

ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package

Release: 3.0

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Modification History

Version Modification History

The version details of this endorsed Training Package are in the table below. The latest information is at the top of the table.

Version	Release Date	Comments
3.0	February 2014	NSSC endorsement: Oualifications
	2014	 One new qualification: ICT40713 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Design Twelve revised qualifications: ICT20110 Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology revised, new code ICT20113 ICT20210 Certificate II in Telecommunications revised, new code ICT20213 ICT20310 Certificate II in Telecommunications Cabling revised, new code ICT20313 ICT20410 Certificate II in Telecommunications Digital Reception Technology revised, new code ICT20413 ICT30110 Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks Technology revised, new code ICT30113 ICT30210 Certificate III in Telecommunications revised, new code ICT30213 ICT30310 Certificate III in Telecommunications Cabling revised, new code ICT30313 ICT30410 Certificate III in Telecommunications Digital Reception Technology revised, new code ICT30413 ICT30610 Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks revised, new code ICT30613 ICT40310 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Radio Communications revised, new code ICT40313 ICT40610 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Networks Technology revised, new code ICT40613
		ICT50510 Diploma of Telecommunications Planning and Design revised, new code ICT50513

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Version	Release Date	Comments
		Units of competency
		• Nine new units:
		 ICTDRE3248A Design communications wiring systems for customer premises
		 ICTDRE3249A Develop integrated digital reception systems
		 ICTNPL4247A Apply compliance requirements to telecommunications work
		 ICTTEN4241A Design network projects
		 ICTTEN4242A Conduct site surveys to identify carrier installation requirements
		 ICTTEN4243A Prepare design drawings and specifications for telecommunications installations
		ICTTEN4244A Estimate and quote for carrier telecommunications equipment installations
		ICTTEN4245A Design infrastructure for telecommunications network installations
		 ICTTEN4246A Design dense wavelength division multiplexing installations
		• Three revised units:
		 ICTCBL2162A Install a cable lead-in revised, new code ICTCBL2163A
		 ICTTEN2007A Use electrical skills in telecommunications work revised, new code ICTTEN2008A
		ICTTEN2105A Install and test an internet protocol device in convergence networks revised, new code and title ICTTEN2219A Install and test internet protocol devices in convergence networks
		ISC Upgrade:
		• Minor revisions to 17 qualifications while maintaining equivalence:
		ICT20513 Certificate II in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless and Rigging Installation
		ICT20613 Certificate II in National Broadband Network Construction
		ICT30513 Certificate III in Telecommunications Rigging Installation
		ICT30713 Certificate III in National Broadband Network Construction
		ICT30813 Certificate III in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless

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Version	Release Date	Comments
		Installation
		ICT40110 Certificate IV in Optical Networks
		ICT40210 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Engineering
		ICT40410 Certificate IV in Radio Frequency Networks
		ICT40510 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Planning
		ICT50110 Diploma of Optical Networks
		ICT50210 Diploma of Telecommunications Network Engineering
		ICT50310 Diploma of Telecommunications Management
		ICT50410 Diploma of Radio Frequency Networks
		 ICT60110 Advanced Diploma of Optical Networks
		ICT60210 Advanced Diploma of Telecommunications Network Engineering
		ICT70110 Vocational Graduate Certificate in
		Telecommunications Network Engineering
		ICT80110 Vocational Graduate Diploma of Telecommunications Network Engineering
		• Minor revisions to 52 units while maintaining equivalence:
		ICTBWN3082B Perform tests on optical communication system and components
		ICTBWN3088B Install optical fibre splitters in fibre distribution hubs
		ICTBWN3090B Install lead-in module and cable for fibre to the premises
		ICTBWN3100B Work safely with live fibre to test and commission a fibre to the x installation
		ICTBWN3205B Use optical and radio frequency measuring instruments
		ICTCBL2005B Install customer cable support systems
		ICTCBL2006B Place and secure customer cable
		ICTCBL2008B Terminate metallic conductor customer cable
		ICTCBL2012B Install functional and protective telecommunications earthing system
		ICTCBL2017B Alter services to existing cable system
		ICTCBL2065B Splice and terminate optical fibre cable for
		carriers and service providers
		 ICTCBL2066B Joint and terminate coaxial cable
		ICTCBL2136B Install, maintain and modify customer premises

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Version	Release Date	Comments
		communications cabling: ACMA Restricted Rule
		ICTCBL2137B Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Open Rule
		• ICTCBL2138B Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Lift rule
		ICTCBL2139B Apply safe technical work practices for cabling registration when configuring an ADSL circuits
		ICTCBL3009B Install, terminate and certify structured cabling installation
		 ICTCBL3010B Install and terminate optical fibre cable on customer premises
		ICTCBL3011B Install and terminate coaxial cable
		ICTCBL3240B Install ribbon fibre cable in the FTTX distribution network
		 ICTCBL4002B Prepare design drawings and specification for a cable installation
		 ICTCBL4004B Schedule and supply cabling installation
		ICTCBL4023B Supervise cabling project
		ICTCBL4057B Test cable bearers
		 ICTCMP2022B Organise and monitor cabling to ensure compliance with regulatory and industry standards
		 ICTCMP2239B Perform restricted customer premises broadband cabling work: ACMA Restricted Rule
		ICTDRE3156B Install digital reception equipment
		 ICTDRE3157B Locate and rectify digital reception equipment faults
		ICTITU7106B Manage automated IT system applications using unix
		 ICTOHS2153B Work safely near power infrastructure
		ICTOPN4115B Install and test a dense wavelength division multiplexing system
		ICTPMG4048B Schedule installation of customer premises equipment
		ICTPMG7145B Undertake a telecommunications project
		ICTPMG8143B Manage a telecommunications project
		ICTPMG8149B Evaluate and use telecommunications
		management networks
		ICTRFN2163B Install a satellite antenna
		ICTRFN2164B Install a terrestrial antenna
		ICTRFN2068B Monitor the capacity of an recommend changes

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Version	Release Date	Comments
		to the cellular mobile network
		ICTRFN7182B Produce a radio link budget
		ICTRFN8180B Analyse a cellular mobile network system
		ICTRFN8181B Analyse a satellite communications system
		• ICTTEN2140B Use hand and power tools
		ICTTEN3054B Provide infrastructure for telecommunications
		network equipment
		ICTTEN3077B Commission an electronic unit
		ICTTEN3250B Provide infrastructure for telecommunications customer equipment
		ICTTEN4001B Identify requirements for customer telecommunications equipment
		ICTTEN4003B Estimate and quote for customer telecommunications equipment installation
		 ICTTEN4229B Design, install and configure a customer smart technology network
		 ICTTEN7193B Plan a transmission network
		 ICTTEN7227B Analyse business specifications to produce technical solutions
		 ICTTEN8195B Evaluate and apply network security
		 ICTWHS2170B Follow work health and safety and environmental policies and procedures
		Revised the following skill sets to reflect the changes to units detailed above:
		Advanced Cabler Registration Skill Set
		Advanced Telecommunications Rigging Installation Skill Set
		Basic Open Cabler Registration Skill Set
		Basic Restricted Cabler Registration Skill Set
		• Civil Works – Installation of Pit and Pipe and FDH Skill Set
		 Commercial Digital Television Antenna Systems Installation Skill Set
		Convergent Technology Installations for Home and SME Skill SetDesigner Skill Set
		Domestic Digital Television Antenna Installation Skill Set
		Installing NBN Wireless and Infrastructure Skill Set
		• IP Convergence Installations for Home and SME Skill Set
		National Broadband Network Advanced Linesworker/Installer Skill Set

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Release Date	Comments
	 National Broadband Network Splicer Skill Set Radio Technician Skill Set Wireless LAN and IP Network Installation Skill Set Updated units to current versions.
19 July 2013	NSSC endorsement: Qualifications
	 New qualifications ICT20613 Certificate II in National Broadband Network Construction ICT30713 Certificate III in National Broadband Network Construction ICT30813 Certificate III in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless Installation Revised qualifications ICT20510 Certificate II in Telecommunications Rigging Installation revised: new code and title ICT20513 Certificate II in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless and Rigging Installation ICT30510 Certificate III in Telecommunications Rigging Installation: new code ICT30513
	 Units of competency New units ICTCBL3240A Install ribbon fibre cable in the FTTX distribution network ICTCMP2239A Perform restricted customer premises broadband cabling work: ACMA Restricted Rule ICTTEN3250A Provide infrastructure for telecommunications customer equipment ICTWHS2081A Work safely in a radio frequency electromagnetic radiation environment ICTWHS2170A Follow work health and safety and environmental policies and procedures
	Date 19 July

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Version	Release Date	Comments
		 Make a range of minor editorial changes Update existing skill sets to reflect addition of new ICTWHS2170 unit and NBN changes to Training Package and revision of pathway qualification information:
		New Skill Sets
		 Advanced Cabler Registration Skill Set Basic Open Cabler Registration Skill Set Basic Restricted Cabler Registration Skill Set Civil Works – Installation of Pit and Pipe and FDH Skill Set Designer Skill Set ICT Access Senior Designer Skill Set National Broadband Network Advanced Linesworker/Installer Skill Set National Broadband Network Splicer Skill Set Plan FTTP Access Network Skill Set
		Updated Skill Sets
		 Advanced Telecommunications Rigging Installation Skill Set Basic ICT Sustainability Skill Set Basic Telecommunications Rigging Installation Skill Set Commercial Digital Television Antenna Systems Installation Skill Set Domestic Digital Television Antenna Installation Skill Set ICT Sustainability Planning Skill Set Installing NBN Wireless and Infrastructure Skill Set Technical Help Desk Support Skill Set Radio Technician Skill Set Wireless LAN and IP Network Installation Skill Set
		Deleted Skill Sets
		 Access Network Skill Set Broadband Skill Set Cabler Registration Skill Set Digital Reception Technology Skill Set Fibre to the Premises (FTTP) Test and Commission Skill Set (Advanced level installers) Fibre to the Premises (FTTP) Installation Skill Set (Base level installers) Satellite Digital Television Antenna Installation Skill Set
1.0	15 June	Primary release

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Version	Release Date	Comments
	2010	

Training Package Details

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Training Package Volume Number 1	Training Package Volume Name
1	1 of 3
2	2 of 3
3	3 of 3

Training Package	Training Package Volume Statement
Volume Number 1	

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Training Package Volume Number 1	Training Package Volume Statement
1	Introduction, Qualifications Framework and Assessment Guidelines
2	ICT10 Units of competency
3	Imported units of competency

Training Package Volume Number 1	Training Package Volume Description
1	This document is Volume 1 of the Integrated Telecommunications Training Package endorsed components. As such it provides the introduction to the Training Package, including the Assessment Guidelines and the Qualification Framework. It should not be used in isolation; users will need to ensure they have the relevant volume or volumes for the particular industry sector containing the endorsed units of competency.
2	This volume contains the ICT10 units of competency. It is not to be used in isolation but must be used in conjunction with Volume 1 which includes the Qualifications Framework and Assessment Guidelines, and with Volume 3 which contains imported units of competency.
3	This volume contains imported units of competency. It is not to be used in isolation but must be used in conjunction with Volume 1 which includes the Qualifications Framework and Assessment Guidelines, and with Volume 2 which contains ICT10 units of competency.

Training Package Volume Number	ISBN Number

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Preliminary Information

Important Note to Users

Training Packages are not static documents; they are amended periodically to reflect the latest industry practices and are version controlled. It is essential that the latest version is always used.

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Check the version number before commencing training or assessment

This Training Package is Version - check whether this is the latest version by going to the National Training Information Service (www.ntis.gov.au) and locating information about the Training Package. Alternatively, contact Innovation and Business Industry Skills Council at http://www.ibsa.org.au to confirm the latest version number.

Explanation of version number conventions

The primary release Training Package is Version 1. When changes are made to a Training Package, sometimes the version number is changed and sometimes it is not, depending on the extent of the change. When a Training Package is reviewed it is considered to be a new Training Package for the purposes of version control, and is Version 1. Do not confuse the version number with the Training Packages national code (which remains the same during its period of endorsement).

History

This submission puts forward the case for the endorsement of the ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package Version 3.0 (ICT10 V3.0); continuous improvement of the Training Package, which includes targeted revision of specific components of the ICT10 Telecommunication Training Package.

With the federal government driving the agenda of a number of initiatives in the telecommunications industry, including the NBN, Digital Education Revolution (DER) and sustainability practices to reduce carbon emissions and greenhouse effects on the environment, there has been major work to refresh this third version of ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package to meet the needs of the Australian industry and broader community.

Extensive industry consultation and research has identified a need for a new qualification and associated new competency units and a need to revise a number of qualifications and competency units.

The major changes introduced into Version 3 of ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package are the:

- NSSC endorsement for:
 - a new qualification for network design (ICT40713 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Design)
 - nine new and three revised recoded units of competency

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- revision of 12 recoded qualifications
- ISC upgrade of:
 - 17 qualifications
 - 52 units of competency
 - 15 Skill Sets

These new and revised qualifications and units of competency help to maintain the relevance of the Training Package.

List of AQF Qualifications

Qualification Code	Title
ICT20113	Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology
ICT20213	Certificate II in Telecommunications
ICT20313	Certificate II in Telecommunications Cabling
ICT20413	Certificate II in Telecommunications Digital Reception Technology
ICT20513	Certificate II in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless and Rigging Installation
ICT20613	Certificate II in National Broadband Network Construction
ICT30113	Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks Technology
ICT30213	Certificate III in Telecommunications
ICT30313	Certificate III in Telecommunications Cabling
ICT30413	Certificate III in Telecommunications Digital Reception Technology
ICT30513	Certificate III in Telecommunications Rigging Installation
ICT30613	Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks
ICT30713	Certificate III in National Broadband Network Construction
ICT30813	Certificate III in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless Installation
ICT40110	Certificate IV in Optical Networks
ICT40210	Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Engineering
ICT40313	Certificate IV in Telecommunications Radio Communications

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Qualification Code	Title
ICT20113	Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology
ICT40410	Certificate IV in Radio Frequency Networks
ICT40510	Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Planning
ICT40613	Certificate IV in Telecommunications Networks Technology
ICT40713	Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Design
ICT50110	Diploma of Optical Networks
ICT50210	Diploma of Telecommunications Network Engineering
ICT50310	Diploma of Telecommunications Management
ICT50410	Diploma of Radio Frequency Networks
ICT50513	Diploma of Telecommunications Planning and Design
ICT60110	Advanced Diploma of Optical Networks
ICT60210	Advanced Diploma of Telecommunications Network Engineering
ICT70110	Vocational Graduate Certificate in Telecommunications Network Engineering
ICT80110	Vocational Graduate Diploma of Telecommunications Network Engineering

List of ALL Units within Training Package

Units of Competency in ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package and their Prerequisite Requirements		
Code Title Prerequiunits		Prerequisite units
ICTBWN3082B	Perform tests on optical communication system and components	
ICTBWN3088B	Install optical fibre splitters in fibre distribution hubs	

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Code	Title	Prerequisite units
ICTBWN3090B	Install lead-in module and cable for fibre to the premises	
ICTBWN3100B	Work safely with live fibre to test and commission a fibre to the x installation	ICTWHS2170 B
ICTBWN3205B	Use optical and radio frequency measuring instruments	
ICTCBL2005B	Install customer cable support systems	
ICTCBL2006B	Place and secure customer cable	
ICTCBL2008B	Terminate metallic conductor customer cable	
ICTCBL2012B	Install functional and protective telecommunications earthing system	
ICTCBL2016A	Joint metallic conductor cable on customer premises	
ICTCBL2017B	Alter services to existing cable system	
ICTCBL2064A	Haul underground cable	
ICTCBL2065B	Splice and terminate optical fibre cable for carriers and service providers	
ICTCBL2066B	Joint and terminate coaxial cable	
ICTCBL2068A	Install a telecommunications service to a building	
ICTCBL2131A	Install an above ground equipment enclosure	
ICTCBL2132A	Erect aerial cable supports	
ICTCBL2133A	Construct underground telecommunications infrastructure	
ICTCBL2134A	Fix aerial cable	
ICTCBL2135A	Joint metallic conductor cable in access	

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Code	Title	Prerequisite units
	network	
ICTCBL2136B	Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Restricted Rule	
ICTCBL2137B	Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Open Rule	ICTCBL2136B
ICTCBL2138B	Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Lift Rule	
ICTCBL2139B	Apply safe technical work practices for cabling registration when configuring ADSL circuits	
ICTCBL2163A	Install a cable lead-in	
ICTCBL3009B	Install, terminate and certify structured cabling installation	
ICTCBL3010B	Install and terminate optical fibre cable on customer premises	
ICTCBL3011B	Install and terminate coaxial cable	
ICTCBL3013A	Perform cable and system test on customer premises	
ICTCBL3014A	Hand over systems and equipment	
ICTCBL3015A	Locate and identify cable system faults	
ICTCBL3018A	Install underground enclosures and conduit	
ICTCBL3019A	Install underground cable	
ICTCBL3020A	Construct aerial cable supports	
ICTCBL3021A	Install aerial cable	

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Code	Title	Prerequisite units
ICTCBL3049A	Install systems and equipment on customer premises	
ICTCBL3052A	Cut over new systems and equipment on customer premises	
ICTCBL3067A	Modify and cut over cable	
ICTCBL3069A	Install network cable equipment	
ICTCBL3103A	Maintain cable network	
ICTCBL3240B	Install ribbon fibre cable in the FTTX distribution network	ICTCBL2065B
ICTCBL4002B	Prepare design drawings and specification for a cable installation	
ICTCBL4004B	Schedule and supply cabling installation	
ICTCBL4023B	Supervise cabling project	
ICTCBL4057B	Test cable bearers	
ICTCBL4099A	Remotely locate and identify cable network faults	
ICTCMP2022B	Organise and monitor cabling to ensure compliance with regulatory and industry standards	
ICTCMP2239B	Perform restricted customer premises broadband cabling work: ACMA Restricted Rule	ICTCBL2136B
ICTCMP5176A	Undertake radio communications site audit	
ICTDRE3156B	Install digital reception equipment	
ICTDRE3157A	Locate and rectify digital reception equipment faults	
ICTDRE3165A	Install a complex digital reception system	

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Code	Title	Prerequisite units
ICTDRE3248A	Design communications wiring systems for customer premises	ICTCBL2137B (ICTCBL2136 B)
ICTDRE3249A	Develop integrated digital reception systems	
ICTDRE4166A	Integrate customer digital reception equipment	
ICTDRE4167A	Integrate data delivery modes	
ICTEDU3053A	Train customers in new technology	
ICTEDU5025A	Develop and deliver training associated with new and modified products	
ICTITU5144A	Test telecommunications network using virtual instruments	
ICTITU7106B	Manage automated ICT system applications using unix	
ICTNPL4107A	Apply business acumen to network planning	
ICTNPL4108A	Plan the deployment of access network architectures	
ICTNPL4109A	Evaluate the capability of access networks	
ICTNPL4110A	Evaluate the planning requirements for provisioning a telecommunications building facility	
ICTNPL4111A	Develop provisioning of telecommunications building works project	
ICTNPL4112A	Evaluate core network architectures	
ICTNPL4113A	Plan the deployment of core network	
ICTNPL4114A	Produce planning specifications for end to end service delivery	
ICTNPL4150A	Apply knowledge of regulation and legislation	

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Code	Title	Prerequisite units
	for the telecommunications industry	
ICTNPL4151A	Plan the telecommunications access network for an estate	
ICTNPL4247A	Apply compliance requirements to telecommunications work	
ICTNPL5071A	Develop planning strategies for core network design	
ICTNPL5096A	Develop planning strategies for access network design	
ICTNPL5101A	Apply service measures and demand forecasting to products and services planning	
ICTNPL5154A	Develop planning strategies for building environment design	
ICTNPL6029A	Plan the development and growth of the telecommunications network	
ICTNPL6030A	Forecast service demand	
ICTNPL6046A	Undertake network performance analysis	
ICTOHS2080A	Provide telecommunications services safely on roofs	
ICTOHS2153B	Work safely near power infrastructure	
ICTOPN4115B	Install and test a dense wavelength division multiplexing system	
ICTOPN4116A	Use advanced optical test equipment	
ICTOPN4117A	Prepare activity plans and specifications for a fibre to the x installation	
ICTOPN5118A	Plan and configure dense wavelength division multiplexing systems	

