that simulated or project-based assessment techniques fully replicate plumbing and services workplace conditions, materials, activities, responsibilities and procedures.
Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit	 A person who demonstrates competency in this unit must be able to provide evidence of: evaluating and documenting design parameters, including client, regulatory, manufacturer and Australian and New Zealand standard requirements for a range of gas bulk storage systems planning and detailing system components, including: meters pipes regulators valves vaporisers designing and eluge system designing and sizing gas bulk storage systems using appropriate software preparing plans for a range of gas bulk storage systems to industry standards preparing testing and commissioning schedules producing operation and maintenance manuals.
Context of and specific resources for assessment	This competency is to be assessed using standard and authorised work practices, safety requirements and environmental constraints. Assessment of essential underpinning knowledge

EVIDENCE GUIDE

	will usually be conducted in an off-site context.
	Assessment is to comply with relevant regulatory or Australian standards' requirements.
	Resource implications for assessment include:
	 an induction procedure and requirement realistic tasks or simulated tasks covering the minimum task requirements relevant specifications and work instructions tools and equipment appropriate to applying safe work practices and relevant to planning processes, including calculators
	 support materials appropriate to activity, including computers and software
	 workplace instructions relating to safe working practices and addressing hazards and emergencies
	 material safety data sheets research resources, including industry related systems information.
	Reasonable adjustments for people with disabilities must be made to assessment processes where required. This could include access to modified equipment and other physical resources, and the provision of appropriate assessment support.
Method of assessment	Assessment methods must:
	 satisfy the endorsed Assessment Guidelines of the Construction, Plumbing and Services Training Package
	 include direct observation of tasks in real or simulated work conditions, with questioning to confirm the ability to consistently identify and correctly interpret the essential underpinning knowledge required for practical application reinforce the integration of employability skills with workplace tasks and job roles confirm that competency is verified and able to be transferred to other circumstances and environments.
	Validity and sufficiency of evidence requires that:
	• competency will need to be demonstrated over

EVIDENCE GUIDE

a period of time reflecting the scope of the role and the practical requirements of the workplace

- where the assessment is part of a structured learning experience the evidence collected must relate to a number of performances assessed at different points in time and separated by further learning and practice, with a decision on competency only taken at the point when the assessor has complete confidence in the person's demonstrated ability and applied knowledge
- all assessment that is part of a structured learning experience must include a combination of direct, indirect and supplementary evidence.

Assessment processes and techniques should as far as is practical take into account the language, literacy and numeracy capacity of the candidate in relation to the competency being assessed.

Supplementary evidence of competency may be obtained from relevant authenticated documentation from third parties, such as existing supervisors, team leaders or specialist training staff.

Range Statement

RANGE STATEMENT

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance. Bold italicised wording, if used in the performance criteria, is detailed below. Essential operating conditions that may be present with training and assessment (depending on the work situation, needs of the candidate, accessibility of the item, and local industry and regional contexts) may also be included.

Scope of work includes:

- interpretation of plans and specifications
- principles of operation of various types of LPG components and fault conditions in LPG components
- sizing and documenting layout of gas bulk

	storage installations, including fire protection systems, such as:
	chemical injection
	• extinguishers
	• hose reels
	hvdrants
	monitors
	• portable and fixed types of firefighting equipment
	• spray systems.
Design requirements include:	 architectural specifications builder specifications
	owner requirements
	 specialist gas use applications.
Cost-benefit analysis includes:	 comparison of range of suitable materials and system choices available to enable cost-effective choices to be made without compromising integrity of project.
Statutory and regulatory requirements and Australian and New Zealand standards include:	 Acts, regulations and local and state government policies, including group and strata titling
	• AS/NZS1596 The storage and handling of LP gas
	AS2430 Classification of hazardous areas
	• AS5601 (AG601) Gas installations
	• Building Code of Australia.
Manufacturer reauirements	• pump tables
include:	• sizing tables
	• specifications
	• technical and trade manuals.
Desktop study includes collection	 architectural and building plans
and interpretation of existing data	council plans
for design purposes from:	developer plans
	• other documents, including:
	applications
	• forms
	• other reports as available.
<i>Performance requirements</i> include:	 operational and safety requirements, established using Australian and New Zealand standards, and local and state authority plans.

<i>Layout of pipework systems</i> should:	 not unduly affect building integrity and aesthetic appeal
	 have principles of economy, serviceability, durability and fit for use applied.
<i>Control valves and fittings</i> may	• valves:
include:	 applications of valves and code requirements for installation
	emergency shutdown valves
	• excess flow valves
	hydrostatic relief valves
	• individual valve types
	• fittings:
	• bends
	• inspection openings
	• junctions
	• meters
	• reflux valves
	staged regulators
	• traps
	• vaporisers.
Matars include:	• mass flow
meters include.	• positive displacement
	• turbine.
System calculations include:	• determination of flow and appliance loadings
-	 interpretation of design charts and tables
	• pipe sizing calculations.
<i>Pipe fixings</i> include:	• anchors
	• bedding
	bracket spacing
	concrete support
	corrosion protection
	• cover
	hanging brackets
	• material requirements
	sauces well and cailing brackets
	• wan and cerning brackets.
Materials include:	• concrete
	• copper

• fittings and valves

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	• high density polyethylene (HDPE)
	• measures to prevent the spread of fire.
Jointing methods include:	• brazing
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mechanical joints
	solvent cement welding
	• threading.
Installation requirements include:	• bedding
instantion requirements merade.	• clipping
	concrete support
	• installation details
	jointing requirements
	• level of workmanship.
Plans include:	axonometrics
	• cross-sections
	• details
	• elevations
	• isometrics
	• schematics, which may be produced using:
	• pencil
	Indian ink
	• pigment liner
	computer generation
	• sections.
Specification includes:	• clipping
Specification metades.	 details of specialised components
	• jointing
	manufacturer requirements
	• materials
	• valves
	• workmanship.
<i>Testing</i> includes:	• air pressure test
	• gas leak test
	• quality assurance (QA) audit.
Commissioning schedule	flow testing
includes:	leak check
	• vaporisation rate check.
Operation and maintenance	leak detection
<i>manual</i> includes:	• regular maintenance requirements

• safety inspection

• yearly inspection.

Unit Sector(s)

Unit sector Plumbing and services

Co-requisite units

Co-requisite units Nil

Functional area

Functional area