

CUVCER501A Refine ceramics techniques

Release: 1



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Modification History

Version	Comments
CUVCER501A	This version first released with CUV11 Visual Arts, Craft and Design Training Package version 1.0

Unit Descriptor

This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to refine a range of ceramic techniques and to develop own style in a coherent body of ceramic work. This occurs through a process of research, refinement and evaluation.

The work could include functional items or artistic pieces. The practitioner may also engage more deeply with specific technical skills such as throwing, glazing, moulding or handbuilding. Those specialised skills are also covered in other specific units.

Application of the Unit

Ceramicists apply the skills and knowledge in this unit. At this level, the practitioner has a command of a range of techniques as well as the conceptual and creative skills to create a coherent body of work.

Technique refinement is a largely independent activity with mentoring and guidance as required. It would normally include work with several different techniques as part of the process of developing an individual style. In practice, this process is integrated with the skills described in the unit CUVPRP501A Realise a body of creative work.

Licensing/Regulatory Information

No licensing, legislative, regulatory or certification requirements apply to this unit at the time of endorsement.

Pre-Requisites

Not applicable.

Employability Skills Information

This unit contains employability skills.

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Elements and Performance Criteria Pre-Content

Element	Performance Criteria
Elements describe the essential outcomes of a unit of competency.	Performance criteria describe the performance needed to demonstrate achievement of the element. Where bold italicised text is used, further information is detailed in the required skills and knowledge section and the range statement. Assessment of performance is to be consistent with the evidence guide.

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Elements and Performance Criteria

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1. Research ceramic ideas and techniques	1.1 Support professional practice by expanding own knowledge of historical and contemporary ceramics practice
	1.2 Research ways that other artists have used different <i>ceramic techniques</i>
	1.3 Investigate how particular ceramic techniques work to achieve different <i>technical effects</i>
	1.4 Evaluate the relationships between ceramic techniques and ideas
	1.5 Adapt and use relevant ideas and approaches with consideration of <i>intellectual property requirements</i>
2. Evaluate and select ceramic techniques for refinement	2.1 Consider <i>opportunities</i> offered by different ceramic techniques
	2.2 Determine <i>limitations and constraints</i> of particular techniques
	2.3 Select ceramic techniques for <i>refinement</i>
3. Determine and	3.1 Investigate safety issues associated with ceramics work
establish specific safety requirements for ceramics work	3.2 Set up work space according to safety requirements
	3.3 Establish and follow <i>safe work practices</i> for selected techniques
	3.4 Monitor key safety issues during the production of work
4. Consolidate ceramic techniques to	4.1 Develop increasing confidence and skill through practice and experimentation
professional level	4.2 Proactively identify and resolve <i>technical problems</i> in ceramic projects based on developing expertise
	4.3 Challenge and test ideas, and allow new and unpredictable ideas to emerge
	4.4 Evolve ideas and other professional skills through ongoing experimentation with technique
	4.5 Develop own ways of working with techniques to create individual style
	4.6 Create a <i>coherent body of ceramic work</i> that shows command of selected ceramic techniques
5. Evaluate own ceramic technique	5.1 Evaluate development of own technique with others and seek feedback
	5.2 Seek and participate in experiences that challenge and explore different concepts and approaches

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5.3 Reflect on the particular ways that experimentation with different techniques has informed own artwork
5.4 Identify ways in which technique may be further developed as part of a professional practice and build ideas into future work

Required Skills and Knowledge

This section describes the skills and knowledge required for this unit.

Required skills

- communication skills to engage with others about the technical and conceptual aspects of ceramics work
- critical thinking and analytical skills to:
 - evaluate and make judgements about relationships between ceramic technique, effects and ideas
 - make critical evaluations of own ceramic technique
 - make critical evaluations of research findings
- initiative and enterprise skills to identify and act on opportunities for own practice presented by research and experimentation
- learning skills to develop and refine own skills to a professional practice standard
- literacy skills to analyse complex and varied information about ceramic technique
- problem-solving skills to identify and resolve technical and conceptual issues in ceramic work
- self-management and planning skills to create a coherent body of ceramic work
- technical skills to show command of chosen ceramic techniques at a professional level
- technology skills to use the internet as a research tool.

Required knowledge

- relationship between ceramic technique, and particular effects and ideas in the work of other artists and in the context of own practice
- extended range of information sources that support research in ceramics practice
- cultural, sociological, philosophical, aesthetic, political and commercial influences on ceramic technique, in historical and contemporary contexts
- professional development opportunities for artists seeking to develop a ceramics practice
- elements and principles of design and how they may be used, adapted and challenged in the creation of work
- intellectual property issues and legislation associated with ceramics as a professional practice
- sustainability issues for the professional operation of a ceramics practice
- OHS requirements for the set-up and operation of a professional work space for ceramics work.

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Evidence Guide

The evidence guide provides advice on assessment and must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and knowledge, range statement and the Assessment Guidelines for the Training Package.