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$\label{thm:competency:equiv} \textbf{Units of Competency in ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package and their Prerequisite Requirements }$

Code	Title	Prerequisite units
ICTOPN5119A	Perform acceptance and commissioning tests on optical network	
ICTOPN5120A	Plan for an optical system upgrade and cut over	
ICTOPN5121A	Test and commission a dense wavelength division multiplexing transmission system	
ICTOPN5122A	Test the performance of specialised optical devices	
ICTOPN5123A	Analyse and integrate specialised optical devices in the network	
ICTOPN6124A	Manage optical ethernet transmission	
ICTOPN6125A	Manage dense wavelength division multiplexing transmission system	
ICTOPN6128A	Design a dense wavelength division multiplexing system	
ICTOPN6129A	Analyse optical transmission systems	
ICTPMG2130A	Prepare site for support installation	
ICTPMG2173A	Plan, organise and undertake work activities	
ICTPMG4048B	Schedule installation of customer premises equipment	
ICTPMG4152A	Manage the delivery of network infrastructure	
ICTPMG5027A	Develop customer premises equipment installation project plans	
ICTPMG5031A	Prepare a project brief	
ICTPMG5039A	Prepare project specifications	
ICTPMG6033A	Develop a project management plan	

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Code	ode Title	
ICTPMG6034A	Prepare a detailed design brief	
ICTPMG7145B	Undertake a telecommunications project	
ICTPMG8142A	Manage a telecommunications workplace	
ICTPMG8143B	Manage a telecommunications project	
ICTPMG8149B	Evaluate and use telecommunications management networks	
ICTPRO5026A	Develop training, marketing and sales resources for telecommunications products	
ICTRFN2163B	Install a satellite antenna	
ICTRFN2164B	Install a terrestrial antenna	
ICTRFN3055A	Install a radio communications antenna and feedline	
ICTRFN3070A	Install mobile telecommunications in motor vehicles	
ICTRFN3146A	Install WiMAX customer premises equipment broadband wireless access equipment	
ICTRFN3155A	Construct and test a radio communications device	
ICTRFN3175A	Operate and maintain radio communications technical instruments and field equipment	
ICTRFN4095A	Conduct radio frequency measurements	
ICTRFN4158A	Select an antenna system for radio communications	
ICTRFN4159A	Test and repair cellular network equipment	
ICTRFN4174A	Undertake radio communications signals monitoring	

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Code	Code Title	
ICTRFN4177A	Install radio communications base station equipment	
ICTRFN4178A	Maintain hybrid fibre coaxial broadband cable network	
ICTRFN5097A	Test cellular handset enhancements and international roaming agreements	
ICTRFN5148A	Test and measure cellular phone and network equipment performance	
ICTRFN5179A	Evaluate and analyse radio frequency signal coverage plots	
ICTRFN6098B	Monitor the capacity of and recommend changes to the cellular mobile network	
ICTRFN6171A	Produce and evaluate architecture designs for WiMAX networks	
ICTRFN7182B	Produce a radio link budget	
ICTRFN8180B	Analyse a cellular mobile network system	
ICTRFN8181B	Analyse a satellite communications system	
ICTSMB4160A	Set up and operate a contractor business	
ICTSMB4161A	Operate a contractor business with employees	
ICTSUS4183A	Install and test renewable energy system for ICT networks	
ICTSUS4184A	Install and test power saving hardware	
ICTSUS4185A	Install and test power management software	
ICTSUS4186A	Install thin client applications for power over ethernet	
ICTSUS5187A	Implement server virtualisation for a sustainable ICT system	

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Code	Code Title	
ICTSUS6233A	Integrate sustainability in ICT planning and design projects	
ICTSUS6234A	Establish a business case for sustainability and competitive advantage in ICT projects	
ICTSUS7235A	Use ICT to improve sustainability outcomes	
ICTSUS7236A	Manage improvements in ICT sustainability	
ICTSUS8237A	Lead applied research in ICT sustainability	
ICTSUS8238A	Conduct and manage a life cycle assessment for sustainability	
ICTTCR2188A	Use rigging practices and systems on telecommunications network structures	
ICTTCR2189A	Use operational safety in a telecommunications rigging environment	
ICTTCR2190A	Use safe rigging practices to climb and perform rescues on telecommunications network structures	
ICTTCR3062A	Build a telecommunications radio structure	ICTTCR2188 A ICTTCR2189 A ICTTCR2190 A
ICTTCR3191A	Install radio plant and equipment on telecommunications structures	ICTTCR2188 A ICTTCR2189 A ICTTCR2190 A
ICTTCR3192A	Protect against electromagnetic radiation and system hazards when working on	

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Code Title		Prerequisite units	
	telecommunications radio sites		
ICTTEN2008B	Use electrical skills in telecommunications work		
ICTTEN2140B	Use hand and power tools		
ICTTEN2207A	Install and configure a home or small office network		
ICTTEN2208A	Install and configure a small to medium business network		
ICTTEN2209A	Build and maintain a secure network		
ICTTEN2218A	Operate new media software packages		
ICTTEN2219A	Install and test internet protocol devices in convergence networks		
ICTTEN3054B	Provide infrastructure for telecommunications network equipment		
ICTTEN3056A	Install telecommunications network equipment		
ICTTEN3063A	Locate, identify and rectify recurrent network faults		
ICTTEN3074A	Recover customer premises equipment		
ICTTEN3075A	Refurbish customer premises equipment		
ICTTEN3077B	Commission an electronic unit		
ICTTEN3089A	Repair and replace telecommunications network hardware		
ICTTEN3104A	Maintain an electronic system		
ICTTEN3250B	Provide infrastructure for telecommunications customer equipment		
ICTTEN4001B	Identify requirements for customer		

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Code	Title	Prerequisite units	
	telecommunications equipment		
ICTTEN4003B	Estimate and quote for customer telecommunications equipment installation		
ICTTEN4040A	Assign a transmission path		
ICTTEN4050A	Install and configure a wireless mesh network		
ICTTEN4051A	Install configuration programs on PC based customer equipment		
ICTTEN4072A	Effect changes to existing customer premises equipment systems and equipment		
ICTTEN4073A	Cut over customer premises equipment major upgrades		
ICTTEN4076A	Complete equipment and software upgrades		
ICTTEN4078A	Commission an electronic system		
ICTTEN4081A	Locate, diagnose and rectify faults		
ICTTEN4085A	Monitor, analyse and action telecommunications network alarms		
ICTTEN4086A	Undertake routine maintenance of the telecommunications network		
ICTTEN4087A	Undertake remote diagnosis and repair of network faults		
ICTTEN4102A	Repair telecommunication system faults		
ICTTEN4126A	Install and configure internet protocol TV in a home network		
ICTTEN4198A	Install, configure and test an internet protocol network		
ICTTEN4199A	Install, configure and test a router		

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$\label{thm:competency:equiv} \textbf{Units of Competency in ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package and their Prerequisite Requirements }$

Code Title		Prerequisite units	
ICTTEN4202A	Install and test a radio frequency identification system		
ICTTEN4210A	Implement and troubleshoot enterprise routers and switches		
ICTTEN4211A	Design, install and configure an internetwork		
ICTTEN4212A	Apply advanced routing protocols to network design		
ICTTEN4213A	Configure and troubleshoot advanced network switching		
ICTTEN4214A	Install and maintain a wide area network		
ICTTEN4215A	Install and configure internet protocol TV in a service provider network		
ICTTEN4229B	Design, install and configure a customer smart technology network		
ICTTEN4241A	Design network projects		
ICTTEN4242A	Conduct site surveys to identify carrier installation requirements		
ICTTEN4243A	Prepare design drawings and specifications for telecommunications installations		
ICTTEN4244A	Estimate and quote for carrier telecommunications equipment installations		
ICTTEN4245A	Design infrastructure for telecommunications network installations		
ICTTEN4246A	Design dense wavelength division multiplexing installations		
ICTNPL4247A	Apply compliance requirements to telecommunications work		

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Code	Title	
ICTTEN5024A	Provide consultancy and technical support in the customer premises equipment sector	
ICTTEN5037A	Design a telecommunications project	
ICTTEN5038A	Design an electronic system for a telecommunications network	
ICTTEN5058A	Acceptance test new systems and equipment	
ICTTEN5059A	Commission telecommunications network equipment	
ICTTEN5060A	Integrate new systems and equipment into the telecommunications network	
ICTTEN5061A	Cut over new and replacement network equipment	
ICTTEN5083A	Locate, diagnose and rectify complex faults	
ICTTEN5084A	Provide expert advice and support on complex faults	
ICTTEN5092A	Undertake planned outage management	
ICTTEN5147A	Administer a data communications network	
ICTTEN5168A	Design and implement an enterprise voice over internet protocol and a unified communications network	
ICTTEN5200A	Install, configure and test a local area network switch	
ICTTEN5201A	Install, configure and test a server	
ICTTEN5203A	Dimension and design a radio frequency identification system	
ICTTEN5204A	Produce technical solutions from business specifications	

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Code Title		Prerequisite units	
ICTTEN5217A	Plan a wireless mesh network		
ICTTEN6036A	Undertake qualification testing of new or enhanced equipment and systems		
ICTTEN6042A	Undertake system administration		
ICTTEN6043A	Undertake network traffic management		
ICTTEN6044A	Coordinate fault rectification and restoration of service following network outages		
ICTTEN6045A	Implement planned network changes with minimal impact to the customer		
ICTTEN6047A	Manage a common channel signalling network		
ICTTEN6091A	Analyse and organise repair of highly complex telecommunications network faults		
ICTTEN6094A	Verify new software and hardware releases		
ICTTEN6169A	Produce and evaluate architecture designs for convergent cellular mobile networks		
ICTTEN6172A	Design and configure an IP-MPLS network with virtual private network tunnelling		
ICTTEN6206A	Produce an ICT network architecture design		
ICTTEN6216A	Design and manage internet protocol TV in a service provider network		
ICTTEN7193B	Plan a transmission network		
ICTTEN7219A	Manage alignment of systems with product and technology strategy		
ICTTEN7220A	Translate domain and solution architectures into platform requirements and designs		
ICTTEN7221A	Manage end to end architectural solutions across multiple domains		

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Code Title		Prerequisite units	
ICTTEN7222A	Manage solution architecture and impacts in line with organisational processes		
ICTTEN7223A	Manage application layer solutions		
ICTTEN7224A	Manage voice, data and internet protocol network solutions		
ICTTEN7225A	Manage network testing strategies		
ICTTEN7226A	Manage development and application of testing artefacts		
ICTTEN7227B	Analyse business specifications to produce technical solutions		
ICTTEN7228A	Manage project requirements and process implementations		
ICTTEN7230A	Scope project requirements and process solutions		
ICTTEN8149A	Analyse business specifications to produce technical solutions		
ICTTEN8194A	Investigate the application of cloud networks in telecommunications switching		
ICTTEN8195B	Evaluate and apply network security		
ICTTEN8196A	Evaluate and apply digital signal processing to communications system		
ICTTEN8197A	Produce engineering solutions using numerical computations and simulation		
ICTWHS2081A	Work safely in a radio frequency electromagnetic radiation environment		
ICTWHS2170B	Follow work health and safety and environmental policies and procedures		

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Units of Competency in ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package and their Prerequisite Requirements		
Code	Title	Prerequisite units
ICTWOR2141A	Work effectively in a telecommunications technology team	
ICTWOR3028A	Organise resources	
ICTWOR3035A	Organise material supply	
ICTWOR3041A	Schedule resources	
ICTWOR3093A	Manage spare parts	
ICTWOR3127A	Supervise worksite activities	
ICTWOR3231A	Resolve technical enquiries using multiple information systems	
ICTWOR3232A	Collect and analyse technical information	
ICTWOR4032A	Undertake a civil site survey	
ICTWOR4079A	Schedule equipment maintenance	

List of Imported Units

Unit Code and Title	Prerequisite	Origin
BSBCUS201B	NA	BSB07
Deliver a service to customers		Business Services Training Package
BSBCUS402B	NA	BSB07
Address customer needs		Business Services Training Package
BSBFIM501A	NA	BSB07
Manage budgets and financial plans		Business Services Training Package

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Unit Code and Title	Prerequisite	Origin
BSBINM302A	NA	BSB07
Utilise a knowledge management system		Business Services Training Package
BSBMGT401A	NA	BSB07
Show leadership in the workplace		Business Services Training Package
BSBOHS509B	NA	BSB07
Ensure a safe workplace		Business Services Training Package
BSBPMG521A	NA	BSB07
Manage project integration		Business Services Training Package
BSBPMG522A	NA	BSB07
Undertake project work		Business Services Training Package
BSBSMB305A	NA	BSB07
Comply with regulatory, taxation and insurance requirements for the micro business		Business Services Training Package
BSBSMB306A	NA	BSB07
Plan a home based business		Business Services Training Package
BSBSMB401A	NA	BSB07
Establish legal and risk management requirements of small business		Business Services Training Package
BSBSMB405B	NA	BSB07
Monitor and manage small business operations		Business Services Training Package
BSBSMB407A	NA	BSB07
Manage a small team		Business Services Training Package

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Unit Code and Title	Prerequisite	Origin
BSBSUS201A	NA	BSB07
Participate in environmentally sustainable work practices		Business Services Training Package
BSBSUS301A	NA	BSB07
Implement and monitor environmentally sustainable work practices		Business Services Training Package
BSBSUS501A	NA	BSB07
Develop workplace policy and procedures for sustainability		Business Services Training Package
BSBWHS504A	NA	BSB07
Manage WHS hazards and risks		Business Services Training Package
BSBWHS501A	NA	BSB07
Ensure a safe workplace		Business Services Training Package
BSBWOR401A	NA	BSB07
Establish effective workplace relationships		Business Services Training Package
CPCCOHS1001A	NA	CPC08
Work safely in the construction industry		Construction, Plumbing and Services Training Package
CPCCLDG3001A	NA	CPC08
Licence to perform dogging		Construction and Plumbing Services Integrated Framework Training Package
CPCCLRG3001A	NA	CPC08
Licence to perform rigging basic level		Construction, Plumbing and Services Training Package
CPCCLRG3002A	NA	CPC08
Licence to perform rigging intermediate level		Construction, Plumbing and Services Training Package

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Unit Code and Title	Prerequisite	Origin
CPCCLRG4001A	NA	CPC08
Licence to perform rigging advanced level		Construction, Plumbing and Services Training Package
CPCSUS4001A	NA	CPC08
Implement and monitor environmentally sustainable work practices		Construction, Plumbing and Services Training Package
CPPSEC3034A	NA	CPP07
Operate information gathering equipment		Property Services Training Package
FNSORG506A	NA	FNS10
Prepare financial forecasts and projections		Financial Services Training Package
HLTAID001	NA	HLT
Provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation		Health Training Package
HLTAID003	NA	HLT
Provide first aid		Health Training Package
ICAICT206A	NA	ICA11
Install software applications		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAICT304A	NA	ICA11
Implement system software changes		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAICT306A Migrate to new technology	NA	ICA11 Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAICT401A	NA	ICA11
Determine and confirm client		Information and

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Unit Code and Title	Prerequisite	Origin
business requirements		Communications Technology Training Package
ICAICT405A	NA	ICA11
Develop detailed technical design		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAICT508A	NA	ICA11
Evaluate vendor products and equipment		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK305A	NA	ICA11
Install and manage network protocols		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK406A	NA	ICA11
Install, configure and test network security		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK416A	NA	ICA11
Build security into virtual private networks		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK417A	NA	ICA11
Build an enterprise wireless network		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK410A	NA	ICA11
Install network hardware to a network		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK411A	NA	ICA11
Install software to networked computers		Information and Communications Technology Training Package

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Unit Code and Title	Prerequisite	Origin
ICANWK502A	NA	ICA11
Implement secure encryption technologies		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK503A	NA	ICA11
Install and maintain valid authentication processes		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK509A	NA	ICA11
Design and implement a security perimeter for ICT networks		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK516A	NA	ICA11
Determine best-fit topology for a local network		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK517A	NA	ICA11
Determine best-fit topology for a wide area network		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK518A	NA	ICA11
Design an enterprise wireless local area network		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICANWK520A	NA	ICA11
Design IT system security controls		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAS2014B	NA	ICA11
Connect hardware peripherals		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAS3234B	NA	ICA05
Care for computer hardware		Information and

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Unit Code and Title	Prerequisite	Origin
		Communications Technology Training Package
ICAT3025B	NA	ICA05
Run standard diagnostic tests		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAU3019B	NA	ICA05
Migrate to new technology		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAICT302A	NA	ICA11
Install and optimise operating system software		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICAICT303A	NA	ICA11
Connect internal hardware components		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICASAS203A Connect hardware	NA	ICA11
peripherals		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICASAS301A Run standard	NA	ICA11
diagnostic tests		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICASAS303A Care for computer	NA	ICA11
hardware		Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICASAS304A	NA	ICA11
Provide basic system administration		Information and Communications Technology Training Package

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Unit Code and Title	Prerequisite	Origin
ICASAS305A Provide IT advice to clients	NA	ICA11 Information and Communications Technology
ICASAS409A Manage risks involving ICT systems and technology	NA	Training Package ICA11 Information and Communications Technology Training Package
ICASAS505A Review and update disaster recovery and contingency plans	NA	ICA11 Information and Communications Technology Training Package

Mapping to Previous Training Package

Summary mapping to previous Training Package – qualifications Mapping of units of competency Key: $E = equivalent$, $N = not equivalent$				
ICT10 Version 3				
ICT20113 Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology	ICT20110 Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Change in WHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions.	Е	
ICT20213 Certificate II in Telecommunications	ICT20210 Certificate II in Telecommunications	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Change in WHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions.	Е	
ICT20313 Certificate II in Telecommunications Cabling	ICT20310 Certificate II in Telecommunications Cabling	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Change in WHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions.	Е	
ICT20413 Certificate II in Telecommunications	ICT20410 Certificate II in Telecommunications	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е	

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Summary mapping to pro	evious Training Package –	qualifications	
Mapping of units of compe	tency Key: E = equivalent, I	N = not equivalent	
Digital Reception Technology	Digital Reception Technology	Change in WHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions.	
ICT20513 Certificate II in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless and Rigging Installation	ICT20513 Certificate II in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless and Rigging Installation	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Units updated to current versions.	Е
ICT20613 Certificate II in National Broadband Network Construction	ICT20613 Certificate II in National Broadband Network Construction	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Units updated to current versions.	Е
ICT30113 Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks Technology	ICT30110 Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks Technology	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Change in WHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions.	Е
ICT30213 Certificate III in Telecommunications	ICT30210 Certificate III in Telecommunications	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Change in WHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions. Additional electives included to provide broader choice.	Е
ICT30313 Certificate III in Telecommunications Cabling	ICT30310 Certificate III in Telecommunications Cabling	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Change in WHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions. Additional electives included to provide broader choice.	Е
ICT30413 Certificate III in Telecommunications Digital Reception Technology	ICT30410 Certificate III in Telecommunications Digital Reception Technology	Vocational outcomes deemed not equivalent. Change to packaging rules and to composition of core units. Other units updated to current versions. Additional electives included to provide broader choice.	N
ICT30513 Certificate III in Telecommunications Rigging Installation	ICT30513 Certificate III in Telecommunications Rigging Installation	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Units updated to current versions.	Е

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Summary mapping to previous Training Package – qualifications			
Mapping of units of competency Key: $E = equivalent$, $N = not equivalent$			
ICT30613 Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks	ICT30610 Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Change in WHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions.	Е
ICT30713 Certificate III in National Broadband Network Construction	ICT30713 Certificate III in National Broadband Network Construction	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Units updated to current versions.	Е
ICT30813 Certificate III in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless Installation	ICT30813 Certificate III in Telecommunications Fixed Wireless Installation	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Units updated to current versions.	Е
ICT40110 Certificate IV in Optical Networks	ICT40110 Certificate IV in Optical Networks	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Elective units updated to current versions.	Е
ICT40210 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Engineering	ICT40210 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Engineering	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Elective units updated to current versions.	Е
ICT40313 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Radio Communications	ICT40310 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Radio Communications	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent. Packaging rules changed: • core units decreased by one by moving ICTWOR2141A Work effectively in a telecommunications technology team to elective bank • elective unit requirement increased by one. Core and elective units updated to current versions. Additional electives included to provide broader choice.	E
ICT40410 Certificate IV in Radio Frequency	ICT40410 Certificate IV in Radio Frequency	Vocational outcomes deemed	Е

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• • •	revious Training Package - etency Key: E = equivalent,	-	
Networks	Networks	equivalent.	
		Elective units updated to current versions.	
ICT40510 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Planning	ICT40510 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Planning	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
C		Additional elective included to provide broader choice.	
ICT40613 Certificate IV in Telecommunications	ICT40610 Certificate IV in Telecommunications	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
Networks Technology	tworks Technology Networks Technology	Change in OHS core unit. Other units updated to current versions.	
		Additional electives included to provide broader choice.	
ICT40713 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Design	N/A	New qualification.	
ICT50110 Diploma of Optical Networks	ICT50110 Diploma of Optical Networks	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
		Units updated to current versions.	
ICT50210 Diploma of Telecommunications	ICT50210 Diploma of Telecommunications	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
Network Engineering	Network Engineering	Units updated to current versions.	
ICT50310 Diploma of Telecommunications	ICT50310 Diploma of Telecommunications	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
Management	Management	Units updated to current versions, including core unit ICTTEN2219A which was updated to its non-equivalent ICTTEN2219A Install and test internet protocol devices in convergence networks.	
ICT50410 Diploma of Radio Frequency	ICT50410 Diploma of Radio Frequency	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е

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equivalent. Units updated to

Vocational outcomes deemed

equivalent. Units updated to

current versions.

current versions.

Summary mapping to p	previous Training Package	e – qualifications	
Mapping of units of com	petency Key: E = equivalen	$t, N = not \ equivalent$	
Networks	Networks	Units updated to current versions, including core unit BSBPMG510A which was updated to its equivalent BSBPMG522A Undertake project work.	
ICT50513 Diploma of Telecommunications	ICT50510 Diploma of Telecommunications	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
Planning and Design	Planning and Design	Additional electives included to provide broader choice.	
		Units updated to current versions.	
ICT60110 Advanced Diploma of Optical	ICT60110 Advanced Diploma of Optical	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
Networks	Networks	Units updated to current versions.	
ICT60210 Advanced Diploma of	ICT60210 Advanced Diploma of	Vocational outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
	Telecommunications Network Engineering	Additional elective included to provide broader choice.	
		Units updated to current versions.	
ICT70110 Vocational	ICT70110 Vocational	Vocational outcomes deemed	Е

No other qualifications were added, deleted or changed in this Version 3 of ICT10.

Graduate Certificate in

Telecommunications

Network Engineering

ICT80110 Vocational

Graduate Diploma of

Telecommunications

Network Engineering

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Graduate Certificate in

Telecommunications

Network Engineering

ICT80110 Vocational

Graduate Diploma of

Telecommunications

Network Engineering

E

Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3 Unit Code and Title	ICT10 Version 2 Unit Code and Title	Comments in relation to previous Training Package	E/N
ICTBWN3082B Perform tests on optical communication system and components	ICTBWN3082A Perform tests on optical communication system and components	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTBWN3088B Install optical fibre splitters in fibre distribution hubs	ICTBWN3088A Install optical fibre splitters in fibre distribution hubs	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor editorial change to performance criterion.	Е
ICTBWN3090B Install lead-in module and cable fibre to the premises	ICTBWN3090A Install lead-in module and cable fibre to the premises	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTBWN3100B Work safely with live fibre to test and commission a fibre to the x installation	ICTBWN3100A Work safely with live fibre to test and commission a fibre to the x installation	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTBWN3205B Use optical and radio frequency measuring instruments	ICTBWN3205A Use optical and radio frequency measuring instruments	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL2005B Install customer cable support systems	ICTCBL2005A Install customer cable support systems	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL2006B Place and secure customer cable	ICTCBL2006A Place and secure customer cable	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL2008B Terminate metallic conductor customer cable	ICTCBL2008A Terminate metallic conductor customer cable	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units	Е

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Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3 Unit Code and Title	ICT10 Version 2 Unit Code and Title	Comments in relation to previous Training Package	E/N
		updated.	
ICTCBL2012B Install functional and protective telecommunications earthing system	ICTCBL2012A Install functional and protective telecommunications earthing system	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL2017B Alter services to existing cable system	ICTCBL2017A Alter services to existing cable system	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor changes to range statement to reflect changed terminology.	Е
ICTCBL2065B Splice and terminate optical fibre cable for carriers and service providers	ICTCBL2065A Splice and terminate optical fibre cable for carriers and service providers	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Addition to application. Minor changes to knowledge requirements and range statement to reflect changed terminology.	E
ICTCBL2066B Joint and terminate coaxial cable	ICTCBL2066A Joint and terminate coaxial cable	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor change to element 5.	Е
ICTCBL2136B Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Restricted Rule	ICTCBL2136A Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Restricted Rule	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Addition to required knowledge. Minor changes to knowledge requirements and range statement to reflect changed terminology.	Е
ICTCBL2137B Install, maintain and modify customer premises	ICTCBL2137A Install, maintain and modify customer premises	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor addition to critical	Е

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Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3 Unit Code and Title	ICT10 Version 2 Unit Code and Title	Comments in relation to previous Training Package	E/N
communications cabling: ACMA Open Rule	communications cabling: ACMA Open Rule	evidence.	
ICTCBL2138B Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Lift Rule	ICTCBL2138A Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Lift Rule	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL2139B Apply safe technical work practices for cabling registration when configuring ADSL circuits	ICTCBL2139A Apply safe technical work practices for cabling registration	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor change to title, descriptor and performance criterion.	Е
ICTCBL2163A Install a cable lead-in	ICTCBL2162A Install a cable lead-in	Revised unit, outcomes deemed equivalent. Changes to unit descriptor, performance criteria, and required skills and knowledge to reflect current processes.	Е
ICTCBL3009B Install, terminate and certify structured cabling installation	ICTCBL3009A Install, terminate and certify structured cabling installation	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor changes to an element, a performance criterion and range statement.	Е
ICTCBL3010B Install and terminate optical fibre cable on customer premises	ICTCBL3010A Install and terminate optical fibre cable on customer premises	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor addition to required knowledge and range statement.	Е
ICTCBL3011B Install and terminate coaxial cable	ICTCBL3011A Install and terminate coaxial cable	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor changes to an	Е

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Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3	ICT10 Version 2	Comments in relation	E/N
Unit Code and Title	Unit Code and Title	to previous Training Package	
		element, performance criteria, required knowledge and range statement.	
ICTCBL3240B Install ribbon fibre cable in the FTTX distribution network	ICTCBL3240A Install ribbon fibre cable in the FTTX distribution network	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL4002B Prepare design drawings and specification for a cable installation	ICTCBL4002A Prepare design drawings and specification for a cable installation	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL4004B Schedule and supply cabling installation	ICTCBL4004A Schedule and supply cabling installation	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL4023B Supervise cabling project	ICTCBL4023A Supervise cabling project	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCBL4057B Test cable bearers	ICTCBL4057A Test cable bearers	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCMP2022B Organise and monitor cabling to ensure compliance with regulatory and industry standards	ICTCMP2022A Organise and monitor cabling to ensure compliance with regulatory and industry standards	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTCMP2239B Perform restricted customer premises broadband cabling work:	ICTCMP2239A Perform restricted customer premises broadband cabling work:	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units	Е

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Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3 Unit Code and Title	ICT10 Version 2 Unit Code and Title	Comments in relation to previous Training Package	E/N
ACMA Restricted Rule	ACMA Restricted Rule	updated.	
ICTDRE3156B Install digital reception equipment	ICTDRE3156A Install digital reception equipment	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor change to a performance criterion.	Е
ICTDRE3248A Design communications wiring systems for customer premises	N/A	New unit	
ICTDRE3249A Develop integrated digital reception systems	N/A	New unit	
ICTITU7106B Manage automated IT system applications using unix	ICTITU7106A Manage automated IT system applications using unix	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTNPL4247A Apply compliance requirements to telecommunications work	N/A	New unit	
ICTOHS2153B Work safely near power infrastructure	ICTOHS2153A Work safely near power infrastructure	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTOPN4115B Install and test a dense wavelength division multiplexing system	ICTOPN4115A Install and test a dense wavelength division multiplexing system	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTPMG4048B Schedule installation of customer premises equipment	ICTPMG4048A Schedule installation of customer premises equipment	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е

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Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3 Unit Code and Title	ICT10 Version 2 Unit Code and Title	Comments in relation to previous Training Package	E/N
ICTPMG7145B Undertake a telecommunications project	ICTPMG7145A Undertake a telecommunications project	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
		Minor changes to several performance criteria.	
ICTPMG8143B Manage a telecommunications project	ICTPMG8143A Manage a telecommunications project	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
		Minor changes to several performance criteria.	
ICTPMG8149B Evaluate and use telecommunications	ICTPMG8149A Evaluate and use telecommunications management networks	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
management networks		Minor changes to unit descriptor, application and two performance criteria.	
ICTRFN2163B Install a satellite antenna	ICTRFN2163A Install a satellite antenna	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
		References to other units updated.	
ICTRFN2164B Install a terrestrial antenna	ICTRFN2164A Install a terrestrial antenna	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
		References to other units updated.	
ICTRFN6098B Monitor the capacity and recommend	ICTRFN6098A Monitor the capacity and recommend	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
changes to the cellular mobile network	changes to the cellular mobile network	References to other units updated.	
ICTRFN7182B Produce a radio link budget	ICTRFN7182A Produce a radio link budget	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
		References to other units updated.	
ICTRFN8180B Analyse a	ICTRFN8180A Analyse a	Outcomes deemed	Е

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Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3 Unit Code and Title	ICT10 Version 2 Unit Code and Title	Comments in relation to previous Training Package	E/N
cellular mobile network system	cellular mobile network system	equivalent. References to other units updated.	
ICTRFN8181B Analyse a satellite communications system	ICTRFN8181B Analyse a satellite communications system	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTTEN2008A Use electrical skills in telecommunications work	ICTTEN2007A Use electrical skills in telecommunications work	Revised unit, outcomes deemed not equivalent. Changes to elements and performance criteria and required knowledge and range statement to reflect changed processes.	N
ICTTEN2140B Use hand and power tools	ICTTEN2140A Use hand and power tools	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTTEN2219A Install and test internet protocol devices in convergence networks	ICTTEN2105A Install and test an internet protocol device in convergence networks	Revised unit, outcomes deemed not equivalent. Changes to unit title, elements and performance criteria and required knowledge and range statement to reflect changed processes.	
ICTTEN3054B Provide infrastructure for telecommunications network equipment	ICTTEN3054A Provide infrastructure for telecommunications network equipment	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTTEN3077B Commission an electronic unit	ICTTEN3077A Commission an electronic unit	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е

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Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3	ICT10 Version 2	Comments in relation	E/N
Unit Code and Title	Unit Code and Title	to previous Training Package	
		References to other units updated.	
ICTTEN3250B Provide infrastructure for telecommunications customer equipment	ICTTEN3250A Provide infrastructure for telecommunications customer equipment	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTTEN4001B Identify requirements for customer telecommunications equipment	ICTTEN4001A Identify requirements for customer telecommunications equipment	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	Е
ICTTEN4003B Estimate and quote for customer telecommunications equipment installation	ICTTEN4003A Estimate and quote for customer telecommunications equipment installation	Outcomes deemed equivalent. References to other units updated.	
ICTTEN4229B Design, install and configure a customer smart technology network	ICTTEN4229A Design, install and configure a customer smart grid network	Outcomes deemed equivalent. Minor change to unit title and other minor editorial changes.	Е
ICTTEN4241A Design network projects	N/A	New unit	
ICTTEN4242A Conduct site surveys to identify carrier installation requirements	N/A	New unit	
ICTTEN4243A Prepare design drawings and specifications for telecommunications installations	N/A	New unit	
ICTTEN4244A Estimate and quote for carrier telecommunications	N/A	New unit	

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Mapping of units of competency Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3 Unit Code and Title	ICT10 Version 2 Unit Code and Title	Comments in relation to previous Training Package	E/N
equipment installations			
ICTTEN4245A Design infrastructure for telecommunications network installations	N/A	New unit	
ICTTEN4246A Design dense wavelength division multiplexing installations	N/A	New unit	
ICTTEN7193B Plan a transmission network	ICTTEN7193A Plan a transmission network	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
		References to other units updated.	
ICTTEN7227B Analyse business specifications to	ICTTEN7227A Analyse business specifications to	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
produce technical solutions	produce technical solutions	Minor changes to performance criteria.	
ICTTEN8195B Evaluate and apply network security	ICTTEN8195A Evaluate and apply network security	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
		Minor changes to performance criteria.	
ICTWHS2170B Follow work health and safety and	health and safety and	Outcomes deemed equivalent.	Е
environmental policies and procedures	environmental policies and procedures	Minor change to unit descriptor, range statement and other minor editorial changes.	

No other native units of competency were added, deleted or changed in this Version 3 of ICT10.

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Summary mapping to previous Training Package – skill sets

Mapping of skill sets Key: E = equivalent, N = not equivalent

ICT10 Version 3	ICT10 Version 2	Comments	E/N
Skill Set title	Skill Set title		
Advanced Cabler Registration Skill Set	Advanced Cabler Registration Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Advanced Telecommunications Rigging Installation Skill Set	Advanced Telecommunications Rigging Installation Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Basic Open Cabler Registration Skill Set	Basic Open Cabler Registration Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Basic Restricted Cabler Registration Skill Set	Basic Restricted Cabler Registration Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Civil Works – Installation of Pit and Pipe and FDH Skill Set	Civil Works – Installation of Pit and Pipe and FDH Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Commercial Digital Television Antenna Systems Installation Skill Set	Commercial Digital Television Antenna Systems Installation Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Convergent Technology Installations for home and SME Skill Set	Convergent Technology Installations for home and SME Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Designer Skill Set	Designer Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Installing NBN Wireless and Infrastructure Skill Set	Installing NBN Wireless and Infrastructure Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
IP Convergence Installations for Home and SME Skill Set	IP Convergence Installations for Home and SME Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
National Broadband Network Advanced Linesworker/Installer	National Broadband Network Advanced Linesworker/Installer	Units updated to reflect current	Е

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Skill Set	Skill Set	versions	
National Broadband Network Splicer Skill Set	National Broadband Network Splicer Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Domestic Digital Television Antenna Installation Skill Set	Domestic Digital Television Antenna Installation Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Radio Technician Skill Set	Radio Technician Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е
Wireless LAN and IP Network Installation Skill Set	Wireless LAN and IP Network Installation Skill Set	Units updated to reflect current versions	Е

Overview

What is a Training Package?

A Training Package is an integrated set of nationally endorsed competency standards, assessment guidelines and Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) qualifications for a specific industry, industry sector or enterprise.

Each Training Package:

- provides a consistent and reliable set of components for training, recognising and assessing peoples skills, and may also have optional support materials
- enables nationally recognised qualifications to be awarded through direct assessment of workplace competencies
- encourages the development and delivery of flexible training which suits individual and industry requirements
- encourages learning and assessment in a work-related environment which leads to verifiable workplace outcomes.

How do Training Packages fit within the National Skills Framework?

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The National Skills Framework applies nationally, is endorsed by the Ministerial Council for Vocational and Technical Education, and comprises the Australian Quality Training Framework 2007 (AQTF 2007), and Training Packages endorsed by the National Quality Council (NQC).

How are Training Packages developed?

Training Packages are developed by Industry Skills Councils or enterprises to meet the identified training needs of specific industries or industry sectors. To gain national endorsement of Training Packages, developers must provide evidence of extensive research, consultation and support within the industry area or enterprise.

How do Training Packages encourage flexibility?

Training Packages describe the skills and knowledge needed to perform effectively in the workplace without prescribing how people should be trained.

Training Packages acknowledge that people can achieve vocational competency in many ways by emphasising what the learner can do, not how or where they learned to do it. For example, some experienced workers might be able to demonstrate competency against the units of competency, and even gain a qualification, without completing a formal training program.

With Training Packages, assessment and training may be conducted at the workplace, off-the-job, at a training organisation, during regular work, or through work experience, work placement, work simulation or any combination of these.

Who can deliver and assess using Training Packages?

Training and assessment using Training Packages must be conducted by a Registered Training Organisation (RTO) that has the qualifications or specific units of competency on its scope of registration, or that works in partnership with another RTO, as specified in the AQTF 2007.

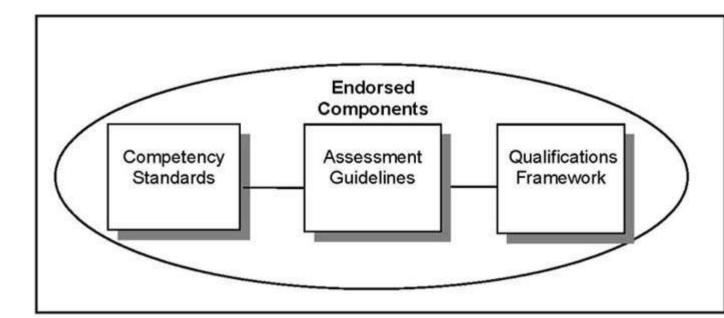
Training Package Components

Training Packages are made up of mandatory components endorsed by the NQC, and optional support materials.

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Training Package Endorsed Components

The nationally endorsed components include the Competency Standards, Assessment Guidelines and Qualifications Framework. These form the basis of training and assessment in the Training Package and, as such, they must be used.



Competency Standards

Each unit of competency identifies a discrete workplace requirement and includes the knowledge and skills that underpin competency as well as language, literacy and numeracy; and occupational health and safety requirements. The units of competency must be adhered to in training and assessment to ensure consistency of outcomes.

Assessment Guidelines

The Assessment Guidelines provide an industry framework to ensure all assessments meet industry needs and nationally agreed standards as expressed in the Training Package and the AQTF 2007. The Assessment Guidelines must be followed to ensure the integrity of assessment leading to nationally recognised qualifications.

Qualifications Framework

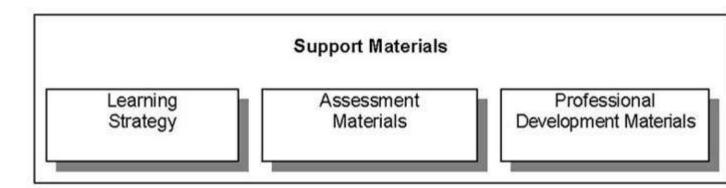
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Each Training Package provides details of those units of competency that must be achieved to award AQF qualifications. The rules around which units of competency can be combined to make up a valid AQF qualification in the Training Package are referred to as the "packaging rules". The packaging rules must be followed to ensure the integrity of nationally recognised qualifications issued.

Training Package Support Materials

The endorsed components of Training Packages are complemented and supported by optional support materials that provide for choice in the design of training and assessment to meet the needs of industry and learners.

Training Package support materials can relate to single or multiple units of competency, an industry sector, a qualification or the whole Training Package. They tend to fall into one or more of the categories illustrated below.



Training Package support materials are produced by a range of stakeholders such as RTOs, individual trainers and assessors, private and commercial developers and Government agencies.

Where such materials have been quality assured through a process of "noting" by the NQC, they display the following official logo. Noted support materials are listed on the National Training Information Service (NTIS), together with a detailed description and information on the type of product and its availability < www.ntis.gov.au>



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It is not compulsory to submit support materials for noting; any resources that meet the requirements of the Training Package can be used.

Training Package, Qualification and Unit of Competency Codes

There are agreed conventions for the national codes used for Training Packages and their components. Always use the correct codes, exactly as they appear in the Training Package, and with the code always before the title.

Training Package Codes

Each Training Package has a unique five-character national code assigned when the Training Package is endorsed, for example ICT10. The first three characters are letters identifying the Training Package industry coverage and the last two characters are numbers identifying the year of endorsement.

Qualification Codes

Within each Training Package, each qualification has a unique eight-character code, for example ICT20110. Qualification codes are developed as follows:

- the first three letters identify the Training Package;
- the first number identifies the qualification level (noting that, in the qualification titles themselves, arabic numbers are **not** used);
- the next two numbers identify the position in the sequence of the qualification at that level; and
- the last two numbers identify the year in which the qualification was endorsed. (Where qualifications are added after the initial Training Package endorsement, the last two numbers may differ from other Training Package qualifications as they identify the year in which those particular qualifications were endorsed.)