Overview of assessment	
Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit	 Evidence of the ability to: evolve and refine ceramic technique through a demonstrated process of experimentation develop individual style in own work produce a coherent body of professional ceramic work that shows the use of well-developed ceramic technique research ceramic technique in the broader context of other artwork and artists use safe and sustainable work practices.
Context of and specific resources for assessment	Assessment must ensure access to: a safe ceramics work space materials, tools and equipment used to produce ceramic work.
Method of assessment	A range of assessment methods should be used to assess practical skills and knowledge. The following examples are appropriate for this unit: • evaluation of ceramic technique within a body of work produced by the candidate • evaluation of processes used by the candidate to evolve and refine ceramic technique • evaluation of the work documentation • direct observation of work in progress, including exploration of, and experimentation with, techniques • questioning and discussion about candidate's intentions and the work outcome • review of portfolios of evidence • review of third-party reports from experienced practitioners. Assessment methods should closely reflect workplace demands (e.g. literacy) and the needs of particular groups (e.g. people with disabilities, and people who may have literacy or numeracy difficulties, such as speakers of languages other than English, remote communities and those with interrupted schooling).

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Guidance information	Holistic
for assessment	sector, w

Holistic assessment with other units relevant to the industry sector, workplace and job role is recommended, for example:

• CUVPRP501A Realise a body of creative work.

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Range Statement

The range statement relates to the unit of competency as a whole. It allows for different work environments and situations that may affect performance. Bold italicised wording, if used in the performance criteria, is detailed below. Essential operating conditions that may be present with training and assessment (depending on the work situation, needs of the candidate, accessibility of the item, and local industry and regional contexts) may also be included.

Ceramic techniques may include:

- applications of materials other than plaster to create moulds, templates and patterns
- applied and subtractive surface treatments, including:
 - engraving, carving, incising and piercing
 - glazing
 - sprigging, slip decoration and applied colour
- block and case moulds for casting production
- die making for extruders
- handbuilding techniques, including pinch, coil, slab construction and extrusions
- mould-making techniques
- mould and profile making for jigger jolley machine
- mould making for pressed tiles
- slip-casting techniques
- throwing techniques
- use of a variety of materials as supports, such as:
 - armatures
 - reinforcement
- use of the following tools and equipment:
 - kilns: gas, electric and raku
 - jigger jolley machine with associated fittings
 - ram press with associated fittings
 - rasps, chisels and saws for forming templates, models and moulds.

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Technical effects may	combination of clay bodies and other materials then offects and planting and planting to the combination of clay bodies.	
include:	•	other effects, such as laminated clay, including:
		laminated incompatible bodies
		two or more laminated compatible stained bodies
	•	surface treatments specific to ceramics, such as:
		 alternative non-ceramic surface finishes, such as wax, paint and patina
		 burnishing
	•	erosion techniques, including:
		 acid etching
		 sandblasting
		• water etching
	•	other surface applications, including:
		 fumed finishes from pit firing and post raku firing reduction
		• glazing
		 high-fire reduction finishes
		 masking techniques on green ware, biscuit ware and glost ware
		multiple layering of different surface treatments
		on-glaze enamels
		 reduced lustres
		 slip decorating, such as slip trail, sgraffito, inlay and paper resist
		• water erosion.
7411	1.	copyright
Intellectual property requirements may		design licensing regulations
relate to:		form of acknowledgement or credit
		moral rights
	 protocols for the adaptation of work by others 	
	•	trademarks.
Onnortunities may	•	architectural ceramics, including tiles, mosaics and murals
Opportunities may		ceramic installation, including use of fired and/or non-fired
		clay
	•	commercially viable (limited production) tableware, vessels and sculptures
	•	communication of ideas
	•	large scale sculptural work incorporating mixed media in constructions and assemblages
		large thrown, handbuilt or slipcast vessels or sculptural
		forms
		torms

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	personal affinity with particular techniques
	potential for combining techniques
	potential for interactions between technique and media
	• themes in work
	wearable objects.
Limitations and	availability of materials
constraints may relate	capacity of technique to deliver required effect
to:	• finances
	location and geography
	own interaction with technique
	• resources
	• time.
Refinement may relate	ability to use selected techniques with confidence
to:	ongoing demonstration of development of technique
	• use of selected techniques in a body of professional work.
Safe work practices	completing material safety data sheets (MSDS)
may include:	correct disposal of waste materials
	dust and fume extraction
	ergonomic safety
	managing risk
	reporting accidents and incidents
	safely using tools and equipment
	using clearly designated wet and dry areas
	using personal protective equipment (PPE).
Technical problems	• limitations of own technical skill required for:
may include:	 forming techniques
	 glaze application techniques
	 surface design and decorating techniques
	limited availability of space for:
	 displaying fired results
	 producing work, including making, glazing and firing
	 storing work in progress, whether damp or dry
	other limitations, such as:
	equipment and machinery breakdown, such as kiln
	element failure, faulty or broken equipment, and no fuel
	 limited kiln capacity to allow for work to be fired as required
	skills and knowledge required for selected firing processes
	 unavailability of kilns suitable for large work.

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Coherent body of ceramic work is:	•	conceptually resolved documented in terms of its development subject to critical feedback by others technically resolved thematically connected.
Ways in which technique may be further developed may include:	•	collaboration further study intensive workshops mentored guidance new projects.

Unit Sector(s)

Visual communication – ceramics

Custom Content Section

Not applicable.

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