Unit of Competency Codes

Within each Training Package, each unit of competency has a unique code. Unit of competency codes are assigned when the Training Package is endorsed, or when new units of competency are added to an existing endorsed Training Package. Unit codes are developed as follows:

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- a typical code is made up of 12 characters, normally a mixture of uppercase letters and numbers, as in ICTBWN3082A;
- the first three characters signify the Training Package ICT10 in the above example and up to eight characters, relating to an industry sector, function or skill area, follow;
- the last character is always a letter and identifies the unit of competency version. An "A" at the end of the code indicates that this is the original unit of competency. "B", or another incremented version identifier means that minor changes have been made. Typically this would mean that wording has changed in the range statement or evidence guide, providing clearer intent; and
- where changes are made that alter the outcome, a new code is assigned and the title is changed.

Training Package, Qualification and Unit of Competency Titles

There are agreed conventions for titling Training Packages and their components. Always use the correct titles, exactly as they appear in the Training Package, and with the code always placed before the title.

Training Package Titles

The title of each endorsed Training Package is unique and relates the Training Packages broad industry coverage.

Qualification Titles

The title of each endorsed Training Package qualification is unique. Qualification titles use the following sequence:

- first, the qualification is identified as either Certificate I, Certificate II, Certificate III, Certificate IV, Diploma, Advanced Diploma, Vocational Graduate Certificate, or Vocational Graduate Diploma;
- this is followed by the words "in" for Certificates I to IV, and "of" for Diploma, Advanced Diploma, Vocational Graduate Certificate and Vocational Graduate Diploma;
- then, the industry descriptor, for example Telecommunications; and
- then, if applicable, the occupational or functional stream in brackets, for example (Computer Systems).

For example:

• ICT20110 Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology.

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Unit of Competency Titles

Each unit of competency title is unique. Unit of competency titles describe the competency outcome concisely, and are written in sentence case.

For example:

• ICTBWN3082A Perform tests on optical communication system and components.

Historical and General Information

Background

It is generally accepted, and inescapably true, that the workforce of the telecommunications industry is ageing. Retirement of a growing number of existing employees will create a shortfall in the workforce and so it is essential to train new entrants to the industry, particularly with the NBN deployment.

Compounding these factors is the changing nature of the industry, increasing convergence of the 'T' and 'IT' sectors, the integration between optical and radio frequency (RF) networks and the rapid introduction of new IP technologies.

ICT10 Key revisions

Telecommunications regulator

The telecommunications regulator is the Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA). The legislation covering ACMA activities involves a broad range of national activities from carrier licensing to use of radio spectrum and the most relevant issue for ICT10 qualifications is the ACMA Cabling Provider Rules Registration.

Australian Communications and Media Authority Building Cabling Regulation CPR Registration – Ex-Licensing

The Cabling Provider Rules (CPR) benchmark units of competency ICTCBL2136B, ICTCBL2137B and ICTCBL2138B meet the ACMA requirements for a cabler 'registration' system involving accredited registrars.

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ICTCBL2138B applies only to lift cabling for elevator industry, where other qualifications in 'electrical' are also needed. To be permitted to work with lift cabling, cablers are required to have completed the relevant Electrotechnology qualification such as the Certificate III in Electrotechnology Electrician or equivalent.'

In accordance with the ACMA policy, these are in ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package qualifications and are not treated as a completely separate requirement, as is often the case in some industries with licensing and registration.

Relationship between units linked to ACMA CPR requirements

Completion of the following six cabling units ICTCBL2005B, ICTCBL2006B, ICTCBL2008B, ICTCBL2012B, ICTCBL2017B and ICTCMP2022B exceeds the requirements of the benchmark units ICTCBL2136B and ICTCBL2137B. These two benchmark units are used in telecommunications for the purpose of registering with an accredited registrar of the telecommunications regulator ACMA, as a CPR registered cabler. All of these units appear in relevant qualifications in the ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package in accordance with Training Package guidelines.

An official reference document called 'Pathways to ACMA Cabling Provider Rules Cabler Registration' sets out the competency-based and other alternative ACMA authorised pathways. ACMA and registrars can provide access to this document, which is also available at www.acma.gov.au and www.citt.com.au.

ICTCBL2136B and ICTCBL2137B benchmark standards fulfil the requirements for ACMA Cabling Provider Rules Open Cabling registration and are generally regarded in the industry as a 'fast track' option to gain ACMA CPR registration for participants with some industry experience.

A new unit of competency relating to specialised broadband cabling (ICTCMP2239B) has been developed in response to a need for restricted CPR registered cablers who are required to work on specialised cabling for the broadband network. The new unit of competency applies to restricted CPR holders working on specialist cabling and is for point-to-point work only. It is not an "endorsement", such as those obtained by Open CPR holders for doing underground or aerial work.

ICTCBL2136A Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Restricted Rule is the prerequisite unit for ICTCBL2137A. ICTCBL2136A must be obtained before ICTCBL2137A can be credited. However, in some circumstances, assessment may be concurrent.

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All pathways to CPR registration will now include explicit training for an endorsed Training Package unit of competency for work health and safety.

State/territory arrangements

The six unit of competency set ICTCBL2005B, ICTCBL2006B, ICTCBL2008B, ICTCBL2012B, ICTCBL2017B and ICTCMP2022B that meets the ACMA requirements for CPR registration, is generally used as part of a more specialised customer cabling qualification. This set is usually regarded as more suitable for new entrants where limited industry experience has been obtained and forms the major part of specialised qualifications such as ICT20310 Certificate II in Telecommunications Cabling. When these six units are delivered as a set within state/territory funding approved programs, the two benchmark CPR units are not required.

NOTE ON CPR ENDORSEMENTS: gaining the ACMA CPR registration requirements by either the CPR benchmark units ICTCBL2136B and ICTCBL2137B, or the six unit set (ICTCBL2005B, ICTCBL2006B, ICTCBL2008B, ICTCBL2012B, ICTCBL2017B and ICTCMP2022B) which were the AUSTEL base cabling licence requirements, does not grant industry competency for specialised cabling activities known as 'endorsements', such as coaxial, optical fibre and structured cabling. The separate units for specialised cabling activities are outlined in this Training Package.

Introduction to the Industry

Acting on behalf of the Australian government, and working within the scope of vocational education and training (VET), the Department of Industry works to ensure that Australian industries have access to the people and skills they need, both to maintain existing operations, and to achieve competitive and opportunity-led change.

Innovation and Business Skills Australia, (IBSA) assists industry and governments to identify and coordinate activities directed towards meeting the people and skill needs of six key industry sectors of the Australian economy. These industry sectors include:

- business services
- cultural and creative industries
- education and training
- financial services
- ICT and telecommunications
- printing and graphic arts.

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The telecommunications industry comprises cabling, wireless, switching, transmission, radio frequency (RF) and optical communications, media and IP networks. The construction of the national broadband network (NBN) with fibre technology has required the development of specific qualifications to meet the demands of the NBN construction process, as well as the installation of wireless technology for remote areas.

Advances in digital and IP networking technologies have had a dramatic effect on the demand for better, faster and more bandwidth for ICT communications to serve the Australian economy and community.

Increased demand for ICT communications includes:

- escalating use of social networking applications, such as Facebook, wikis and Twitter
- smart homes and home integration technologies
- increasing use of IP technologies, such as VoIP, IPTV and smart phones
- IP Core and Access Networks replacing traditional ICT networks
- Cloud Computing and Smart Grid technologies becoming the way the ICT industry is adapting globally
- the proliferation of home networks equipped with computer networks, home entertainment and smart home technologies
- small to medium enterprises (SME) and teleworkers using more elaborate teleconference facilities (telepresence) to work from home and reduce transport costs and improve efficiency
- superior and more advanced broadband networks from federal government initiatives to boost Australian economy and improve ways of operating, such as eHealth, eEducation, eTravel and hospitality
- a decline in sales of physical products, such as CDs, countered by a dramatic rise in digital sales through outlets such as iTunes and mobile phone companies
- new approaches to media distribution through the internet
- entry of new participants in the telecommunications mobile phone industry, such as Google and Microsoft.

Qualifications Framework

The Australian Qualifications Framework

What is the Australian Qualifications Framework?

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Future Skills Organisation

A brief overview of the Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) follows. For a full explanation of the AQF, see the *AQF Implementation Handbook*. The 2007 version of the *AQF Implementation Handbook* is expected to be available on the Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board (AQFAB) website www.aqf.edu.au during September 2007, and in print in October 2007 (obtain the hard copy by contacting AQFAB on phone 03 9639 1606 or email at aqfab@curriculum.edu.au).

The AQF provides a comprehensive, nationally consistent framework for all qualifications in post-compulsory education and training in Australia. In the vocational education and training (VET) sector it assists national consistency for all trainees, learners, employers and providers by enabling national recognition of qualifications and Statements of Attainment.

Training Package qualifications in the VET sector must comply with the titles and guidelines of the AQF. Endorsed Training Packages provide a unique title for each AQF qualification which must always be reproduced accurately.

Qualifications

Training Packages can incorporate the following eight AQF qualifications.

- Certificate I in ...
- Certificate II in ...
- Certificate III in ...
- Certificate IV in ...
- Diploma of ...
- Advanced Diploma of ...
- Vocational Graduate Certificate of ...
- Vocational Graduate Diploma of ...

On completion of the requirements defined in the Training Package, a Registered Training Organisation (RTO) may issue a nationally recognised AQF qualification. Issuance of AQF qualifications must comply with the advice provided in the *AQF Implementation Handbook* and the AQTF 2007 *Essential Standards for Registration*.

Statement of Attainment

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A Statement of Attainment is issued by a Registered Training Organisation when an individual has completed one or more units of competency from nationally recognised qualification(s)/courses(s). Issuance of Statements of Attainment must comply with the advice provided in the current *AQF Implementation Handbook* and the AQTF 2007 *Essential Standards for Registration*.

Under the AQTF 2007, RTOs must recognise the achievement of competencies as recorded on a qualification or Statement of Attainment issued by other RTOs. Given this, recognised competencies can progressively build towards a full AQF qualification.

AQF Guidelines and Learning Outcomes

The *AQF Implementation Handbook* provides a comprehensive guideline for each AQF qualification. A summary of the learning outcome characteristics and their distinguishing features for each VET related AQF qualification is provided below.

Certificate I

Characteristics of Learning Outcomes

Breadth, depth and complexity of knowledge and skills would prepare a person to perform a defined range of activities most of which may be routine and predictable.

Applications may include a variety of employment related skills including preparatory access and participation skills, broad-based induction skills and/or specific workplace skills. They may also include participation in a team or work group.

Distinguishing Features of Learning Outcomes

Do the competencies enable an individual with this qualification to:

- demonstrate knowledge by recall in a narrow range of areas;
- demonstrate basic practical skills, such as the use of relevant tools;
- perform a sequence of routine tasks given clear direction
- receive and pass on messages/information.

Certificate II

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Characteristics of Learning Outcomes

Breadth, depth and complexity of knowledge and skills would prepare a person to perform in a range of varied activities or knowledge application where there is a clearly defined range of contexts in which the choice of actions required is usually clear and there is limited complexity in the range of operations to be applied.

Performance of a prescribed range of functions involving known routines and procedures and some accountability for the quality of outcomes.

Applications may include some complex or non-routine activities involving individual responsibility or autonomy and/or collaboration with others as part of a group or team.

Distinguishing Features of Learning Outcomes

Do the competencies enable an individual with this qualification to:

- demonstrate basic operational knowledge in a moderate range of areas;
- apply a defined range of skills;
- apply known solutions to a limited range of predictable problems;
- perform a range of tasks where choice between a limited range of options is required;
- assess and record information from varied sources;
- take limited responsibility for own outputs in work and learning.

Certificate III

Characteristics of Learning Outcomes

Breadth, depth and complexity of knowledge and competencies would cover selecting, adapting and transferring skills and knowledge to new environments and providing technical advice and some leadership in resolution of specified problems. This would be applied across a range of roles in a variety of contexts with some complexity in the extent and choice of options available.

Performance of a defined range of skilled operations, usually within a range of broader related activities involving known routines, methods and procedures, where some discretion and judgement is required in the section of equipment, services or contingency measures and within known time constraints.

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Applications may involve some responsibility for others. Participation in teams including group or team co-ordination may be involved.

Distinguishing Features of Learning Outcomes

Do the competencies enable an individual with this qualification to:

- demonstrate some relevant theoretical knowledge
- apply a range of well-developed skills
- apply known solutions to a variety of predictable problems
- perform processes that require a range of well-developed skills where some discretion and judgement is required
- interpret available information, using discretion and judgement
- take responsibility for own outputs in work and learning
- take limited responsibility for the output of others.

Certificate IV

Characteristics of Learning Outcomes

Breadth, depth and complexity of knowledge and competencies would cover a broad range of varied activities or application in a wider variety of contexts most of which are complex and non-routine. Leadership and guidance are involved when organising activities of self and others as well as contributing to technical solutions of a non-routine or contingency nature.

Performance of a broad range of skilled applications including the requirement to evaluate and analyse current practices, develop new criteria and procedures for performing current practices and provision of some leadership and guidance to others in the application and planning of the skills. Applications involve responsibility for, and limited organisation of, others.

Distinguishing Features of Learning Outcomes

Do the competencies enable an individual with this qualification to:

demonstrate understanding of a broad knowledge base incorporating some theoretical concepts

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- apply solutions to a defined range of unpredictable problems
- identify and apply skill and knowledge areas to a wide variety of contexts, with depth in some areas
- identify, analyse and evaluate information from a variety of sources
- take responsibility for own outputs in relation to specified quality standards
- take limited responsibility for the quantity and quality of the output of others.

Diploma

Characteristics of Learning Outcomes

Breadth, depth and complexity covering planning and initiation of alternative approaches to skills or knowledge applications across a broad range of technical and/or management requirements, evaluation and co-ordination.

The self directed application of knowledge and skills, with substantial depth in some areas where judgment is required in planning and selecting appropriate equipment, services and techniques for self and others.

Applications involve participation in development of strategic initiatives as well as personal responsibility and autonomy in performing complex technical operations or organising others. It may include participation in teams including teams concerned with planning and evaluation functions. Group or team co-ordination may be involved.

The degree of emphasis on breadth as against depth of knowledge and skills may vary between qualifications granted at this level.

Distinguishing Features of Learning Outcomes

Do the competencies or learning outcomes enable an individual with this qualification to:

- demonstrate understanding of a broad knowledge base incorporating theoretical concepts, with substantial depth in some areas
- analyse and plan approaches to technical problems or management requirements
- transfer and apply theoretical concepts and/or technical or creative skills to a range of situations
- evaluate information, using it to forecast for planning or research purposes
- take responsibility for own outputs in relation to broad quantity and quality parameters
- take some responsibility for the achievement of group outcomes.

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Advanced Diploma

Characteristics of Learning Outcomes

Breadth, depth and complexity involving analysis, design, planning, execution and evaluation across a range of technical and/or management functions including development of new criteria or applications or knowledge or procedures.

The application of a significant range of fundamental principles and complex techniques across a wide and often unpredictable variety of contexts in relation to either varied or highly specific functions. Contribution to the development of a broad plan, budget or strategy is involved and accountability and responsibility for self and others in achieving the outcomes is involved.

Applications involve significant judgement in planning, design, technical or leadership/guidance functions related to products, services, operations or procedures.

The degree of emphasis on breadth as against depth of knowledge and skills may vary between qualifications granted at this level.

Distinguishing Features of Learning Outcomes

Do the competencies or learning outcomes enable an individual with this qualification to:

- demonstrate understanding of specialised knowledge with depth in some areas
- analyse, diagnose, design and execute judgements across a broad range of technical or management functions
- generate ideas through the analysis of information and concepts at an abstract level
- demonstrate a command of wide-ranging, highly specialised technical, creative or conceptual skills
- demonstrate accountability for personal outputs within broad parameters
- demonstrate accountability for personal and group outcomes within broad parameters.

Vocational Graduate Certificate

Characteristics of competencies or learning outcomes

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- The self-directed development and achievement of broad and specialised areas of knowledge and skills, building on prior knowledge and skills.
- Substantial breadth and complexity involving the initiation, analysis, design, planning, execution and evaluation of technical and management functions in highly varied and highly specialised contexts.
- Applications involve making significant, high-level, independent judgements in major broad or planning, design, operational, technical and management functions in highly varied and specialised contexts. They may include responsibility and broad-ranging accountability for the structure, management and output of the work or functions of others.
- The degree of emphasis on breadth, as opposed to depth, of knowledge and skills may vary between qualifications granted at this level.

Distinguishing features of learning outcomes

- Demonstrate the self-directed development and achievement of broad and specialised areas of knowledge and skills, building on prior knowledge and skills.
- Initiate, analyse, design, plan, execute and evaluate major broad or technical and management functions in highly varied and highly specialised contexts.
- Generate and evaluate ideas through the analysis of information and concepts at an abstract level.
- Demonstrate a command of wide-ranging, highly specialised technical, creative or conceptual skills in complex contexts.
- Demonstrate responsibility and broad-ranging accountability for the structure, management and output of the work or functions of others.

Vocational Graduate Diploma

Characteristics of competencies or learning outcomes

- The self-directed development and achievement of broad and specialised areas of knowledge and skills, building on prior knowledge and skills.
- Substantial breadth, depth and complexity involving the initiation, analysis, design, planning, execution and evaluation of major functions, both broad and highly specialised, in highly varied and highly specialised contexts.
- Further specialisation within a systematic and coherent body of knowledge.
- Applications involve making high-level, fully independent, complex judgements in broad
 planning, design, operational, technical and management functions in highly varied and
 highly specialised contexts. They may include full responsibility and accountability for all
 aspects of work and functions of others, including planning, budgeting and strategy
 development.

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• The degree of emphasis on breadth, as opposed to depth, of knowledge and skills may vary between qualifications granted at this level.

Distinguishing features of learning outcomes

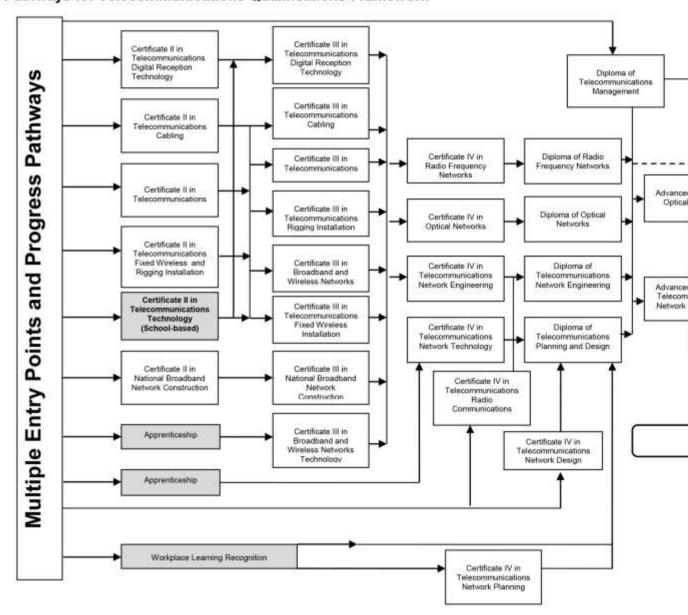
- Demonstrate the self-directed development and achievement of broad and highly specialised areas of knowledge and skills, building on prior knowledge and skills.
- Initiate, analyse, design, plan, execute and evaluate major functions, both broad and within highly varied and highly specialised contexts.
- Generate and evaluate complex ideas through the analysis of information and concepts at an abstract level.
- Demonstrate an expert command of wide-ranging, highly specialised, technical, creative or conceptual skills in complex and highly specialised or varied contexts.
- Demonstrate full responsibility and accountability for personal outputs.
- Demonstrate full responsibility and accountability for all aspects of the work or functions of others, including planning, budgeting and strategy.

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Qualification Pathways

The following pathways charts are provided to show the types of pathways into and from qualifications that are possible with this Training Package. For more information about qualifications and pathways contact Innovation and Business Industry Skills Council (http://www.ibsa.org.au).

Pathways for Telecommunications Qualifications Framework



ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Skill Sets

Skill Sets

Definition

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Skill sets are defined as single units of competency, or combinations of units of competency from an endorsed Training Package, which link to a licence or regulatory requirement, or defined industry need.

Wording on Statements of Attainment

Skill sets are a way of publicly identifying logical groupings of units of competency which meet an identified need or industry outcome. Skill sets are not qualifications.

Where skill sets are identified in a Training Package, the Statement of Attainment can set out the competencies a person has achieved in a way that is consistent and clear for employers and others. This is done by including the wording "these competencies meet [insert skill set title or identified industry area] need" on the Statement of Attainment. This wording applies only to skill sets that are formally identified as such in the endorsed Training Package. See the 2007 edition of the AQF Implementation Handbook for advice on wording on Statements of Attainmentthe updated version is expected to be available on the AQFAB website www.aqf.edu.au during September 2007 and in print in October 2007.

ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Skill Sets

Skill sets are designed to be available to industry to train participants in a particular skill set that contains units of competency that will be awarded with a Statement of Attainment and are able to be counted towards a qualification.

Readers should ensure that they have also read the part of the Training Package that outlines licensing and regulatory requirements.

Industry Requirements for Employability Skills

Employability Skills replacing Key Competency information from 2006

In May 2005, the approach to incorporate Employability Skills within Training Package qualifications and units of competency was endorsed. As a result, from 2006 Employability Skills will progressively replace Key Competency information in Training Packages.

Background to Employability Skills

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Employability Skills are also sometimes referred to as generic skills, capabilities or Key Competencies. The Employability Skills discussed here build on the Mayer Committee's Key Competencies, which were developed in 1992 and attempted to describe generic competencies for effective participation in work.

The Business Council of Australia (BCA) and the Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ACCI), produced the Employability Skills for the Future report in 2002 in consultation with other peak employer bodies and with funding provided by the Department of Education, Science and Training (DEST) and the Australian National Training Authority (ANTA). Officially released by Dr Nelson (Minister for Education, Science and Training) on 23 May 2002, copies of the report are available from the DEST website at: http://www.dest.gov.au/archive/ty/publications/employability_skills/index.htm.

The report indicated that business and industry now require a broader range of skills than the Mayer Key Competencies Framework and featured an Employability Skills Framework identifying eight Employability Skills*:

- communication
- teamwork
- problem solving
- initiative and enterprise
- planning and organising
- self-management
- learning
- technology.

The report demonstrated how Employability Skills can be further described for particular occupational and industry contexts by sets of facets. The facets listed in the report are the aspects of the Employability Skills that the sample of employers surveyed identified as being important work skills. These facets were seen by employers as being dependent both in their nature and priority on an enterprise's business activity.

* Personal attributes that contribute to employability were also identified in the report but are not part of the Employability Skills Framework.

Employability Skills Framework

The following table contains the Employability Skills facets identified in the report Employability Skills for the Future.

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Skill	Facets		
	Aspects of the skill that employers identify as important. The nature and application of these facets will vary depending on industry and job type.		
Communication that contributes to productive	 listening and understanding speaking clearly and directly 		
and harmonious relations across employees and customers	 writing to the needs of the audience negotiating responsively reading independently empathising using numeracy effectively understanding the needs of internal and external customers persuading effectively establishing and using networks being assertive sharing information speaking and writing in languages other than English 		
Teamwork that contributes to productive working relationships and outcomes	 working across different ages irrespective of gender, race, religion or political persuasion working as an individual and as a member of a team knowing how to define a role as part of the team applying teamwork to a range of situations e.g. futures planning and crisis problem solving identifying the strengths of team members coaching and mentoring skills, including giving feedback 		
Problem solving that contributes to productive outcomes	 developing creative, innovative and practical solutions showing independence and initiative in identifying and solving problems solving problems in teams applying a range of strategies to problem solving using mathematics, including budgeting and financial management to solve problems applying problem-solving strategies across a range of areas testing assumptions, taking into account the context of data and circumstances resolving customer concerns in relation to complex project issues 		
Initiative and enterprise that contribute to innovative outcomes	 adapting to new situations developing a strategic, creative and long-term vision 		

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,	
	 translating ideas into action
	• generating a range of options
	 initiating innovative solutions
Planning and organising that	 managing time and priorities - setting time lines, coordinating tasks for self and with others
contribute to long and	 being resourceful
short-term strategic	 taking initiative and making decisions
planning	 adapting resource allocations to cope with contingencies
	 establishing clear project goals and deliverables
	 allocating people and other resources to tasks
	• planning the use of resources, including time management
	• participating in continuous improvement and planning processes
	 developing a vision and a proactive plan to accompany it
	 predicting - weighing up risk, evaluating alternatives and applying evaluation criteria
	 collecting, analysing and organising information
	• understanding basic business systems and their relationships
Self-management that	having a personal vision and goals
contributes to	 evaluating and monitoring own performance
employee satisfaction	 having knowledge and confidence in own ideas and visions
and growth	articulating own ideas and visions
	taking responsibility
Learning that	managing own learning
contributes to ongoing	 contributing to the learning community at the workplace
improvement and expansion in employee	 using a range of mediums to learn - mentoring, peer support and networking, IT and courses
and company operations and outcomes	 applying learning to technical issues (e.g. learning about products) and people issues (e.g. interpersonal and cultural aspects of work)
	 having enthusiasm for ongoing learning
	• being willing to learn in any setting - on and off the job
	 being open to new ideas and techniques
	• being prepared to invest time and effort in learning new skills
	• acknowledging the need to learn in order to accommodate change
Technology that	having a range of basic IT skills
contributes to the	• applying IT as a management tool
effective carrying out	• using IT to organise data
of tasks	being willing to learn new IT skills
	 having the OHS knowledge to apply technology
	 having the appropriate physical capacity

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Employability Skills Summary

An Employability Skills Summary exists for each qualification. Summaries provide a lens through which to view Employability Skills at the qualification level and capture the key aspects or facets of the Employability Skills that are important to the job roles covered by the qualification. Summaries are designed to assist trainers and assessors to identify and include important industry application of Employability Skills in learning and assessment strategies.

The following is important information for trainers and assessors about Employability Skills Summaries.

Employability Skills Summaries provide examples of how each skill is applicable to the job roles covered by the qualification.

- Employability Skills Summaries contain general information about industry context which is further explained as measurable outcomes of performance in the units of competency in each qualification.
- The detail in each Employability Skills Summary will vary depending on the range of job roles covered by the qualification in question.
- Employability Skills Summaries are not exhaustive lists of qualification requirements or checklists of performance (which are separate assessment tools that should be designed by trainers and assessors after analysis at the unit level).
- Employability Skills Summaries contain information that may also assist in building learners' understanding of industry and workplace expectations.

Industry Requirements for Employability Skills

ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package seeks to ensure that industry-endorsed employability skills are explicitly embedded in units of competency. The application of each skill and the level of detail included in each part of the unit will vary according to industry requirements and the nature of the unit of competency.

Employability skills are both explicit and embedded within units of competency. This means that employability skills are:

- embedded in units of competency as part of the other performance requirements that make up the competency as a whole
- explicitly described within units of competency to enable Training Package users to identify accurately the performance requirements of each unit with regards to employability skills.

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ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package also seeks to ensure that employability skills are well-defined and written into units of competency so that they are apparent, clear and can be delivered and assessed as an essential component of unit work outcomes.

Whole of Industry Qualification Information

Packaging of qualifications to meet industry flexibility

The judicious packaging of core and elective units has provided great flexibility for participants to cross over from stream to stream with minimal disruptions. This has been possible by minimising the number of core units and allowing greater choice of elective units.

The mainstream is the Telecommunications/Telecommunications Network Engineering which leads to a Vocational Graduate Diploma.

The following are the Training Packages from which units have been imported to supplement those developed specifically for the telecommunications industry:

- BSB07 Business Services Training Package
- CPC08 Construction, Plumbing and Services Training Package
- CPP07 Property Services Training Package
- FNS04 Financial Services Training Package
- HLT07 Health Training Package
- ICA05 Information and Communications Technology Training Package
- ICA11 Information and Communications Technology Training Package

The importation of units from those Training Packages provides clear support to the telecommunications units in the area of sustainability, project management and IT convergence networks.

The ICT20113 Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology is an exception to the flexible packaging rule. This school-based entry qualification for VET in schools provides an innovative approach to a pathway model for use by schools as a recommended school model pathway. The ICT20113 provides Years 11 and 12 students with skills in Telecommunications Networks, Digital Reception Technology and IP networks in home and SME networks. It contains a core with a choice of three streams; the Cabling Technician stream that enables an ACMA CPR restricted registration, the Digital Reception stream that provides for work on digital reception equipment and the Networking stream that provides for work with IP home and small business networks. Due to the specialisation of the streams, the substitution of elective units is not permitted.

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Work outcome

All VET qualifications must lead to a work outcome. The flexibility of ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package qualifications allows RTOs to vary programs to meet:

- the specific needs of learners and industry clients
- the needs of a locality or a particular industry application of skills
- greater employability of a group of students or an individual.

Maximising employability

In all cases, when packaging qualifications in ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package, RTOs must follow the principle of providing groups and individuals with the broadest possible combination of skills and attributes.

When combining units, therefore, choices must be exercised so that duplication of work outcomes does not occur either within the Integrated Telecommunications Training Package or among other Training Packages.

Titles of qualifications

Guidelines on issuing qualifications and the protocol defining the form of qualifications are contained in the *Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) Implementation Handbook*.

Qualifications in the ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package have industry descriptors only. There is no provision for nominating an occupational or functional stream in brackets after a title, such as ICT40210 Certificate IV in Telecommunications Network Engineering. In the context of telecommunications performance, an occupational stream could be seen as Telstra or Nokia specific. However, to specify such streams would narrow the focus of what students can achieve and would result in the addition of numerous qualifications to the Training Package without any actual change in their structure.

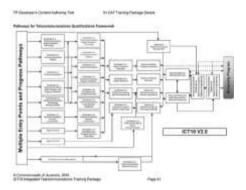
However, RTOs issuing qualifications may wish to describe the specialisation in which individuals achieve competence in performance or composition. For example, the transcript of units completed could be preceded by a short statement such as:

'The chosen job functions for this qualification was the 'installation and testing of optical networks'.

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Any descriptive statement may nominate the individual specialisation (e.g. mobile telephony, satellite, microwave, broadcasting, etc.) where competence has been achieved. Note that candidates may achieve competence in one or more areas of specialisation.

Descriptive statements on certificates should always be written with reference to the overall guidelines in the *AQF Implementation Handbook*.



Assessment Guidelines

Introduction

These Assessment Guidelines provide the endorsed framework for assessment of units of competency in this Training Package. They are designed to ensure that assessment is consistent with the AQTF 2007. Assessments against the units of competency in this Training Package must be carried out in accordance with these Assessment Guidelines.

Assessment System Overview

This section provides an overview of the requirements for assessment when using this Training Package, including a summary of the AQTF 2007 requirements; licensing/registration requirements; and assessment pathways.

Benchmarks for Assessment

Assessment within the National Skills Framework is the process of collecting evidence and making judgments about whether competency has been achieved to confirm whether an individual can perform to the standards expected in the workplace, as expressed in the relevant endorsed unit of competency.

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In the areas of work covered by this Training Package, the endorsed units of competency are the benchmarks for assessment. As such, they provide the basis for nationally recognised Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) qualifications and Statements of Attainment issued by Registered Training Organisations (RTOs).

Australian Quality Training Framework Assessment Requirements

Assessment leading to nationally recognised AQF qualifications and Statements of Attainment in the vocational education and training sector must meet the requirements of the AQTF as expressed in the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration.

The AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration can be downloaded from < www.training.com.au/aqtf2007>. The following points summarise assessment requirements.

Registration of Training Organisations

Assessment must be conducted by, or on behalf of, an RTO formally registered by a State or Territory Registering/Course Accrediting Body in accordance with the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration. The RTO must have the specific units of competency and/or AQF qualifications on its scope of registration.

Quality Training and Assessment

Each RTO must provide quality training and assessment across all its operations. See the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration, Standard 1.

Assessor Competency Requirements

Each person involved in training, assessment or client service must be competent for the functions they perform. See the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration, Standard 1, for assessor (and trainer) competency requirements.

Assessment Requirements

The RTOs assessments, including RPL, must meet the requirements of the relevant endorsed Training Package. See the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration, Standard 1.

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Assessment Strategies

Each RTO must have strategies for training and assessment that meet the requirements of the relevant Training Package or accredited course and are developed in consultation with industry stakeholders. See the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration, Standard 1.

National Recognition

Each RTO must recognise the AQF qualifications and Statements of Attainment issued by any other RTO. See the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration, Condition of Registration 7: Recognition of qualifications issued by other RTOs.

Access and Equity and Client Outcomes

Each RTO must adhere to the principles of access and equity and maximise outcomes for its clients. See the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration, Standard 2.

Monitoring Assessments

Training and/or assessment provided on behalf of the RTO must be monitored to ensure that it is in accordance with all aspects of the Essential Standards for Registration. See the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration, Standard 3.

Recording Assessment Outcomes

Each RTO must manage records to ensure their accuracy and integrity. See the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration, Standard 3.

Issuing AQF Qualifications and Statements of Attainment

Each RTO must issue AQF qualifications and Statements of Attainment that meet the requirements of the current AQF Implementation Handbook and the endorsed Training Packages within the scope of its registration. An AQF qualification is issued once the full requirements for a qualification, as specified in the nationally endorsed Training Package are met. A Statement of Attainment is issued when an individual has completed one or more units of competency from nationally recognised qualification(s)/courses(s). See the AQTF 2007 and the 2007 edition of the AQF Implementation Handbook-available on the AQFAB website < www.aqf.edu.au>.

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Licensing/Registration Requirements

This section provides information on licensing/registration for this Training Package, with the following important disclaimer.

Licensing and registration requirements that apply to specific industries, and vocational education and training, vary between each State and Territory, and can regularly change. The developers of this Training Package, and DEEWR, consider that the licensing/registration requirements described in this section apply to RTOs, assessors or candidates with respect to this Training Package. While reasonable care has been taken in its preparation, the developers of this Training Package and DEEWR cannot guarantee that the list is definitive or accurate at the time of reading; the information in this section is provided in good faith on that basis.

Contact the relevant State or Territory Department(s) to check if the licensing/registration requirements described below still apply, and to check if there are any others with which you must comply.

The Telecommunications Regulator is the Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA). The legislation covering ACMA activities involves a broad range of national activities, from carrier licensing to use of radio spectrum. The most relevant issue for ICT10 qualifications is the ACMA Cabling Provider Rules Registration. Prior to October 2000, Cabling Provider Rules (CPR) Registration was known as 'licensing' and included several levels, such as General Premises Cabling, Base Cabling and 'Endorsements', Domestic and Restricted Cabling licences.

In 2012 a new unit was introduced to specifically meet the requirements for restricted cablers and compliment the mandated ACMA requirements for work on broadband. Also introduced was the requirement to complete competency unit ICTWHS2170.

Units of competency included in the selections for the relevant ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications qualifications enable candidates to qualify for ACMA CPR registration either by gaining a full qualification, or the required set as a part qualification, skill set, or Statement of Attainment. The units of competency for ACMA CPR registration are:

Restricted Registration Either

ICTCBL2136B Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Restricted Rule

and

ICTWHS2170B Follow occupational work health and safety (WHS) and environmental policy and procedures

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OR

Restricted Registration

ICTCBL2005B Install customer cable support systems

ICTCBL2006B Place and secure customer cable

ICTCBL2008B Terminate metallic conductor customer cable

ICTCMP2022B Organise and monitor cabling to ensure compliance with regulatory and industry standards

and

ICTWHS2170B Follow occupational work health and safety (WHS) and environmental policy and procedures

Broadband cabling work Registration

ICTCMP2239 Perform restricted custom premises broadband cabling work; ACMA Restricted Rule

Open Registration

ICTCBL2136B Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Restricted Rule

ICTCBL2137B Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Open Rule

and

ICTWHS2170B Follow occupational work health and safety (WHS) and environmental policy and procedures

OR

Open Registration

ICTCBL2005B Install customer cable support systems

ICTCBL2006B Place and secure customer cable

ICTCBL2008B Terminate metallic conductor customer cable

ICTCBL2012B Install functional and protective telecommunications earthing system

ICTCBL2017B Alter services to existing cable system

ICTCMP2022B Organise and monitor cabling to ensure compliance with regulatory and industry standards

and

ICTWHS2170B Follow occupational work health and safety (WHS) and environmental policy and procedures

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Lift Registration

ICTCBL2138A Install, maintain and modify customer premises communications cabling: ACMA Lift Rule

The following guidance is provided in relation to regulatory requirements that may apply to people working in the Telecommunications industry.

National Standard for Licensing Persons Performing High Risk Work

The National Standard for Licensing Persons Performing High Risk Work applies to persons performing dogging and rigging work. Completion of the following units is required for certification at either basic, intermediate or advanced levels.

- CPCCLDG3001A Licence to perform dogging
- CPCCLRG3001A Licence to perform rigging basic level
- CPCCLRG3002A Licence to perform rigging intermediate level
- CPCCLRG4001A Licence to perform rigging advanced level

Information on occupational licensing and its intersection with vocational education and training can be found in *Licensing Line News* at www.licensinglinenews.com.

National Code of Practice for Induction for Construction Work

"This Code of Practice provides guidance to persons working in the general and residential construction sectors on the types of induction training that may be needed to provide construction workers with an awareness and understanding of common hazards on construction sites and how they should be managed." (Source: *Licensing Line News* at www.licensinglinenews.com).

Sets and staging for some performances or events may fall within the definition of construction work. If so, people entering the construction site are required to complete the general induction training program specified by the National Code of Practice for Induction Training for Construction Work (Australian Safety Compensation Council, May 2007).

Achievement of the unit 'CPCCOHS1001A Work safely in the construction industry' from the CPC08 Construction, Plumbing and Services Integrated Framework Training Package fulfils this requirement.

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Contact state or territory OHS authorities for information on RTOs approved to deliver the general induction training program.

Requirements for Assessors

In order to conduct assessment for statutory licensing or other industry registration requirements, assessors must meet the requirements outlined in the following table, in addition to the AQTF requirements.

LICENCE/ REGISTRATION	JURISDICTION	REQUIREMENTS	
Restricted Registration ICTCBL2136B ICTWHS2170B	Australian Communications and Media Authority	Restricted Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor	
Open Registration ICTCBL2136B ICTCBL2137B ICTWHS2170B	Australian Communications and Media Authority	Open Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor	
Restricted Registration ICTCBL2005B ICTCBL2006B ICTCBL2008B ICTCMP2022B ICTWHS2170B	Australian Communications and Media Authority	Restricted Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor	
Open Registration ICTCBL2005B ICTCBL2006B ICTCBL2008B ICTCBL2012B ICTCBL2017B ICTCMP2022B ICTCMP2022B ICTWHS2170B	Australian Communications and Media Authority	Open Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor	
Lift Registration	Australian Communications and Media Authority	Lift Registered Cabler	

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ICTCBL2138A		TITAB registered assessor
Endorsement – Structured Cabling ICTCBL3009B	Telecommunications industry preferred (previously mandated by ACMA)	Open Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor Equivalent competency
Endorsement – Optical Fibre ICTCBL3010B	Telecommunications industry preferred (previously mandated by ACMA)	Open Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor Equivalent competency
Endorsement – Coaxial Cable ICTCBL3011B	Telecommunications industry preferred (previously mandated by ACMA)	Open Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor Equivalent competency
Endorsement – Aerial ICTCBL2016A ICTCBL3020A ICTCBL3021A	Telecommunications industry preferred (previously mandated by ACMA)	Open Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor Equivalent competencies
Endorsement – Underground ICTCBL2016A ICTCBL3018A ICTCBL3019A	Telecommunications industry preferred (previously mandated by ACMA)	Open Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor Equivalent competencies
Endorsement – Cable and System Testing ICTCBL3013A	Telecommunications industry preferred (previously mandated by ACMA)	Open Registered Cabler TITAB registered assessor Equivalent competency

TITAB and TITAB REGISTERED ASSESSORS

Due to the regulatory aspects of the Telecommunications Training Package, it is vital that compliance is achieved in the areas of vocational education and training as well as sector specific 'licensing'/registration requirements.

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Prior to October 2000, the 'ACMA Cabling Provider Rules Registration' was known as 'licensing' and included several levels of cabling licences and 'Endorsements'. Since 2000, the Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA) - the telecommunications regulator - has mandated that particular competencies apply to registration therefore this Training Package is now a combination of both mandatory and voluntary or industry requirements. Selected competencies within Training Package qualifications allow candidates to qualify for the 'ACMA Cabling Provider Rules (CPR) Registration', either by gaining a full or part qualification or a skill set or Statement of Attainment.

TITAB was funded by the Federal Government, through the ACMA, to provide Registered Assessors to assess telecommunications competency standards, as part of the statutory obligations and mandatory 'licensing'/registration requirements. The management and co-ordination of the Registered Assessors was then delegated to TITAB as the industry moved to co-regulation.

The Registered Assessors are supported by TITAB and must fulfill a number of conditions to maintain current TITAB Assessor registration. This comprehensive network of skilled and knowledgeable TITAB Registered Assessors is used extensively by the telecommunications sector to implement both the 'licensing'/registration and AQTF requirements.

TITAB's contact details are:

PO Box 348 Carlton South Victoria 3053

Phone: 03 9349 4955

Fax: 03 9349 4844

Email: info@titab.com.au
Website: www.titab.com.au

Assessor Competencies

The AQTF 2007 specifies mandatory competency requirements for assessors. For information, Element 1.4 from the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration follows:

- 1.4 Training and assessment are conducted by trainers and assessors who:
- a) have the necessary training and assessment competencies as determined by the National Quality Council or its successors
- b) have the relevant vocational competencies at least to the level being delivered or assessed
- c) continue developing their vocational and training and assessment competencies to support continuous improvements in delivery of the RTO's services.

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Requirements for Candidates

English language, literacy and other skill requirements

It is part of an RTO's responsibility to provide appropriate information to candidates to ensure that candidates understand the requirements for language, literacy and other skill requirements prior to learning and assessment. Assessors carrying out this responsibility must ensure candidates or potential candidates are advised effectively of the underlying skill requirements.

Candidates who may have difficulty meeting these requirements must be provided with advice and options, such as appropriate language, literacy and numeracy skills training.

Technology applications are also required as part of the competency specifications of some ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package competency units. Further, complex cognitive skills in planning, research, interpretation, analysis and synthesis form part of the skills requirements of many units.

In a learning and assessment pathway, some of these skills can be developed through the learning process. However, this will depend on the approach adopted in the learning strategy and learning program content and the level of resourcing available.

In some situations, implementation may be based on an assumption that learners/candidates possess these skills. In these circumstances, and in an assessment-only pathway, candidates must be made aware of the specific skills that underpin the outcomes and performance requirements and ensure they are capable of demonstrating competence. Where essential skills need to be acquired, options for meeting these skill gaps must be provided.

Requirements for RTOs

Training and assessment in remote and regional areas

Training and assessing candidates in remote and regional areas present a range of challenges. These include:

- lack of numbers preventing the establishment of traditional class sizes
- physical remoteness of some communities, where access to training facilities is limited
- scarcity of teachers with the required industry experience
- scarcity of physical training resources (e.g. current and emerging technology).

Some options for overcoming these challenges include:

- partnerships between RTOs to establish classes, i.e. programs delivered on a regional rather than local basis
- delivering certain units by distance mode
- partnerships between industry and RTOs to share resources and personnel
- partnerships between schools and RTOs
- use of technology (e.g. email, CDs and internet) and self-paced resources.

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Assessment in a simulated environment

Units of competency in the ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package may be assessed in the workplace or in a simulated environment.

The telecommunications industry by its nature involves the use of technologies and processes which have a potentially high impact on customers and a high cost of failure. Normal practice is to protect these technologies and processes from any risk. Therefore assessment of training candidates cannot be undertaken in normal operating environments in most circumstances.

In response to this, industry practice for many years has been to develop models and simulations on which assessments are conducted. These models and simulations are often costly in themselves and soon fall behind the rapidly advancing technology of the industry.

As a result, assessment of candidates for many of the units of competency in the ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package can only be undertaken using simulations. To maintain the integrity of these assessments RTOs and assessors need to be vigilant in keeping pace with the industry and in checking that assessment simulations accurately reflect workplace activities. RTOs will need regular contact with industry to ensure the currency and validity of assessment simulations.

To assist assessors, the following information provides a framework for conducting assessments in simulated environments.

Simulations must provide opportunities for integrated assessment of competence that includes:

- performing the task (task skills)
- managing a number of tasks (task management skills)
- dealing with workplace irregularities such as unexpected problems, breakdowns and changes in routine (contingency management skills)
- fulfilling the responsibilities and expectations of the job and workplace, including working with others (job/role environment skills)
- transferring competencies to new contexts.

All evidence from simulated activities must result from activities that have taken place in a realistic working environment which replicates the conditions and circumstances in which the candidate will usually be expected to work.

Working conditions should reflect those found in the workplace and include facilities, equipment and materials used in the workplace for the activities being assessed. Most importantly it should also include relationships, constraints and pressures met in the workplace.

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The activity to which the candidate is required to demonstrate competence must be realistic and reasonable in terms of scale.

Any assessment conducted under simulated conditions must require the candidate to take into consideration what would be typical ambient conditions encountered in the normal workplace as well as reflect the typical workflow involved.

Workplace simulation criteria

In conducting an assessment using a simulation, assessors should review the process prior to its implementation. The simulation must give the candidate the opportunity to meet three critical criteria. These are:

- quality the work is of the standard required for entry into the industry
- productivity the work is performed within a time frame appropriate for entry to the industry
- safety the work is performed in a manner that meets industry safety standards.

Where assessment simulations meet these criteria RTOs can be sure that candidates are 'work ready' on successful completion of the assessment task.

In addition, the assessment process should be reviewed to ensure that, wherever applicable, it:

- uses facilities and equipment that meet current industry standards
- includes typical customers, including difficult customers and diverse types of customers
- integrates of various types of work performance multiple tasks, prioritisation, service standards and OHS
- requires allocation of time to tasks and deadlines
- measures consistent performance over time
- includes work with others in teams
- · requires considerations of budget constraints
- includes use of operational procedures and guidelines.

To further enhance the validity of assessment process using simulation, the assessor should consider:

- assessments covering a range of interconnected units of competency
- use of assessment checklists to assist in identifying critical performance criteria
- use of self assessment, peer assessment and debriefing activities
- use of authentic documentation, e.g. workplace roles, OHS regulations, salary advice, marketing information, procedural manuals, policies, enterprise bargaining agreements.

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Training and assessment issues for schools

Implementation of ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package within the school sector, while encouraged, needs to ensure the following:

- currency of skills and knowledge of those charged with training and assessing students
- access to industry-current equipment, facilities and training resources so that students acquire a realistic view of the realities and conditions within the workplace
- comprehensive coverage of underpinning skills and knowledge as delineated within the units of competency
- appropriateness of learning and assessment experiences to ensure that these are current and realistic.

The units of competency provide more detailed guidance for training and assessment purposes, as well as examples relevant to each unit, and schools are encouraged to use these guidelines when planning training and assessment.

It is recommended that delivery in schools should only include Certificate II level qualifications. The following qualification is recommended as most suitable for VET in schools programs:

• ICT20113 Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology

For more information on VET in Schools, please refer to Appendix A.

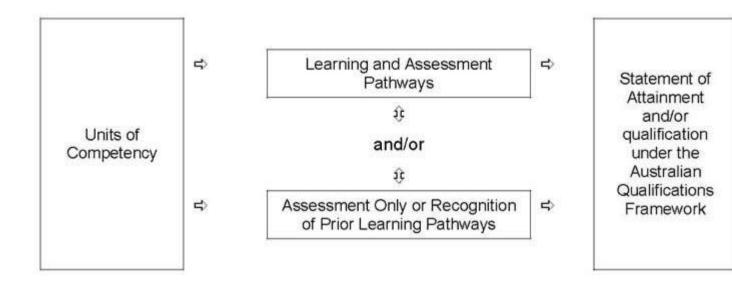
Pathways

The competencies in this Training Package may be attained in a number of ways including through:

- formal or informal education and training
- experiences in the workplace
- general life experience, and/or
- any combination of the above.

Assessment under this Training Package leading to an AQF qualification or Statement of Attainment may follow a learning and assessment pathway, an assessment-only or recognition pathway, or a combination of the two as illustrated in the following diagram.

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Assessment, by any pathway, must comply with the assessment requirements set out in the Assessment Guidelines of the Training Package and the AQTF 2007.

Learning and Assessment Pathways

Usually, learning and assessment are integrated, with assessment evidence being collected and feedback provided to the candidate at anytime throughout the learning and assessment process.

Learning and assessment pathways may include structured programs in a variety of contexts using a range of strategies to meet different learner needs. Structured learning and assessment programs could be: group-based, work-based, project-based, self-paced, action learning-based; conducted by distance or e-learning; and/or involve practice and experience in the workplace.

Learning and assessment pathways to suit Australian Apprenticeships have a mix of formal structured training and structured workplace experience with formative assessment activities through which candidates can acquire and demonstrate skills and knowledge from the relevant units of competency.

Assessment-Only or Recognition of Prior Learning Pathway

Competencies already held by individuals can be formally assessed against the units of competency in this Training Package, and should be recognised regardless of how, when or where they were achieved.

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In an assessment-only or Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) pathway, the candidate provides current, quality evidence of their competency against the relevant unit of competency. This process may be directed by the candidate and verified by the assessor, such as in the compilation of portfolios; or directed by the assessor, such as through observation of workplace performance and skills application, and oral and/or written assessment. Where the outcomes of this process indicate that the candidate is competent, structured training is not required. The RPL requirements of the AQTF 2007 must be met (Standard 1).

As with all assessment, the assessor must be confident that the evidence indicates that the candidate is currently competent against the endorsed unit of competency. This evidence may take a variety of forms and might include certification, references from past employers, testimonials from clients, and work samples. The onus is on candidates to provide sufficient evidence to satisfy assessors that they currently hold the relevant competencies. In judging evidence, the assessor must ensure that the evidence of prior learning is:

- authentic (the candidate"s own work)
- valid (directly related to the current version of the relevant endorsed unit of competency)
- reliable (shows that the candidate consistently meets the endorsed unit of competency)
- current (reflects the candidate"s current capacity to perform the aspect of the work covered by the endorsed unit of competency), and
- sufficient (covers the full range of elements in the relevant unit of competency and addresses the four dimensions of competency, namely task skills, task management skills, contingency management skills, and job/role environment skills).

The assessment only or recognition of prior learning pathway is likely to be most appropriate in the following scenarios:

- candidates enrolling in qualifications who want recognition for prior learning or current competencies
- existing workers
- individuals with overseas qualifications
- recent migrants with established work histories
- people returning to the workplace, and
- people with disabilities or injuries requiring a change in career.

Combination of Pathways

Where candidates for assessment have gained competencies through work and life experience and gaps in their competence are identified, or where they require training in new areas, a combination of pathways may be appropriate.

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In such situations, the candidate may undertake an initial assessment to determine their current competency. Once current competency is identified, a structured learning and assessment program ensures that the candidate acquires the required additional competencies identified as gaps.

Assessor Requirements

This section identifies the mandatory competencies for assessors, and clarifies how others may contribute to the assessment process where one person alone does not hold all the required competencies.

Assessor Competencies

The AQTF 2007 specifies mandatory competency requirements for assessors. For information, Standard 1, Element 1.4 from the AQTF 2007 *Essential Standards for Registration* follows:

1.4		Training and assessment is delivered by trainers and assessors who:
	<i>a</i>)	have the necessary training and assessment competencies as determined by the National Quality Council or its successors
	<i>b</i>)	have the relevant vocational competencies at least to the level being delivered or assessed
	c)	continue developing their vocational and training and assessment competencies to support continuous improvements in the delivery of the RTO"s services.

Industry Assessment Contextualisation 1

Training and assessment for people with specific needs

Disability Standards for Education were formed under the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 and were introduced in August 2005. They clarify the obligations of education and training providers to ensure that students who have a disability are able to access and participate in education without experiencing discrimination.

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The Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations (DEEWR) provides further information in the *Disability Standards for Education 2005 Guidance Notes*, accessible via the DEEWR website

 $(www.deewr.gov.au/Schooling/DisabilityStandardsforEducation/Documents/Disability_Standards_Education_Guidance_Notes_pdf.pdf).$

Good vocational training and assessment are often about making adjustments to what we do to meet the learning support needs of individuals. The information provided in this section is aimed at assisting teachers/trainers to meet the reasonable adjustment needs of people who have a disability.

According to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), 2003, *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC)* in the section on education and employment:

'In 2003, one in four people (24%) aged 15-64 years with a profound or severe core-activity limitation, who were living in households, had completed Year 12. This compares to half (49%) of those without a disability. People with a profound or severe core-activity limitation were less likely to have completed a diploma or higher qualification (14%) than those without a disability (28%).'

Employment-related findings, for people aged 15-64 years living in households, from the ABS 2003 *SDAC* include:

- those with a profound level of core-activity limitation had a much lower labour force participation rate (15%) than people without a disability (81%)
- people with a disability who were employed were more likely to work part-time (37%)
- than those who were employed and did not have a disability (29%)
- people employed in agriculture, forestry and fishing (16%) had a relatively high disability rate compared to the overall rate for those employed (11%).'

Clearly there is much work still to be done to ensure that people who have a disability are able to participate in employment and vocational education and training as fully as possible.

What is a disability?

A disability presents some impairment to everyday activity. Some people with a disability do not have any impairments resulting from their disability. For example, a person who has a hearing impairment which is compensated for by a hearing aid may function without any adjustments. While some people with a disability may have an impairment because of the environment, not the disability itself. For example, hearing loss can be accentuated in a room with loud, competing noise and poor acoustics.

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A disability may affect or relate to a range of human functions, including mobility, stamina, lifting ability, memory, vision, hearing, speech, comprehension and mood swings. This may be due to accidents, illnesses or birth.

According to the ABS 2003 SDAC:

'One in five people in Australia (3,958,300 or 20.0%) had a reported disability. This rate was much the same for males (19.8%) and females (20.1%). Disability was defined as any limitation, restriction or impairment, which has lasted, or is likely to last, for at least six months and restricts everyday activities. Examples range from hearing loss which requires the use of a hearing aid, to difficulty dressing due to arthritis, to advanced dementia requiring constant help and supervision.'

The ABS 2003 SDAC information also tells us that:

'15.2% (600,300) of people with a disability reported that the cause of their main health condition was accident or injury, 14% (557 300) that it was disease, illness or heredity, and 11% (423,500) that it was "working conditions, work or over-work".'

Health conditions can also be acquired through sporting accidents, repetitive or over-use (through regular or sporting activities), or the daily activities of life.

There are many resources available that provide information on how to adjust training and assessment for someone who has a disability; some of these are listed in the contacts section below.

Adjustments in training and assessment

An open mind, common sense and tailoring to individual circumstances will, as often as not, ensure individuals achieve the standards that employers and training providers expect. Reasonable adjustments need only be that - reasonable. It is about identifying what adjustments might reasonably be made and how they may be put into place.

Training and assessment can be made more appropriate and fairer for a person who has a disability through attitude, preparation and application.

Attitude

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The attitude of others is often the greatest barrier for people who have a disability. While most people who have a disability will only ever require minor adjustments to ensure learning is positive, some will require additional support. There are many support agencies that can provide advice, however teachers/trainers may need to take additional time to ensure their teaching/training meets the learning support needs of the individual concerned.

Positive language creates an atmosphere of mutual respect, which is essential to learning. For example, using language that identifies learners as people rather than language that identifies them by one of their characteristics conveys that the person is more important than the characteristic, such as the difference between a 'person who has an intellectual disability' and an 'intellectually disabled person'. A person who has an intellectual disability could also be identified by a range of equally important characteristics - height, age, sporting interests, etc. However, the term 'intellectually disabled person' refers to the disability as the major, and often only, defining characteristic.

Preparation

It is important to identify any functional issues arising from the nature and extent of a person's disability. This can usually be done by discussing such issues with the individual. In most cases, this consultation will identify reasonable adjustment needs which can be put into place. There are many simple things that teachers/trainers can do to make reasonable adjustments to enable individuals who have a disability to succeed in training and assessment. In some cases, professional support may be required.

Application

Once reasonable adjustments have been implemented it is important to monitor and evaluate what has been done to ensure the best environment for continuous learning because:

- adjustments may only need to be temporary i.e. mechanisms may only need to be in
 place during an induction period or due to a temporary disability, in which case evaluation
 will ensure appropriateness without the need for ongoing monitoring
- adjustments may need reinforcing when adjustments need to be ongoing, monitoring may reinforce patterns of behaviour in order for them to become 'natural'
- adjustments may need improving where adjustments are ongoing or substantial, a commitment to continuous improvement is recommended through monitoring.

In most cases an informal discussion with the person concerned may be all that is necessary. However, should adjustments be substantial, or a learner not be acquiring competence at a reasonable rate, a more formal process may be required. This may include:

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- performance indicators training providers, learners and employers should have agreed indicators of performance which can be measured and monitored
- independent support a third party, independent of the training and/or assessment environment, may need to be involved
- experimentation if existing adjustments are not proving satisfactory, creative solutions may be needed
- continuing review formal monitoring is encouraged if adjustments are changed or if substantial adjustments are necessary.

For further information on training and assessment for people with specific needs, the DEEWR website has information about the National Disability Coordination Officer Programme, which 'provides information, co-ordination and referral services for people with a disability interested in or enrolled in post-school education and training' (www.deewr.gov.au).

Reasonable adjustment

Below are some of the practical things that can be done as part of providing reasonable adjustment to learners with specific support needs to enable them to undertake training and assessment. Clearly, each case will be different and will need to be discussed with the person and in some cases expert help will be needed, at least in the initial stages.

Type of disability	Reasonable adjustment
Acquired brain injury	 Memory aids (posters, notes, etc.) Reflective listening skills Stress minimisation Time and patience
Hearing impairment	 Audio loops for people using hearing aids Plain English documents Fire and alarm systems with flashing lights Sign language interpreters Telephone typewriters
Intellectual disability	 Additional time Assessment which is appropriate to the skill (i.e. avoiding written assessment for practical tasks) Mentors Plain English documents Practical learning sessions Repetition of learning exercises

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	-
Mobility	 Access to aids, such as for holding documents
impairment	Adjustable tables
	Lifting limits
	 Note-taking support
	 Verbal rather than written presentations
	 Personal computers
	Wheelchair access
Psychiatric	 Identification and avoidance of stresses
disability	 Ongoing rather than formal assessments
-	Reflective listening skills
	• 'Time-out' breaks in assessment
Speech	 Information summaries
impairment	Stress minimisation
	Time and patience
	• Written rather than verbal opportunities
Vision	Additional writing time for assignments and tests
impairment	 Audiotapes
	Braille translations
	Enlarged computer screen images
	 Enlarged text and images
	Good lighting or reading lamps
	Guide dog provision
	Informing the person before moving furniture
	Voice synthesisers on computers

Designing Assessment Tools

This section provides an overview on the use and development of assessment tools.

Use of Assessment Tools

Assessment tools provide a means of collecting the evidence that assessors use in making judgments about whether candidates have achieved competency.

There is no set format or process for the design, production or development of assessment tools. Assessors may use prepared assessment tools, such as those specifically developed to support this Training Package, or they may develop their own.

Using Prepared Assessment Tools

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If using prepared assessment tools, assessors should ensure these are benchmarked, or mapped, against the current version of the relevant unit of competency. This can be done by checking that the materials are listed on the National Training Information Service < www.ntis.gov.au>. Materials on the list have been noted by the National Quality Council as meeting their quality criteria for Training Package support materials.

Developing Assessment Tools

When developing assessment tools, assessors must ensure that they:

- are benchmarked against the relevant unit or units of competency
- are reviewed as part of the continuous improvement of assessment strategies as required under Standard 1 of the AQTF 2007
- meet the assessment requirements expressed in Standard 1 of the AQTF 2007.

A key reference for assessors developing assessment tools is TAA04 Training and Assessment Training Package and the unit of competency TAAASS403A *Develop assessment tools*. There is no set format or process for the design, production or development of assessment materials.

Conducting Assessment

This section details the mandatory assessment requirements and provides information on equity in assessment including reasonable adjustment.

Assessment Requirements

Assessments must meet the criteria set out in the AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration.

For information, the mandatory assessment requirements from Standard 1 from the AQTF 2007 *Essential Standards for Registration* are as follows:

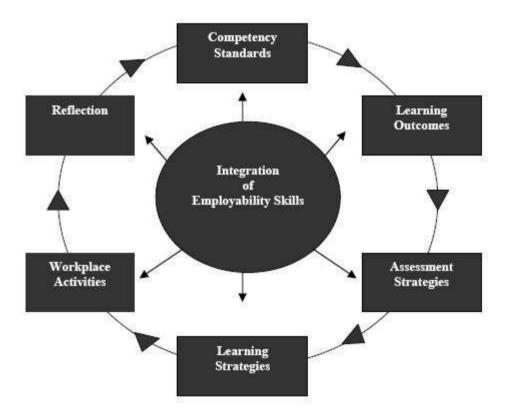
1.5		Assessment, including Recognition of Prior Learning:	
	a)	meets the requirements of the relevant Training Package or accredited course,	

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<i>b</i>)	is conducted in accordance with the principles of assessment and the rules of evidence, and	
c)	meets workplace and, where relevant, regulatory requirements.	

Assessment of Employability Skills

Employability Skills are integral to workplace competency. As such they must be considered in the design, customisation, delivery and assessment of vocational education and training programs in an integrated and holistic way, as represented diagrammatically below.



Employability Skills are embedded and explicit within each unit of competency. Training providers must use Employability Skills information in order to design valid and reliable training and assessment strategies. This analysis could include:

- reviewing units of competency to locate relevant Employability Skills and determine how they are applied within the unit
- analysing the Employability Skills Summary for the qualification in which the unit or units are packaged to help clarify relevant industry and workplace contexts and the application of Employability Skills at that qualification outcome

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• designing training and assessment to address Employability Skills requirements.

Employability Skills in the Integrated Telecommunications context

ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package seeks to ensure that industry-endorsed employability skills are explicitly embedded in units of competency. The application of each skill and the level of detail included in each part of the unit will vary according to industry requirements and the nature of the unit of competency.

Employability skills are both explicit and embedded within units of competency. This means that employability skills are:

- embedded in units of competency as part of the other performance requirements that make up the competency as a whole
- explicitly described within units of competency to enable Training Package users to identify accurately the performance requirements of each unit with regards to employability skills.

ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package also seeks to ensure that employability skills are well-defined and written into units of competency so that they are apparent, clear and can be delivered and assessed as an essential component of unit work outcomes.

For more information on Employability Skills in Innovation and Business Industry Skills Council Training Packages go to the Innovation and Business Industry Skills Council website at http://www.ibsa.org.au.

Access and Equity

An individual"s access to the assessment process should not be adversely affected by restrictions placed on the location or context of assessment beyond the requirements specified in this Training Package: training and assessment must be bias-free.

Under the rules for their development, Training Packages must reflect and cater for the increasing diversity of Australia"s VET clients and Australia"s current and future workforce. The flexibilities offered by Training Packages should enhance opportunities and potential outcomes for all people so that we can all benefit from a wider national skills base and a shared contribution to Australia"s economic development and social and cultural life.

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Reasonable adjustments

It is important that education providers take meaningful, transparent and reasonable steps to consult, consider and implement reasonable adjustments for students with disability.

Under the Disability Standards for Education 2005, education providers must make reasonable adjustments for people with disability to the maximum extent that those adjustments do not cause that provider unjustifiable hardship. While "reasonable adjustment" and "unjustifiable hardship" are different concepts and involve different considerations, they both seek to strike a balance between the interests of education providers and the interests of students with and without disability.

An adjustment is any measure or action that a student requires because of their disability, and which has the effect of assisting the student to access and participate in education and training on the same basis as students without a disability. An adjustment is reasonable if it achieves this purpose while taking into account factors such as the nature of the student"s disability, the views of the student, the potential effect of the adjustment on the student and others who might be affected, and the costs and benefits of making the adjustment.

An education provider is also entitled to maintain the academic integrity of a course or program and to consider the requirements or components that are inherent or essential to its nature when assessing whether an adjustment is reasonable. There may be more than one adjustment that is reasonable in a given set of circumstances; education providers are required to make adjustments that are reasonable and that do not cause them unjustifiable hardship.

See Part 4, Chapter 2 of the Training Package Development Handbook (DEST, September 2007) for more information on reasonable adjustment, including examples of adjustments.

Industry Assessment Contextualisation 2

Assessment for Indigenous organisations

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people have expressed concern about the importance of developing appropriate assessment processes.

There are four main areas of concern:

- diversity
- cultural appropriateness

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- community control
- accreditation.

Diversity

The term diversity is used to emphasise the wide range of opinions, aspirations, community circumstances, cultural practices, geographic locations, and social, economic and political conditions that exist throughout Australia and the need to guard against assumptions that all communities are the same.

One approach is to distinguish between remote, rural and urban settings. These settings suggest differences that may be relevant to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, including:

- culture
- language
- history
- social make-up
- geography
- social and economic infrastructure
- economy
- political structure.

These factors suggest that training and assessment, in order to be relevant to the needs of a particular Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisation, should address each situation as unique.

Cultural appropriateness

The term culture is used in a broad sense, it refers to:

- values, social beliefs and customs, such as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander law, land, and family and kinship systems
- protocols of behaviour and interaction e.g. cultural authority, gender and kinship
- ways of thinking, including preferred learning styles
- language, both English and Aboriginal English
- lifestyles
- local history
- location, including region and place.

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A particularly important aspect of cultural appropriateness is that of learning styles. There is evidence that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, both traditional and contemporary, approach learning differently from the Western intellectual tradition, which is relevant to effective training and assessment.

It is understood that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people may:

- learn better in groups than individually
- learn better in the surroundings of their community than in an institutional environment
- prefer oral communications to written forms
- learn on the basis of trial and error in the presence of an experienced person in preference to concept building approaches
- have a highly-developed sense of spatial relations by which they learn; hence stories, maps and pictures would be preferable to oral explanations.

To be effective, it is necessary that training and assessment recognises, adopts and practises appropriate delivery and assessment approaches.

Trainers and assessors who are not Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islanders need information on aspects of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander culture. They need to work closely with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to adopt practices that reflect Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander approaches. The community should be asked to identify experts to provide information and to assist with assessment of relevant protocols, for example, where required.

There are a number of ways an RTO can establish and maintain culturally appropriate training and assessment practices, including:

- ensuring a high proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander participation in all aspects of planning, development, delivery and evaluation
- establishing and maintaining a collaborative relationship with local Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities
- as a mainstream (non-Indigenous) RTO, establishing auspice relationships with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals, including direct and indirect involvement of persons identified as appropriate by the local community
- ensuring ongoing training of non-Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander staff at all levels of the RTO, delivered by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander personnel.

Community control

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The term community control is synonymous with such things as self-determination and self-management, and underpins most community aspirations. It is of fundamental concern to people who see themselves as having been dispossessed by colonisation.

The essence of control is control of decision-making. In order to be able to do this, people need all relevant information, relevant competencies, and recognition of their own structures and processes.

Among other things, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people seek control over their training. It is necessary, therefore, that they participate in meaningful ways in all stages of planning, development, delivery and evaluation. One way to achieve this is for communities to have control of the contract for training initiatives.

It is important that training providers and assessors respect and conform to the practice of community control which underpins this field within the ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package.

Accreditation

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people have said for a long time that their involvement in training has not been formally recognised and that many of the skills they use in managing their organisations and delivering services to their communities have not been valued.

The first issue may have arisen because much of the training that has been delivered to communities has been customised to particular situations, has not been assessed on an individual basis if at all, and has been delivered by unregistered personnel. Secondly, until this time, recognition of current competencies (RCC) has been under-utilised.

Individuals may demonstrate competence in complete units of competency through formal training, informal training or the recognition of current competencies and skills, resulting in qualifications or statements of attainment being awarded.

In the community group setting, an important feature of likely relevance for assessment is that participants may vary with respect to previous education and training experience, which may result in diverse literacy and numeracy issues. However, literacy and numeracy skills are not a barrier to sophisticated thought, and care must be taken not to use assessment strategies that rely on a person having numeracy and literacy skills that are not intrinsically required by the unit of competency being assessed.

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A flexible approach to assessment will be required by RTOs in order to meet the requirements of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals under this domain within the ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package.

Assessment in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities

The guiding principles that underpin assessment include:

- assessment should be transparent, i.e. clearly seen and understood by the candidate and others
- assessment should empower the candidate on the basis of consent, self-assessment and responsibility for the process
- members or prospective members of community management committees should have opportunities to demonstrate their competencies and skills
- activities undertaken by the candidate in a community management role may be used as
 the context for assessment where possible (known as on-the-job assessment or workplace
 assessment); there may also be opportunities to include evidence from other relevant
 situations
- assessment should involve designated community experts working in collaboration with RTO assessors in order to provide appropriate recognition of cultural and community skills and knowledge
- assessments must provide constructive feedback to candidates and support for further competency development
- assessments must provide a statement of attainment or qualification, listing the units of competency achieved
- records of candidate achievement maintained by the RTO must include the statement of attainment, listing the units of competency or qualifications achieved as required by the AQTF 2007
- a record of demonstrated competencies will assist in role clarification and performance appraisals in the workplace.

Given the importance of the assessment to the candidate and community management committees, the assessor must make every effort to ensure that assessment is conducted with the highest level of professionalism and integrity.

Units of competency with cultural content, including the following of local protocols, will require the assessor to have knowledge of these cultural matters. As these matters are often governed by local rules regarding access to such knowledge, only those people with the knowledge can genuinely assess these aspects of the competency or provide guidance on their assessment.

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Discussion must take place with the community and agreement must be reached on how these matters are assessed. For non-Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander RTOs, this will usually mean the use of auspice arrangements with appropriate people or knowledge experts, identified by the community.

It should be noted that for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people being assessed in aspects of competency, they will almost invariably have been attained through life experience. This must also be taken into account in the assessment procedures relating to cultural matters.

Assessors may exercise limited discretion in response to organisational or individual requirements, but any changes must not alter the meaning of the unit of competency or the elements of competency.

• Candidates must be informed of the right to access grievance procedures.

Further Sources of Information

The section provides a listing of useful contacts and resources to assist assessors in planning, designing, conducting and reviewing of assessments against this Training Package.

Contacts

This section provides a listing of useful contacts and resources to assist assessors in planning, designing, conducting and reviewing of assessments against this Training Package.

Innovation & Business Skills Australia

Level 11, 176 Wellington Parade

EAST MELBOURNE VIC 3002

Telephone: +61 3 9815 7000

Facsimile: +61 3 9815 7001

Email: virtual@ibsa.org.au

Web: www.ibsa.org.au

Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) Australia Limited

Level 21, 390 St Kilda Road

MELBOURNE VIC 3150

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PO Box 12211, A'Beckett Street Post Office

MELBOURNE VIC 8006

Telephone: +61 3 9832 8100

Facsimile: +61 3 9832 8198

Email: sales@tvetaustralia.com.au

Web: www.tvetaustralia.com.au

Regulatory Advice

Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)

PO Box 13112

Law Courts

MELBOURNE VIC 8010

Telephone: (03) 9963 6800

Facsimile: (03) 9963 6970

Website: www.acma.gov.au

For information on the TAA04 Training and Assessment Training Package contact:

Innovation & Business Skills Australia

Level 11, 176 Wellington Parade

EAST MELBOURNE VIC 3002

Telephone: +61 3 9815 7000

Facsimile: +61 3 9815 7001

Email: virtual@ibsa.org.au

Web: www.ibsa.org.au

General resources

Refer to http://antapubs.dest.gov.au/publications/search.asp to locate the following publications.

AQF Implementation Handbook, third edition. Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board, 2002, www.aqf.edu.au.

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Australian Quality Training Framework 2007 (AQTF 2007) - for information and resources go to <www.training.com.au/aqtf2007>.

AQTF 2007 *Essential Standards for Registration*. Training organisations must meet these standards in order to deliver and assess nationally recognised training and issue nationally recognised qualifications. They include three standards, a requirement for registered training organisations to gather information on their performance against three quality indicators, and nine conditions of registration.

AQTF 2007 *User's Guide to the Essential Standards for Registration*. A Users' Guide for training organisations who must meet these standards in order to deliver and assess nationally recognised training and issue nationally recognised qualifications.

AQTF 2007 *Standards for Accredited Courses* . State and territory accrediting bodies are responsible for accrediting courses. This standard provides a national operating framework and template for the accreditation of courses.

TAA04 Training and Assessment Training Package. This is available from Innovation and Business Skills Australia (IBSA), the Innovation and Business Industry Skills Council, and can be viewed and components downloaded, from the National Training Information Service (NTIS).

National Training Information Service, an electronic database providing comprehensive information about RTOs, Training Packages and accredited courses (www.ntis.gov.au).

Training Package Development Handbook (DEST, August 2007). Can be downloaded from www.deeewr.gov.au.

Assessment resources

Training Package Assessment Guides - a range of resources to assist RTOs in developing Training Package assessment materials (originally developed by ANTA with funding from the Department of Education, Training and Youth Affairs) and made up of 10 separate titles, as described at the publications page of www.deewr.gov.au. Go to www.resourcegenerator.gov.au.

Printed and/or CD versions of the guides can be purchased from Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) Australia Limited. The resource includes the following guides:

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- Training Package Assessment Materials Kit
- Assessing Competencies in Higher Qualifications
- Recognition Resource
- Kit to Support Assessor Training
- Candidates Kit: Guide to Assessment in New Apprenticeships
- Assessment Approaches for Small Workplaces
- Assessment Using Partnership Arrangements
- Strategies for ensuring Consistency in Assessment
- Networking for Assessors
- Quality Assurance Guide for Assessment.

An additional guide 'Delivery and Assessment Strategies' has been developed to complement these resources.

Assessment tool design and conducting assessment

VETASSESS and Western Australian Department of Training and Employment 2000, Designing Tests - Guidelines for designing knowledge based tests for Training Packages.

Vocational Education and Assessment Centre 1997, Designing Workplace Assessment Tools, A self-directed learning program, NSW TAFE.

Manufacturing Learning Australia 2000, Assessment Solutions, Australian Training Products, Melbourne.

Rumsey, David 1994, Assessment practical guide, Australian Government Publishing Service, Canberra.

Assessor training

Australian Committee on Training Curriculum (ACTRAC) 1994, Assessor training program - learning materials , Australian Training Products, Melbourne.

Australian National Training Authority, A Guide for Professional Development, ANTA, Brisbane.

Australian Training Products Ltd *Assessment and Workplace Training, Training Package - Toolbox*, ATPL Melbourne (available from TVET).

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Green, M, et al. 1997, *Key competencies professional development package*, Department for Education and Children's Services, South Australia.

Victorian TAFE Association 2000, *The professional development CD: A learning tool*, VTA, Melbourne.

Assessment system design and management

Office of Training and Further Education 1998, *Demonstrating best practice in VET project - assessment systems and processes*, OTFE Victoria (now 'Skills Victoria').

Toop, L., Gibb, J. & Worsnop, P. Assessment system designs, Australian Government Publishing Service, Canberra.

Support for employment, training and assessment of people with specific needs Association of Competitive Employment (ACE) National Network

ACE represents agencies who deliver open employment services for people who have a disability.

PO Box 5198

Alphington VIC 3078

Telephone: 03 9411 4033

Facsimile: 03 9411 4053

Email: info@acenational.org.au

Website: www.acenational.org.au

Australian Disability Clearinghouse on Education and Training (ADCET)

ADECT provides information about inclusive post-secondary education and training teaching, learning and assessment strategies and support services for people who have a disability.

ADCET

Locked Bag 1335

Launceston TAS 7250

Telephone: 03 6324 3787

Facsimile: 03 6324 3788

Website: www.adcet.edu.au

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Australian Association of the Deaf

PO Box 1083

Stafford QLD 4053

Telephone: 07 3357 8266

Facsimile: 07 3357 8377

TTY: 07 3357 8277

Email: aad@aad.org.au

Website: www.aad.org.au

Australian Federation of Deaf Societies

PO Box 1060

Parramatta NSW 2124

Telephone: 02 8833 3615

Facsimile: 02 9893 8333

TTY: 02 9893 8858

Australian Federation of Disability Organisations

247 Flinders lane

Melbourne VIC 3000

Telephone: 03 9662 3324

Facsimile: 03 9662 3325

Email: office@afdo.org.au

Website: www.afdo.org.au

Blind Citizens Australia

PO Box 24

Sunshine VIC 3020

Telephone: 03 9372 6400

Facsimile: 03 9372 6466

TTY: 03 9372 9275

Freecall: 1800 033 660

Email: bca@bca.org.au Website: www.bca.org.au

Brain Injury Australia

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PO Box 82

Mawson ACT 2607

Telephone: 02 6290 2253 Facsimile: 02 6290 2252

Email: bianational@apex.net.au

Carers Australia

PO Box 73

Deakin West ACT 2600

Telephone: 02 6122 9900

Facsimile: 02 6122 9999

Email: caa@carersaustralia.com.au

Website: www.carersaustralia.com.au

Commonwealth Disability Services Program Contacts

www.facs.gov.au or by telephone:

ACT: 02 6274 5206

New South Wales: 02 263 3818 Northern Territory: 08 8946 3555

Queensland: 07 3360 2800

South Australia: 08 8236 6111

Tasmania: 03 6221 1411 Victoria: 03 9285 8523

Western Australia: 08 9346 5311

Deafness Forum of Australia

The forum coordinates the annual National Hearing Awareness Week, held in the last complete week of August.

218 Northbourne Avenue

Braddon ACT 2612

Telephone: 02 6262 7808

Facsimile: 02 6262 7810

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Website: www.hearingawareness.org.au

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Website: www.neda.org.au

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For information on the TAA04 Training and Assessment Training Package contact:

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Hawthorn VIC 3122

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Email: virtual@ibsa.org.au

General Resources

Refer to http://antapubs.dest.gov.au/publications/search.asp to locate the following publications.

AQF Implementation Handbook, third Edition. Australian Qualifications Framework Advisory Board, 2002, aqf.edu.au

Australian Quality Training Framework 2007 (AQTF 2007) - for information and resources go to <www.training.com.au/aqtf2007>.

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AQTF 2007 Essential Standards for Registration. Training organisations must meet these standards in order to deliver and assess nationally recognised training and issue nationally recognised qualifications. They include three standards, a requirement for registered training organisations to gather information on their performance against three quality indicators, and nine conditions of registration.

AQTF 2007 *User's Guide to the Essential Standards for Registration*. A Users" Guide for training organisations who must meet these standards in order to deliver and assess nationally recognised training and issue nationally recognised qualifications.

AQTF 2007 *Standards for Accredited Courses*. State and Territory accrediting bodies are responsible for accrediting courses. This standard provides a national operating framework and template for the accreditation of courses.

TAA04 Training and Assessment Training Package. This is available from the Innovation and Innovation & Business Skills Australia (IBSA) Industry Skills Council and can be viewed, and components downloaded, from the National Training Information Service (NTIS).

National Training Information Service, an electronic database providing comprehensive information about RTOs, Training Packages and accredited courses (www.ntis.gov.au).

Training Package Development Handbook (DEST, August 2007). Can be downloaded from www.dest.gov.au

Assessment resources

Training Package Assessment Guides - a range of resources to assist RTOs in developing Training Package assessment materials (originally developed by ANTA with funding from the Department of Education, Training and Youth Affairs) and made up of 10 separate titles, as described at the publications page of www.dest.gov.au.Go to www.resourcegenerator.gov.au/loadpage.asp?TPAG.htm

Printed and/or CD ROM versions of the Guides can be purchased from Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) Australia Limited. The resource includes the following guides:

- Training Package Assessment Materials Kit
- Assessing Competencies in Higher Qualifications
- Recognition Resource
- Kit to Support Assessor Training

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- Candidates Kit: Guide to Assessment in New Apprenticeships
- Assessment Approaches for Small Workplaces
- Assessment Using Partnership Arrangements
- Strategies for ensuring Consistency in Assessment
- Networking for Assessors
- Quality Assurance Guide for Assessment

An additional guide "Delivery and Assessment Strategies" has been developed to complement these resources.

Assessment Tool Design and Conducting Assessment

VETASSESS & Western Australian Department of Training and Employment 2000, Designing Tests - Guidelines for designing knowledge based tests for Training Packages.

Vocational Education and Assessment Centre 1997, Designing Workplace Assessment Tools, A self-directed learning program, NSW TAFE.

Manufacturing Learning Australia 2000, Assessment Solutions, Australian Training Products, Melbourne

Rumsey, David 1994, Assessment practical guide, Australian Government Publishing Service, Canberra.

Assessor Training

Australian Committee on Training Curriculum (ACTRAC) 1994, Assessor training program - learning materials, Australian Training Products, Melbourne.

Australian National Training Authority, *A Guide for Professional Development*, ANTA, Brisbane.

Australian Training Products Ltd *Assessment and Workplace Training, Training Package - Toolbox*, ATPL Melbourne (available from TVET).

Green, M, et al. 1997, *Key competencies professional development Package*, Department for Education and Children's Services, South Australia.

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Victorian TAFE Association 2000, *The professional development CD: A learning tool*, VTA, Melbourne.

Assessment System Design and Management

Office of Training and Further Education 1998, *Demonstrating best practice in VET project - assessment systems and processes*, OTFE (now OTTE) Victoria.

Toop, L., Gibb, J. & Worsnop, P. Assessment system designs, Australian Government Publishing Service, Canberra.

Competency Standards - Industry Contextualisation

Competency Standards

What is competency?

The broad concept of industry competency concerns the ability to perform particular tasks and duties to the standard of performance expected in the workplace. Competency requires the application of specified skills, knowledge and attitudes relevant to effective participation in an industry, industry sector or enterprise.

Competency covers all aspects of workplace performance and involves performing individual tasks; managing a range of different tasks; responding to contingencies or breakdowns; and, dealing with the responsibilities of the workplace, including working with others. Workplace competency requires the ability to apply relevant skills, knowledge and attitudes consistently over time and in the required workplace situations and environments. In line with this concept of competency Training Packages focus on what is expected of a competent individual in the workplace as an outcome of learning, rather than focussing on the learning process itself.

Competency standards in Training Packages are determined by industry to meet identified industry skill needs. Competency standards are made up of a number of units of competency each of which describes a key function or role in a particular job function or occupation. Each unit of competency within a Training Package is linked to one or more AQF qualifications.

Contextualisation of Units of Competency by RTOs

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Registered Training Organisation (RTOs) may contextualise units of competency to reflect local outcomes required. Contextualisation could involve additions or amendments to the unit of competency to suit particular delivery methods, learner profiles, specific enterprise equipment requirements, or to otherwise meet local needs. However, the integrity of the overall intended outcome of the unit of competency must be maintained.

Any contextualisation of units of competency in this endorsed Training Package must be within the bounds of the following advice. In contextualising units of competency, RTOs:

- must not remove or add to the number and content of elements and performance criteria
- may add specific industry terminology to performance criteria where this does not distort or narrow the competency outcomes
- may make amendments and additions to the range statement as long as such changes do not diminish the breadth of application of the competency and reduce its portability, and/or
- may add detail to the evidence guide in areas such as the critical aspects of evidence or resources and infrastructure required where these expand the breadth of the competency but do not limit its use.

Components of Units of Competency

The components of units of competency are summarised below, in the order in which they appear in each unit of competency.

Unit Title

The unit title is a succinct statement of the outcome of the unit of competency. Each unit of competency title is unique, both within and across Training Packages.

Unit Descriptor

The unit descriptor broadly communicates the content of the unit of competency and the skill area it addresses. Where units of competency have been contextualised from units of

competency from other endorsed Training Packages, summary information is provided. There may also be a brief second paragraph that describes its relationship with other units of competency, and any licensing requirements.

Employability Skills statement

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A standard Employability Skills statement appears in each unit of competency. This statement directs trainers and assessors to consider the information contained in the Employability Skills Summary in which the unit of competency is packaged.

Prerequisite Units (optional)

If there are any units of competency that must be completed before the unit, these will be listed.

Application of the Unit

This sub-section fleshes out the unit of competency's scope, purpose and operation in different contexts, for example, by showing how it applies in the workplace.

Competency Field (Optional)

The competency field either reflects the way the units of competency are categorised in the Training Package or denotes the industry sector, specialisation or function. It is an optional component of the unit of competency.

Sector (optional)

The industry sector is a further categorisation of the competency field and identifies the next classification, for example an elective or supervision field.

Elements of Competency

The elements of competency are the basic building blocks of the unit of competency. They describe in terms of outcomes the significant functions and tasks that make up the competency.

Performance Criteria

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The performance criteria specify the required performance in relevant tasks, roles, skills and in the applied knowledge that enables competent performance. They are usually written in passive voice. Critical terms or phrases may be written in bold italics and then defined in range statement, in the order of their appearance in the performance criteria.

Required Skills and Knowledge

The essential skills and knowledge are either identified separately or combined. Knowledge identifies what a person needs to know to perform the work in an informed and effective manner. Skills describe the application of knowledge to situations where understanding is converted into a workplace outcome.

Range Statement

The range statement provides a context for the unit of competency, describing essential operating conditions that may be present with training and assessment, depending on the work situation, needs of the candidate, accessibility of the item, and local industry and regional contexts. As applicable, the meanings of key terms used in the performance criteria will also be explained in the range statement.

Evidence Guide

The evidence guide is critical in assessment as it provides information to the Registered Training Organisation (RTO) and assessor about how the described competency may be demonstrated. The evidence guide does this by providing a range of evidence for the assessor to make determinations, and by providing the assessment context. The evidence guide describes:

- conditions under which competency must be assessed including variables such as the assessment environment or necessary equipment
- relationships with the assessment of any other units of competency
- suitable methodologies for conducting assessment including the potential for workplace simulation
- resource implications, for example access to particular equipment, infrastructure or situations
- how consistency in performance can be assessed over time, various contexts and with a range of evidence, and expectations at the AQF qualification level involved

Employability Skills in units of competency

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The detail and application of Employability Skills facets will vary according to the job-role requirements of each industry. In developing Training Packages, industry stakeholders are consulted to identify appropriate facets of Employability Skills which are incorporated into the relevant units of competency and qualifications.

Employability Skills are not a discrete requirement contained in units of competency (as was the case with Key Competencies). Employability Skills are specifically expressed in the context of the work outcomes described in units of competency and will appear in elements, performance criteria, range statements and evidence guides. As a result, users of Training Packages are required to review the entire unit of competency in order to accurately determine Employability Skills requirements.

How Employability Skills relate to the Key Competencies

The eight nationally agreed Employability Skills now replace the seven Key Competencies in Training Packages. Trainers and assessors who have used Training Packages prior to the introduction of Employability Skills may find the following comparison useful.

Employability Skills	Mayer Key Competencies
Communication	Communicating ideas and information
Teamwork	Working with others and in teams
Problem solving	Solving problems
	Using mathematical ideas and techniques
Initiative and enterprise	
Planning and organising	Collecting, analysing and organising information
	Planning and organising activities
Self-management	
Learning	
Technology	Using technology

When analysing the above table it is important to consider the relationship and natural overlap of Employability Skills. For example, using technology may involve communication skills and combine the understanding of mathematical concepts.

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Explicitly embedding Employability Skills in units of competency

This Training Package seeks to ensure that industry-endorsed Employability Skills are explicitly embedded in units of competency. The application of each skill and the level of detail included in each part of the unit will vary according to industry requirements and the nature of the unit of competency.

Employability Skills must be both explicit and embedded within units of competency. This means that Employability Skills will be:

- embedded in units of competency as part of the other performance requirements that make up the competency as a whole
- explicitly described within units of competency to enable Training Packages users to identify accurately the performance requirements of each unit with regards to Employability Skills.

This Training Package also seeks to ensure that Employability Skills are well-defined and written into units of competency so that they are apparent, clear and can be delivered and assessed as an essential component of unit work outcomes.

The following table contains examples of embedded Employability Skills for each component of a unit of competency. Please note that in the examples below the bracketed skills are provided only for clarification and will not be present in units of competency within this Training Package.

Competency Standards - Industry Contextualisation

As indicated elsewhere, RTOs may contextualise units of competency imported from other Training Packages to reflect outcomes relevant to the ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package industry. Units from the ICA05 Information and Communications Technology Training Package, ICA11 Information and Communications Technology Training Package BSB07 Business Services Training Package, CPP07 Property Services Training Package, HLT07 Heath Training Package and FNS04 Financial Services Training Package have been imported into the telecommunications qualifications to support those units which address specific aspects of the ICT industry, such as computer networking and security, project management, small business needs and customer service.

Using 'BSBSUS501A Develop workplace policy and procedures for sustainability' as an example, RTOs could add the development of policies and procedures in sustainability whilst formulating planning and design specifications to ICT projects.

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Similarly if 'ICASAS305A Provide IT advice to clients' were imported, examples of 'customer service and support' in the context of the ICT could be added.

This update to ICT10 Version 3.0 has retained the current versions of imported units for ICT10 qualifications that have not been updated. Current versions of imported units have been used in qualifications being submitted for endorsement to the NSSC in Version 3.

It is planned in the next version of ICT10 to update all imported units to current versions.

Examples from this Training Package of Employability Skills

Examples from this Training Package of Employability Skills embedded within unit
components.

Analytical, literacy, numeracy and technical skills are obtained in unit ICTOPN5123A Analyse and integrate specialised optical devices in the network

Unit component	Example of embedded Employability Skill
Unit Title	Analyse and integrate specialised optical devices in the network.
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to analyse and integrate specialised optical devices into existing optical networks to support the higher bandwidths associated with Next Generation Networks (NGN).
	Carriers and service providers regularly upgrade existing infrastructures and extend the length of their networks' optical links due to expansion of NGN services such as voice, data and video.
	Performance testing of specialised optical devices is covered in a separate unit ICTOPN5122A Test the performance of specialised optical devices.
	No licensing, legislative, regulatory or certification requirements apply to this unit at the time of endorsement but users should confirm requirements with the relevant federal, state or territory authority.
Element	2. Integrate the specialised optical device in the network.

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Examples from this Training Package of Employability Skills embedded within unit components.

Analytical, literacy, numeracy and technical skills are obtained in unit ICTOPN5123A Analyse and integrate specialised optical devices in the network

Unit component	Example of embedded Employability Skill
Performance Criteria	2.1. Install and integrate <i>specialised optical devices</i> into existing network according to design plan
	2.2. Test the network and evaluate the results to <i>verify optical network performance</i> with the integrated specialised optical devices in operation
Range Statement	Specialised optical devices may include:
	 Bragg grating coupler dispersion compensation device (DCD) DWDM multiplexer erbium doped fibre amplifier (EDFA) gain equaliser Raman amplifier ROADM. Verify optical network performance may include:
	stability testbit error ratio test (BERT).
Required Skills and Knowledge	Required skills
	analytical skills to evaluate technical information and develop integration options
	Required knowledge
	 attenuation characteristics of optical fibres dense wavelength division multiplexing (DWDM) principles of operation

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Examples from this Training Package of Employability Skills embedded within unit components.

Analytical, literacy, numeracy and technical skills are obtained in unit ICTOPN5123A Analyse and integrate specialised optical devices in the network

Unit component	Example of embedded Employability Skill
Unit component	Example of embedded Employability Skill • features and operating requirements of test equipment including: • hand held optical power meter • optical spectrum analyser • transmission test set • dispersion characteristics of optical fibres • dispersion compensation devices • electrostatic discharge precaution • functions of optical add drop multiplexer (OADM) and reconfigurable optical add-drop • multiplexer (ROADM) • gain equalisation • ITU wavelength grid for DWDM • measurement of dispersion • optical amplifier operation • optical fibre connector types and characteristics • optical fibre types and characteristics • optical return loss (ORL) • path protection and protection switching • protocols used on optical DWDM systems • reflectance • ring topologies and linear network topologies • specific OHS requirements that impact on the safe inspection of optical connectors and the
	 safe measurement of optical power from laser transmission systems tunable laser sources and their characteristics.
Evidence Guide	Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit
	Evidence of the ability to:
	analyse a specialised optical device and prepare a design to

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Examples from this Training Package of Employability Skills embedded within unit components.

Analytical, literacy, numeracy and technical skills are obtained in unit ICTOPN5123A Analyse and integrate specialised optical devices in the network

Unit component	Example of embedded Employability Skill
	integrate it with a networkintegrate and test the device
	document the integration to the network and recommend enhancements.

Appendices

Appendix A: VET in Schools

What is VET in schools?

Vocational education and training in schools (VETiS) provides for nationally recognised vocational education and training undertaken as part of a senior secondary certificate and based on industry standards.

Successful completion of a VETiS program enables students to gain a nationally-recognised Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) qualification, usually at the same time as their school-based qualification.

How are VET in schools programs structured?

VETiS programs are packaged and delivered in a variety of ways across Australia. There are three main types of delivery arrangements for VETiS programs:

- schools can be a registered training organisation (RTO) in their own right
- school sectoral bodies (such as Boards of Studies or regional offices) can hold RTO status on behalf of a group of schools
- schools can work together in a partnership with an RTO.

Appropriate qualifications for VET in schools

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IBSA encourages links between schools, businesses and the community, and strongly supports young people combining schooling with VET and workplace learning.

It is essential that all VET qualifications gained through a VETiS program are consistent with the outcomes detailed in the Training Package.

The following qualification is recommended as most suitable for a VETiS program:

• ICT20113 Certificate II in Telecommunications Technology

The AQTF 2007 Standards for Registered Training Organisations set out minimum competency standards for staff responsible for the delivery of training and the conducting of assessments; and they ensure that VET specialists have skills and competencies consistent with Training Package requirements. All schools using their own teachers for VET delivery must also be aware of the AQTF 2007 requirement for assessors to hold relevant vocational competencies, at least equal to that being delivered and assessed, in addition to teaching and assessment competence.

Schools are encouraged to establish partnerships with industry and effective work placement arrangements to maximise the quality of outcomes for students and industry alike. Recognition of competence gained through voluntary, part-time or vacation work not directly related to the industry focus of the qualification should also be considered.

Work placement

Work placement usually involves students spending an extended period of time in a workplace gaining experience and skills, and undergoing an assessment process related to the attainment of a qualification in a specific occupational field.

An essential feature of school-industry programs is that they involve students spending some time learning in a workplace. In recent years an increasing number of effective structured workplace learning programs have made significant progress towards greater workplace integrity for those industry training programs that are delivered predominantly off-the-job. The implementation of Training Packages means that structured workplace learning must be a consideration for all RTOs, not only schools, in the delivery of training programs.

Principles for quality workplace learning

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The Ministerial Council on Education, Employment, Training and Youth Affairs (MCEETYA) endorsed the Principles for Quality Workplace Learning for school students engaged in VET programs throughout Australia. All states and territories apply the principles to their work placement programs, although the nature and extent of work placement programs vary across states and territories.

The broad MCEETYA principles are documented below.

Quality workplace learning is integrated into a program

- It operates within a framework which provides the opportunity for all students to access it, though not all students may choose to do so; and
- It operates within the context of vocational courses, which are recognised by industry, are responsive to industry needs and forms part of a student's exit credential.

Quality workplace learning is structured

- It has a clearly articulated and documented purpose;
- There are clearly identified and documented learning outcomes for students within accredited programs, which are linked to post-school qualifications;
- They are of sufficient duration and depth to enable students to acquire a reasonable understanding of the enterprise/industry to demonstrate competence according to industry standards of at least level 1 of the AQF;
- There is a matching between the students' skills and interests and the work placements; and
- Students, teachers and employers are thoroughly prepared beforehand so that the expectations and outcomes of the work placement are clearly understood by all parties.

Quality workplace learning is monitored

- The learning is coordinated by personnel with appropriate expertise and adequate resources; and
- Support should be made available to students and employers throughout the course of the work placement.

Quality workplace learning is regulated

There are clearly stated procedures designed to ensure that:

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- Students are protected from moral and physical danger;
- Students work in a non-discriminatory and harassment-free environment;
- Students receive appropriate training and instruction in occupational health and safety;
- Students are not exploited by being continuously engaged in a production or service capacity or used to substitute for the employment of employees and payment of appropriate wages; and
- Students are required to understand the roles and responsibilities of employees in the workplace and are expected to follow the directions of the workplace supervisors and other employees.

Quality workplace learning is assessed

- The assessment, according to industry standards, is of students' competencies achieved in the workplace which contributes to the overall assessment of the program; and
- There are mechanisms for the recording and reporting of students' competencies.

There is a strong correlation between these MCEETYA quality principles and the OECD characteristics of high quality learning programs detailed below.

The major 14-country study entitled *From Initial Education to Working Life: Making Transitions Work* by the OECD identified 10 characteristics of high quality workplace learning programs. These are:

- 1. Work placements that are long enough for real learning to take place.
- 2. Systematic analysis of the training capacity of the workplace, to see what it can realistically supply.
- 3. A formal training plan, setting out what has to be taught and learned, and clarifying the work-based and school-based parts of a student's program.
- 4. Employer involvement in student selection for work placements.
- 5. The presence of a trained program coordinator, able to liaise between the school and the firm and troubleshoot when problems occur.
- 6. The use of qualified, highly competent workers as workplace trainers or mentors.
- 7. Regular face-to-face contact between the coordinators and employers and in-firm supervisors.
- 8. Monitoring of the students on the job by the program coordinator.
- 9. The evaluation of student performance against the training plan at the end of the placement, with the evaluation carried out by the job supervisor and coordinator jointly.
- 10. Deliberate efforts by schools to relate what has been learned at work to students' school-based learning.

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¹ OECD, 2000, From Initial Education to Working Life: Making Transitions Work. Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris.

Effective work placement is characterised by:

- activities that complement off-the-job learning programs
- clearly articulated and documented purpose
- development of appropriate attitudes towards work
- development of competence in designated industry skills and employability skills
- facility for on-the-job practice of skills acquired in a classroom
- · flexibility
- learning in a range of behaviours appropriate to the relevant industry
- opportunities for work-based assessment
- regular and frequent use of current technology and equipment
- relevance to the VET qualification being undertaken
- · recognition of student readiness
- support of industry partners.

Beyond the above, a number of other provisions are necessary for a successful work placement program. The credibility of work placements and any resultant recognition of competence requires a degree of 'seriousness' if the outcomes are to be valued by individuals and industry clients of the VET system.

It is suggested that stakeholders involved in the planning and management of work placements carefully consider and implement the following general principles.

- 1. That the RTO assume responsibility for finding placements and validating the arrangements.
- 2. That the workplace has the appropriate resources, tools and staff to conduct the placement, with compliance with any legislative requirements.
- 3. That there be regular validation by the RTO that the student and assessor, where relevant, are operating according to RTO AQTF 2007 standards.
- 4. That a student on work placement must be covered by injury insurance.
- 5. That there is a formal contract setting out each party's responsibilities and obligations.
- 6. That, where possible, the workplace has on site a qualified workplace trainer and assessor in 'direct line' control of the student (to avoid training and assessment by 'proxy').

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- 7. That if the placement is for assessment only then there must be clearly documented assessment tasks specifically related to the unit being assessed and evidence retained to support achievement of competence (for both best practice recording purposes and audit/appeal).
- 8. That if the placement also includes training, then any 'academic pass' cannot be bestowed prior to the placement as clearly all of the learning components have not been undertaken nor can they be assessed in advance if they have not been learned.
- 9. That the training be directly related to achievement of competence while recognising the likely acquisition of other skills and knowledge.
- 10. That where assessment occurs it be clearly related to a unit of competency relevant to the work placement.
- 11. That where more than one performance criterion (possibly over more than one unit) is being assessed there must be a clearly linked and documented relationship between the assessment and the performance criterion.
- 12. That the qualifications level be appropriate in context, i.e. if it is advanced programming there must be an advanced programming task observed and assessed.
- 13. That the actual variables of the performance criterion be documented for audit purposes and for verification of appropriateness of the range of activities in the work placement.

In some state and territory school systems, part-time student work in an appropriate workplace may be used to fulfil work placement requirements and virtual or simulated work placements may also be legitimate.

Appendix B: Australian Apprenticeships

All qualifications within ICT10 Integrated Telecommunications Training Package can be achieved by a variety of pathways and delivery methods – either on-the-job or through a combination of on- and off-the-job training and recognition processes.

Qualifications at AQF levels III to IV particularly facilitate Australian Apprenticeship pathways. The following qualifications are examples of those that can be achieved through contracted training as Apprenticeships:

- ICT30113 Certificate III in Broadband and Wireless Networks Technology
- ICT40613 Certificate IV in Telecommunication Network Engineering Technology

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